The Leading Motor House of Asia:
BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY,
HORNBY ROAD, FORT,
BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

The World's Best Cycles and Motor Cars
can be obtained from
BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY,
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

VOL. 1 NO. 244 BOMBAY: MONDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1913 ONE ANNA

SHIPPING,

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES
FROM BOMBAY FOR
MARSEILLES & LONDON,
WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT
BRINDISI and MALTA.

BOMBAY to MARSEILLES in .... 13 days
BOMBAY to LONDON via MARSEILLES by rail in .... 14 ,,
BOMBAY to PLYMOUTH by sea in... 19 ,,
BOMBAY to LONDON by sea in ...... 20 ,,

The above mentioned improved transit will commence from the 1st January 1914.

Date of Sailing	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
20th Dec.	Salsette	6000	Mongolia ...	10000
27th ,,	Persia	8000	....	..
1914.				
3rd Jan.	Salsette	6000	Macedonia.....	10500
10th ,,	Delta	8000	....	..
17th ,,	Salsette	6000	Malwa........	11000
24th ,,	Arabia	8000	....	..
31st. ,,	Salsette	6000	Mooltan	10000
7th Feb.	Mantua	11000	....	..
14th ,,	Salsette	6000	Morea	11000
21st. ,,	Caledonia	8000	....	..
28th ,,	Maloja	12500	....	..
7th March.	Persia	8000	....	..
14th ,,	Salsette	6000	Marmora ...	10500
21st. ,,	Macedonia	10500	....	..
28th ,,	Salsette	6000	Moldavia....	10000
*1st April.	Himalaya	7000	....	..
4th ,,	Arabia	8000	....	..
11th ,,	Salsette	6000	Medina.......	12500
18th ,,	Mantua	11000	....	..
25th ,,	Salsette	6000	Mongolia..	10000
*29th ,,	Arcadia	7000	....	..
2nd May	Caledonia	8000	....	..
9th ,,	Salsette	6000	Malwa.........	11000
16th ,,	Persia	8000	....	..

All the above Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to connecting Steamers at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on the day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 p.m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail steamer.

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMERS.

The S. S. "HIMALAYA" 7,000 tons will leave Bombay at 2 p.m. on Wednesday, 1st April, 1914.

The S. S. "ARCADIA" 7,000 tons will leave Bombay at 4 p.m. on Wednesday, the 29th April, 1914, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES as follows.

	SINGLE. "A" rate	SINGLE. "B" rate.	RETURN. "A" rate	RETURN. "B" rate.
To MARSEILLES ...	Rs. 594	or Rs. 495	Rs. 891	or Rs. 742-8.
,, LONDON	,, 627	or Rs. 528	Rs. 940-8	or Rs. 792.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS CHINA, AUSTRALIA, and NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on WEDNESDAY, taking passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to,

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.
P. & O. S. N. Co., Bombay.

186

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

TO Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons	Arrival.	Departure.
Inaba Maru.	S. Tominaga.	6189	3rd. Dec.	12th. Dec
BombayMaru	Y. Tozawa.	4625	19th. Dec.	30th. Dec.
ColomboMaru	N.Kawashima	4709	28th. Dec.	9th. Jan.
KamakuraMar	T. Hori.	6126	11th. Jan.	23rd. Jan.
RangoonMaru	T. Date.	4936	25th. Jan.	6th. Feb
KawachiMaru	A.Christiansen	6163	8th. Feb.	20th. Feb.
Penang Maru	S. Murazumi	5500	22nd. Feb.	6th. Mar.
Inaba Maru	S. Tominaga.	6189	8th. Mar.	20th. Mar.
BombayMaru	Y. Tozawa.	4625	22nd. Mar.	3rd. Apr.
ColomboMaru	N.Kawashima	4709	5th. Apr.	17th. Apr.

For Freight apply to—
T. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager,
York Building,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

THE

Indian Newspaper Co.,

LIMITED,
MEDOWS STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

CHAIRMAN.
The Hon. Sir PHEROZSHAH MEHTA, K.C.I.E.

DIRECTORS.
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BHAISHANKER NANABHAI, Esq.

SHIPPING,

ELLERMAN'S CITY AND HALL LINES.

(JOINT SERVICE).

SPRING SAILINGS, 1914.

TO MARSEILLES & LIVERPOOL.

Steamers.		Tons.	Leave Bombay about.	Leave Karachi about.
City of Poona	A&C	7467	21st Jan......	....
City of Birmingham	A&C	7475*	23rd Feb......	21st Feb.....
City of Calcutta	A&C	7680*	12th Mar....	10th Mar..
Trafford Hall	A	5321	21st Mar ...	....
City of Manchester	A&C	5551	....	25th Mar...
City of Paris	A&C	9232*	13th April....	11th April..
City of Karachi	A&C	5566	....	22nd April
City of Lahore	A&C	6875	....	29th April..
City of Birmingham	A&C	7475	27th May ...	25th May .

*Calling at Bombay for passengers only.

Excepting the Trafford Hall all other steamers carry 1st and 2nd Class Passengers.

FARES.	1st, Class Single.	1st Class Return.	2nd Class Single.	2nd Class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles ..	578	891	429	649
London via Marseilles ..	653	1091	489	809
Liverpool ..	605	957	462	704
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool ..	....	999	......	737

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A and C Class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.

A and C Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Norddeutscher Lloyd and Cunard Lines.

Most of the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passage and full particulars apply to:—Bombay,—Messrs. Ed. Bates and Sons, Agency.

KILLICK NIXON & Co.,

Karachi: Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

FUNDS EXCEED..............£19,031,22
ANNUAL INCOME.............£7,139,550

FIRE, LIFE, MARINE, PROFITS AND MOTOR CAR INSURANCE.

Send for Prospectus and Particulars to:—

C. M. ROSS, Resident Secretary
Royal Insurance Buildings, BOMBAY.

Or T. H. MOORE & Co., Chief Agents,
Hummum St., Fort.
BOMBAY.

THE

DIAMOND JUBILEE WASHING COMPANY.

Cleaning, dyeing, and general laundry work have now become a science, and there are few firms in Bombay who realise this. We claim that we, at least, have kept pace with the times and with the assistance of our new electrical and steam cleaning plants, collar and shirt finishing machinery, electric and gas, irons, and finishing cones, we are enabled to satisfy the most fastidious taste. Try us and be convinced. Price lists on application.

SHOW ROOM
2-14, HAMAM STREET,
FORT, BOMBAY.

150

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY. LIMITED.

INTEND to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KARACHI.

WEEKLY FROM VICTORIA DOCK.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.	Route
LINGA,	2185,	Mon. 15th Dec.	11 a.m.	†I. D. & C. M.
DUMRA	1695	Th. 18th Dec.	9 a.m.	‡C. M.
LHASA	2184,	Fri. 19th Dec.	*6 a.m.	Direct

†Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie.
‡Cutch Mandvie.
*Or later on arrival of English mail steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.
(Weekly.)

S. S. "DUMRA" 1695 tons, on Thursday, 18th December, calling at Muscat, Bushire and Mahomerah.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS.
(Weekly.)

S. S. "BARALA" 3148 tons, on Thursday, the 18th December, calling at Verawal, Mongrol, Karachi, Pasni, Charbar, Muscat, Bunder Abbas Henjam, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busrah.

FOR SEYCHELLES EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.
(Fortnightly).

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Sailing on.
*PALAMCOTTA ...	3413	Thursday, 25th Dec.
†PURNEA	3306	,, 8th Jan.
*PENTAKOTA	3418	,, 22nd ,,
†LINDULA	3358	,, 5th Feb.

*Calls at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay, and Durban

†Calls at Lamoo, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

Passengers may book through to Cape Colony ports *transhipping at Durban to the steamers* of the Union Castle or other Line.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA.
(Direct.)

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents
Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier,
Bombay.

15th December, 1913.

BANKING,

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital ....£ 2,000,000
Paid-up Capital ....£ 1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,040,000

Head Office.
26, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Branches.

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombasa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisuma
Amritsar	Newera-Eliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer point)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin		
Cochin		

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One Year and *shorter periods at rates of interest* to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to *Rs.* 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE.

Payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS.

Are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Acting Manager.

Post Box 141.

X'MAS 1913

Orders are now being Registered
AT

FELICE CORNAGLIA,

Manufacturing Confectioner,
BOMBAY & POONA,
NEW PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

Telegrams "Cornaglia." Telephone No. 42.

BANKING.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

(ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1[illegible]5.)

Capital Authorised ....Rs. 20,00,[illegible]
Capital Issued ....Rs. 15,00,[illegible]
Capital Paid up ....Rs. 9,88,153
Reserve Fund (in Govt. Papers) Rs. 10,00,000

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.

Branches—

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozpore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyalpur, Ludihana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkote, and Srinagar.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS, and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected, and discounted.

For other particulars, and rules of business apply to:—

SRI RAM, B.A.,
Manager.

89, Apollo Street, Bombay.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE, APOLLO STREET.

Branches:—
Mumbadevi (Bombay), Ahmedabad and Gondal.

Authorised and Subscribed Capital, Rs. 1,00,00,000.

Interest on fixed deposits for 12 months 5 per cent p. a. Savings Bank 4 per cent. Current accounts on daily balances 3 per cent. at Bombay.

Rates for short deposits and information regarding terms of any other Banking business to be ascertained on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.

SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

The Bank receives Savings Deposits on the following terms:—

Interest is allowed at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum on the minimum balance, up to but not exceeding Rs. 3,000 at the credit of an account between the 6th and last business days of each calendar month.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and may be made payable to any one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Copies of the Rules are obtainable on application at the Bank 264-

Flooring Tiles, Marble Merchants and Contractors.

GAZDAR & Co.,

Sole Agents for the
HENRY RICHARDS TILE Co.,
28 CHURCH-GATE ST. Fort
BOMBAY.

Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Urina
Bath-room Fittings, etc., etc., etc.

Do you travel much? Any headaches? Slip a box of Stearns' Headache Cure in your pocket or travelling bag. Simple, easy to take but effective.

148

THE BURMAH OIL CO., LD.

◆

B. O. C. LAMP OILS.
B. O. C. PETROL.
B. O. C. MOTOR OILS.
AND GREASES.
B. O. C. CANDLES.

◆

Agents:—SHAW WALLACE & Co.,
TAJ BUILDINGS.
Wallace Street, BOMBAY.
TELEPHONE NO. 192.

YULETIDE CLAIM.

From this day and to the end of December, there will be a Discount of 20 per cent. or

Rupees 2 in every 10
,, 4 ,, ,, 20
,, 10 ,, ,, 50
,, 20 ,, ,, 100

off all Marcks' Jewellery, Watches, Silver, Electroplate and Solid Cut Glass purchased for cash.

The largest stock of desirable and most welcome Christmas and New Year Gifts in Bombay marked in plain figures.

MARCKS & Co., Ltd.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

Our I. C. O. brand

REFINED COTTONSEED OIL

is an excellent cooking and salad oil, safely taking the place of GHEE or BUTTER in a number of dainties.

INDIAN COTTON OIL Company, Limited.

HUMMUM St., FORT, BOMBAY.

MILD DINDIGUL CIGARS.

PERFECT HAND-MADE INDIAN SMOKES.

Dindigul Pearls with rings	per 50	Rs. 3—0
Dindigul Bouquets ,, ...	,, 50	,, 2-12
Dindigul Torches ,, ...	,, 50	,, 3—8
Dindigul Rocks ,, ...	,, 50	,, 2—8
Dindigul Pride, thin and long	,, 50	,, 2—0

Besides the above, good many other Brands in stock.
Price List on receipt of a Post-card.

Sole Agents in India, **D. Merwan & Co.,** 24 Medows Street, Fort.

Branch: 95, Hornby Road, opp. Cox & Co.
Also at DINSHAW MERWAN, opp. the Docks.

ALL INDIA UNITED INSURANCE Co.

LIMITED.

FIRE LIFE

CAPITAL Rs. 50,00,000.

Subscribed. Rs. 25,00,000 Paid up Capital, Rs. 5,00,000. Claims paid about Rs. 2,00,000 both Fire and Life.

Funds Invested in Government Securities.

Necessary security has been deposited with the Government of India under the New Insurance Act.

INFLUENTIAL AND EXPERIENCED AGENTS REQUIRED.

MESSRS. A. HUSEIN & CO., *SECRETARY.*

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS under the above heading are charged:-

	Rs.	a.
Per line	0	4
Minimum charge	1	0

CONTRACT RATES for three, six and twelve months can be had on application to THE MANAGER.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, Economics, Law and Banking. The Premier College in India: patronised by Princes, and recognised by other High Authorities. Best Examination results. 80, Esplanade Road. 332

GOKULDAS TEJPAL COMMERCE INSTITUTE teaches Book-keeping, Accountancy, Economies Law, Commercial, Accountancy, Economics, Law, Commercial ing. Admissions any time. Fees moderate. 0913

YOUR PIANO—Does it need tuning cr repairing? We place the services of thoroughly competent workman at your disposal. Our charges are moderate and whatever we do for your instrument is a guarantee it will be done as well as it is possible. MARCKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona, Agents for the World-known Bluthner Pianos.

FOR SPORTS WEAR. Unshrinkable Flannels, Coat Sweatrs in White and Colours, Fleece Ulsters, Wool Scarves, White Socks, Tennis Boots and Shoes in reliable qualities at moderate prices.

ASQUITH & LORD, LIMITED,
Opposite Clock Tower.
991

WANTED

CHAUFFEUR wanted for Rover Car. Must be careful driver and able to do ordinary repairs.
Address E. R. DANGERFIELD, Jhansi.

CAN any Lady recommend a good NURSE, European or Native to look after an infant on the voyage to England, sailing per P. and O. Mail, steamer on Saturday next the 20th instant. Mother accompanying infant but an invalid. Please communicate immediately to Box No. 168, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1027

EXPERT LADY STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST (British) required immediately for the "Lalimli" Mills, Cawnpore, Commencing salary Rs. 75 per mensem. Subsequent promotion according to qualifications. Free furnished quarters and medical attendance. Apply by letter only with full particulars to

THE CAWNPORE WOOLLEN
MILLS Co., LD.,...
Cawnpore.

GENTLEMAN, 33, well educated, strong in English, both writing and conversation, seeks EMPLOYMENT. Well born in a good family, has recently suffered heavy losses. Matric in 1901. Open to offer of work and pay. Has hitherto written several letters and articles for the Press. Is well read and has good general information. Address, Box No. 166, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 1016

PHOTOGRAPHY.—REQUIRED the services of an expert RETOUCHER, one able to finish. Apply VERNON'S STUDIO, Esplanade, Bombay. 1029

WANTED.—HALF TONE and line ETCHERS and a competent mounter. Good prospects. Apply stating terms to Box No. 161, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1003

WANTED A GOOD CHILDREN'S NURSE in the moffussil. Good salary. Apply with terms testimonials and photo (which will be returned) to Box No. 160, Advt Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1002

WANTED a PARTNER, to invest a capital of Rs. 5,000, to open an Office of Cotton, Cloth and other Piece-goods business. Great profitable business. Apply Box No. 101, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 0644

CHRIST CHURCH HIGH SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

THE post of 4th Asst. Mistress (Standard IV), will be vacant in January. Salary Rs. 60 rising to Rs. 80 in four years and furnished apartment.—Apply with copies of testimonials to the CHAPLAIN of Jubbulpur.

WANTED AMBITIOUS MEN

Desirous of qualifying themselves for good positions to read this carefully, as vacancies are constantly occurring for men in all professions.

We can prepare you in your own home, privately, in your spare time, at a reasonable coast, to obtain a well-paid position, improve your present position, or increase your salary. Your need not leave your present employment. Over 120 Courses taught in the following professions and trades:—

- Accountancy
- Advertising
- Agricultural
- AnalyticalChemistry
- Applied Art
- Business Training.
- Dairy Farming
- Engineering in all branches
- Mining
- Poultry Farming
- Salesmanship

Mention profession in which you are interested and writefor free prospectus to;—

THE REGISTRAR.

International Correspondence Schools
(of London), Dept. A-E 12.
11, Hamam Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

WANTED.

WANTED a TYPIST and a GENERAL CLERK. Apply in own handwriting to Box No. 169, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1028

WANTED at once for Officers' Mess, 2nd Royal Berkshire Regt., Jhansi, a first class Cook.
Applications to P.M.C.

WANTED for St. George's Hospital, a COMPOUNDER. Pay Rs. 25—2—35. Apply with the testimoniale to THE SURGEON SUPERINTENDENT, St. George's Hospital, Bombay.

WANTED immediately a Nursery Governess for boy of 6 years, European essential. State wages required and enclose references—Mrs. BEYTS, c/o. Cantonment Magistrate, Aurangabad, Deccan.

WANTED.—By a young French Lady, POST as NURSE—GOVERNESS in a family: Speaks English, and has excellent references. Apply Box. No. 164, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1009

WANTED Probationer Nurses. For Dr. MASINA'S HOSPITAL. Apply personally to MISS TINDALL MATRON & LADY SUPDT. c/o. Dr. Bradly St. John's Hospital Babula Tank Road. Between 9 & 10 a.m, (S.T.), daily. 0994

WANTED by an EUROPEAN firm of standing Salesmen for Pripriętary articles. None but experienced men need apply, stating qualifications and previous experience to Box No. 162, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1004

WANTED for the E. I. Railway Aided European Day School, Jamalpur, a trained Assistant Mistress for the lower standards. Salary Rs. 60 without quarters.—Apply to HONORARY SECRETARY, School Committee, Jamalpur, E. I. Railway.

WANTED.—house-keeper is required for King George's Hospital. Pay Rs. 70 to 120 per mensem. Board allowance at Rs. 34 per mensem, washing and clothing allowance at Rs. 8 per mensem, quarters free.

Applications to be forwarded to the LADY SUPERINTENDENT of Nurses, Lucknow.

WANTED for the Zenana Hospital, Dera Ismail Khan, a qualified female Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Hindu or Mohammedan, salary Rs. 70 p. m. with free quarters.—Apply with copies of testimonials to the DEPUTY COMMISSIONER, Dera Ismail Khan.

WANTED—A Sub-Assistant Surgeon for Kurwai Dispensary, C. I., at Rs. 65 rising to Rs. 75 per month by Rs. 2 annual increment.

Apply with copies of testimonials to the AGENCY SURGEON in Bhopal, Sehore, C. I.

WANTED.—INFLUENTIAL AGENTS at all, yet unrepresented stations on salary or liberal commission or both to popularise our provident Marriage Schemes App'y, Managing Agents. The City Insurance Society, Ltd., 7, Shallow Lane, Calcutta. 0639

WANTED A SITUATION by an experienced man in Pieces goods and cotton cloth firm. 3 years experience. Willing to accept any reasonable salary. Apply Box No. 102, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 0644

WANTED a qualification SALUTRI for service in the Savantvadi State for one year. Pay Rs. 20 per mensem. Apply with testimonials to

H. HARRISON, Major,
Political Agent, Savantvadi.

WANTED a EUROPEAN LADY to accompany a lady and infant to England on Saturday next the 20th instant, per P. and O. Mail. Must have entire charge of infant. Apply immediately stating terms to Box No. 167, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1027

WANTED as soon as possible at the Colvin High School, Mahmudabad, District Sitapur, Graduate able to teach English, History etc. Application with attested copies of testimonials, stating previous experience, should be sent to the INSPECTOR OF SCHOOLS, Lucknow. Salary Rs. 70 with provident fund benefits.

WANTED for the Station School, Ambala, from Feb. 1st, 1914, two trained and certificated Mistresses, one as Head Mistress on a salary of Rs. 110, and the other for Kindergarten and Standard I on a salary of Rs. 90.

In addition there are excellent Provident Funds inaugurated by Government.

Apply CHAPLAIN, Ambala.

WANTED competent MAN to take charge of Shift on Diesel Engine Driving Electrical Plant. Must have previous experience. Wages offered Rs. 100—150 p.m. according to qualifications. Apply with full information to

MANAGER,
Vizianagram Mining Co.,
Chipurupalle, Viz. District.

WANTED a HEAD DRAFTSMAN for the Agency Engineer Kathiawar's Office. Pay Rs. 60 to Rs. 80. Experienced and qualified persons only need apply. Applications, with particulars of qualifications, previous experience and age should reach the Undersigned before 31st December, 1913. The first six months' service will be on probation and will be confirmed on approval.

AGENCY ENGINEER,
Kathiawar, Rajkot.

FOR SALE:

FOR SALE.—CH. A. G. NIMAR, 13-3½ W.I.T.C., 8 years, ran prominently in good company a tPoona this year, one third and 2 fourths. Other performances see Calendar. Is now trained to stick and ball and playing in slow chukkers. Very promising, Rs. 1,600.

Capt. C. V. MARTIN, 29th Lancers,
Poona.

D. B. 10 bore PARADOX, H. and H., in case burns 8 drs. powder, Rs. 200.

D. B. h'less 16 bore Shot Gun, by C. Osborne, London, never used Cost £20 in case. Rs. 175.

Side-saddle, 21½ inch., by Amplett and Fulford, Rs. 50.

Apply to Major J. R. DARLEY, 119th Inf'y., Ahmednagar.

FOR SALE a single cylinder four seated DARRACQ CAR with spare parts in good order, price Rs. 1,000. Apply D. S. MACKENZIE, 10, Cantonments, Jubbulpore.

FOR SALE beautiful ENGLISH VIS-A-VIS and CANOE VICTORIA, recently imported, in very good condition. Apply NUSSERWANJEE LELINWALA, Gaiwady, Girgaum.

FOXHOUND FOR SALE 3 couple entered bitches, 2nd season, 3 couple puppies 7 months old.—For particulars apply Capt. WILSON, 7th Gurkhas. Master Quetta Hunt.

FOR SALE—30 H.-P. 6-Cylinder NAPIER imported second hand, seating six. Wire wheels, electric-lights, horns, self-starter. Overhauled. In excellent condition. For trial apply to Box No. 170, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1030

FOR SALE—or TO LET for the season March to October 1914. 5 bed rooms, large drawing room; overlooks club grounds, well situated.—For particulars apply to C. SKELTON, Jodhpur. "The KARUNDAS" Mount Abu.

FOR SALE.—KHUSHHARAM, liver Ch. Waler G., aged, I.P.A.C. Good, handy polo pony, believed sound, up to weight. Price Rs. 1,000.

Apply to F. M. DAVENPORT, Lieut., 43rd Light Infantry, Ahmednagar.

FOR SALE.—Westinghouse variable speed Motor, 15 Brake horse power 460 volts Direct current, suitable for Printing Press or Flour Mill. Price including Pulley and Rails, starter and speed regulator Rs. 700. Apply to, "Motor" Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

FOR SALE—A 20 H. P. 5 seated torpedo body Paige Motor Car, complete with all tools and accessories, 2 side and 1 tail lamp and 2 acetylene head lights, wind screen, hood, speedometer, spare wheel with tyre, etc. The car is in excellent order and was purchased in March 1913. All five tyres on car have been recently replaced and are brand new. Cost Rs. 4,500. Price Rs. 3,000.—For further particulars apply PRIVATE SECRETARY to H. H. Nawab of Sachin, Chawpatty, Bombay. 1033

MOTOR CARS SALE EXTRAORDINARY. WE HAVE pleasure in ANNOUNCING that we have a limited number of FORD touring cars, on hand which arrived in a soiled condition owing to damage by water. We have now settled this matter with the Insurance Co., and these cars have now been put in perfect condition and are in every respect the same as those we have in our regular stock. These cars are very latest model, 4 cyl. 20 H.-P., Ford touring complete with hood. Hood pocket. Windscreen. Side curtains. Speedometer, horn. 2 acetylene, head lamps with generator. Side and tail lamps. Tyre repair outfit. Tyre pump. Battery and magneto ignition, The price which we are prepared to offer these is Rs. 2,500, tested and in perfect running order. Interested parties should, however, apply quickly as we have only a limited number to offer. Apply sharp to

THE AMERICAN AUTOMOBILE CO.,
35—37, Medows Street,
1019 Bombay.

PROPERTY of P. WYNDHAM, I. C. S., Officiating Commissioner, Benares, for sale owing to transfer to hill station:—

One Belsize Motor Car 14/16,
Four-seated, 1903 ... Rs.1800
Four Ponies ... Rs. 900 to 350
Four Tumtums ... Rs. 300 to 100
Rifles and Guns.
Furniture (camp and house)
Pictures.
Una sailing boat (iron).

All are sold cheap to effect clearance and can be seen in Benares.

For list and particulars apply to P. WYNDHAM, I. C. S. Benares.

Please mark all communications 'Furniture' on the top left hand corner.

HOUSE, BAZAAR and DHOBIE ACCOUNT BOOK, *sixth edition revised*, for 12 months with Servants Diary, Wages Table, Household Hints, Cookery Notes and Will Form *by Gerald L. Chard*, price Rs. 1-8 from No. 13 Dept., Army Navy Stores, Fort, Bombay.

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13 ACRES of land fit for building bungalows has to be sold at Nasik in one lot or plots—A drive of 2 minutes from Station-parallel to the Road that leads into City. 18' well already dug. For further particulars apply to undersigned."

Messrs. THATTE BROS.
Post Dharavi,
1032 Sion, Bombay.

---

404 H. V. Cordite Magazine Rifle by Jeffreys in excellent order, 170 rounds of 404 ammunition, Kader combination electric night sight. Price Rs. 250 or reasonable offer.

Please apply to Lieut. J. S. DREW, 2nd Q. O. Cameron Highlanders, Bangalore.

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET 1st and 2nd Floors of "Bombay View" with spacious compound, opposite Colaba Station. Apply to R. S. MISTRY, No. 18, Juma Masjid.

TO BE LET.—Well situated and breezy FLAT in Sussex Road, Byculla next to Victoria Gardens. Modern sanitary arrangements. Rent moderate. Apply to Mr. PERRY on premises. 0926

TO BE LET at Mahableshwar JEEJEE LODGE (Hot season Rs. 1,200; Cold season Rs. 150 per month) and DHUN VILLA (Hot season Rs. 800; Cold season Rs. 100 per month). Apply Mrs. P. B. JEEJEEBHOY, Pedder Road, Bombay. 0711

TO LET—GROUND FLOOR of a spacious bungalow, at Club Road, furnished or unfurnished, occupied by a European for the last four years. Will be vacant on 31st January, 1914, as occupier goes home. Oil painted, bright and cool with garden. Apply No. 505, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

NOTICES.

PUNJAB LAWN TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP TOURNAMENT 1914.

THE PUNJAB LAWN TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP TOURNAMENT will be held at Lahore during the week commencing February 2nd, 1914. Entries close at 6 p.m. on Saturday, January 31st.

In addition to the Amateur Competitions, it has been decided to hold concurrently a Tournament open to the markers of all recognised Clubs. Two prizes will be offered, the first of Rs. 150, the second of Rs. 50.

A copy of the prospectus of the Tournament may be obtained from the Undersigned.

J. E. GATELY,
Hon. Sec., P. L. T. C. T.,
Punjab Club, Lahore.

TELEGRAPHISTS FOR BRITISH EAST AFRICA.

THERE are vacancies for experienced Telegraphists in the Post Office of the British East Africa and Uganda Protectorates Candidates should be not less than 21 or more than 30 years of age, and should be good writers and capable Morse Sounder Operators. The minimum qualification is the ability to send and receive telegrams at the rate of 16 words per minute and preference will be given to applicants who are capable of a higher rate of speed. A knowledge of Postal Work is desirable but not necessary.

The salaries paid will vary according to qualifications. For men with less than 5 years practical experience and having a manipulative ability of 16 words per minute the commencing salary offered is Rs. 80 per mensem. For telegraphists of longer experience and superior qualifications higher salaries are offered ranging in the case of specially expert operators who are also good writers and have a thorough knowledge of English up to Rs. 120 per month.

Quarters or allowances in lieu (Rs. 20 per month) are at present granted at certain of the smaller stations in East Africa but not at the principal settlements. In Uganda, quarters or allowances in lieu are generally provided and telegraphists serving in that Protectorate also receive local allowances varying from Rs. 10 to Rs. 30 per mensem according to station.

Selected candidates will be required to enter into a three years' agreement for service in the East Africa and Uganda Protectorates and to pay for an Insurance Company's Fidelity Guarantee costing Rs. 15 per annum. They will be granted double intermediate railway fare from their homes to Bombay and second class passages to British East Africa. Half salaries will be paid during the voyage and full pay from the date of arrival at Mombasa. Similar passage facilities back to India will be granted at the expiration of the agreement, or in the case of Telegraphists remaining in the service return ocean passages will be granted in addition to leave pay according to the regulations for the Subordinate Staff of the East Africa Protectorate.

Applications should be addressed to:—

Messrs. MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents in India for the
British Protectorates in Africa,
Nicol Road, Ballard Pier, Bombay.

RANGOON MUNICIPALITY.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of BUILDINGS SURVEYOR, in the Buildings Department of the Rangoon Municipality, on a salary of Rs. 300 rising by annual increments of Rs. 20 to Rs. 400 per mensem. The appointment will in the first instance, be on probation and temporary, but there is a reasonable prospect of it being made permanent if and when the regular incumbent of the post is confirmed in another appointment to which he has been appointed on one year's probation.

The applicants must submit with their applications copies of recent testimonials and must state their age, nationality, experience and present employment.

The duties will be practically those of an Assistant to the Buildings Engineer, and the work will consist of assisting in examining deposited plans of buildings with regard to stability and stating seriatim the requirements necessary to make them comply with Building Bye-laws; supervising the preparation of cases for the Municipal Prosecutor and attending Court; supervising works in progress and reporting on completion of works, etc., etc. Applicants must have a thorough knowledge of the theory and practice of building construction and must have had at least three years' practical experience and must hold the diploma of a Civil Engineer from a recognised Engineering College. Some knowledge of Architecture is also desirable.

Applicants must not be under 25 or over 35 years of age. The successful candidate will be required to produce a Medical Certificate of fitness from a Commissioned Medical Officer or a Medical Officer in charge of a Civil Station, and will be required to join at an early date.

If made permanent, the successful candidate will be required to subscribe towards the Municipal Provident, Fund, according to the Bye-laws in force from time to time. Leave and leave allowances will be granted in accordance with the rules in force for the Indian Services of Government. No exchange compensation or other allowances will be granted. Canvassing for the appointment, either directly or indirectly, will disqualify any candidate. The successful candidate will be paid travelling allowance at ordinary Government rates on first joining appointment. Applications will be received by the Undersigned up to the 18th December, 1913.

H. LAWRENCE PEARSON,
M. Inst. C.E., M.I.Mech. E.
Offg. Chief Engineer,
Rangoon Municipality.

26th September, 1913.

NOTICES.

INADMISSIBLE ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE MANAGER reserves the right to refuse any advertisement without assigning resasons for doing so.

NOTICE.

FOR SALE.—The following MACHINERY all of HOWARD and BULLOUGH'S make.
JAMES GREAVES MILL. 5 Slubbings (4 of 78 and 1 of 48 Spindles each.
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Can be seen at work by appointment.

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FIRST and SECOND CLASS TICKETS (third class for servants) issued for single and return journeys, with the usual free allowance of luggage. Single journey tickets available for two months, return tickets for eight months.

Break of journey at intermediate stations allowed.

For further particulars and tickets, apply to the undersigned.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
353 General Traffic Manager.

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Chairman:—The Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, J.P.
Manager:—Mr. K. Subramani Aiyar, B.A., J.P., F.S.A.A.
Consulting Actuary:—Mr. George King, F.F.A., F.I.A.

SHAREHOLDERS and POLICYHOLDERS are INFORMED that the Bombay Life Assurance Company, Limited (formerly called the Swadeshi Life Assurance Co., Ltd.), has never had any fixed deposits with Bankers and has suffered no loss on account of the recent failures, except a small balance on current account hardly Rs. 700 (seven hundred Rupees) in the Indian Specie Bank, Ltd., and its Branches.

LALUBHAI SAMALDAS,
Chairman.
K. SUBRAMANI AIYAR,
Manager.
Bombay, 12th December, 1913. 1025

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client has contracted to purchase the undermentioned property from Mr. DINSHAW COOVARJI PANDOLE of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant. All persons having any claim to the said property by way of inheritance, gift, lease, lien, maintenance, mortgage, charge, sale or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office in Alice Building, Hornby Road, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof. All other claims if any which are not so received will be considered as null and void and waived and the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claims.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Foras freehold land or ground together with the messuage tenement or building standing thereon situate lying and being at Sleater Road near the Grant Road Railway Station of the Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway containing by admeasurement eight hundred square yards or thereabouts bearing with the adjoining land Collector's Old Nos. 367, 483 Collector's New Nos. 13881-13999, Old Survey No. 157, New Survey No. 1/7040 and bounded on the North by a public passage and beyond that property of Rustomji Byramji Bhesania, on the South by the property of Kotewal's chawl on the East by the property of Ardeshir Bomanji Dubash and on the West by Dorabji Edalji Jamsina's alias Mithaiwalla's Agiari.

Dated this 13th day of December, 1913.

KANGA & SAYANI,
1031 Purchaser's Attorneys.

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA, RAILWAY.

Daily Express: Through service between Bombay, Delhi Ferozepore, Lahore Rawalpindi, and Peshawar.

Also additional Fast Passenger train between Bombay and Delhi.

DOWN. Fast Passenger. 1,2,3 H. M.	DOWN. Northern Express. 1,2,3 H. M.		Stations.		UP. Northern Express. 1,2,3, H. M.	UP. Fast Passenger 1,2,3, H. M.
21.45	21. 0	Dep:	Bombay (Colaba)	Arr:	8.50	6.55
3.20	20.37	Arr:	Muttra	Dep:	8.45	0.50
6.55	23.30	,,	Delhi	,,	6. 0	21.20
	5.48	,,	Bhatinda	,,	23.43	
	7.21	,,	Ferozepore Cantt	,,	22. 9	
	8.56	,,	Lahore Cantt: West	,,	20.32	
	11.17	,,	Wazirabad	,,	17.50	
	13.30	,,	Sialkot (change at Wazirabad)	,,	15.51	
	12.47	,,	Jhelum	,,	16.13	
	15.50	,,	Rawalpindi	,,	13.32	
	19.10	,,	Nowshera	,,	9.47	
	20.13	,,	Peshawar Cantt:	,,	8.48	

Also through 1st and 2nd class carriages between Bombay and Ambala via Saharanpur.

Down Northern Express. 1,2,3. H. M.		Stations.		Up Northern Express. 1,2,3. H. M.
21.00	Dep:	Bombay (Colaba)	Arr:	8.50
23.50	,,	Delhi	,,	4.35
1.23	Arr:	Meerut Cantt:	Dep:	2.11
3.27	,,	Saharanpur	,,	23. 5
5.10	,,	Ambala Cantt:	,,	21. 8

Note.—For timings of up trains read from bottom to top of column.

FREDERICK W. HANSON.
250 General Traffic Manager.

AUCTION SALE:

MENESSE & CO.,

No. 35, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF OLD STORES, SHIP'S FURNITURE, FITTINGS, BOATS, ETC., ETC.

Messrs. MENESSE & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th December, 1913, at 2 p.m. (S.T.), in the P. and O. S. N. Co.'s Dockyard, Mazagon:—

A quantity of old stores, ship's requisites, fittings, etc., consisting of old canvas, canvas cutting, old flags, old, ropes, brass, copper, lead, and wooden fittings, broken glass and crockeryware, boats, knives, leather belting, rubber cuttings, iron ware, a quantity of large wooden purchase blocks, 2 and 3 fold same with brass sheaves, large iron purchase blocks 3 and 4 fold, galvanized iron tanks fitted with brass cocks, one old piano and miscellaneous other articles.

Purchasers will have to pay whatever Customs duty, etc., that may be and clear the goods within ten days from the date of auction.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED LUGGAGE, PARCEL, ETC., AT THE G. I. P. RAILWAY, VICTORIA TERMINUS.

In accordance with Sections 55 and 56, of Railway Act IX of 1890, under instruction from the G. I. P. Railway Company, Messrs. MENESSE & Co., will sell by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the 27th December, 1913, at 2 p.m. (S.T.), at the abovenamed place.

A quantity of unclaimed goods, parcels, etc., etc.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises on FRIDAY, the 19th instant, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), the materials for removal of the following buildings:—

Building Street Nos. 505 to 509, Case No. 35, Dongri Street.

MENESSE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 15th December, 1913.

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Mr. ARTHUR. CANWORTH AND HIS BANJO.
A Wonder-Worker
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A film to make you sit up
KINGS OF THE FOREST.
In the wonderland of the jungle.

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Another of those funniosities.

And All The Usual Features.

6-30 : 8-30 : 10.

"IVANHOE"

Sir Walter Scott's Famous Novel filmed and thrown on the screen at

THE OLYMPIA PICTURE PALACE.

In Three Parts 3,500 feet.

To-night! Every night!!

OUR ANOTHER STAR FILM:
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2,000 feet.

Showing how a Stage Beauty ran away from her husband.

Saturday and Sunday Matinee with most valuable prizes. Box and First Class to make a cloice from the three article, *i.e.*, Embroidered Saree, Gold Watch Rich Woollen, cloth. Others usual.

Matinee from 5-15 to 6-45; and 7 to 8-30, 9 to 10-30, and 11 to 12-30 p.m. S. T.

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Time: 5 to 6-30, 7 to 8-30, 9 to 10-30
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We are also showing

Marabout Shooting in Abyssinia (*Coloured*)
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THREE Shows Nightly—7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11.
Saturday & Sunday, 11-15 to 12-15

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Thursday, 18th Dec. 1913
at 9-30 p. m.

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Vice-Patron and President :—His Excellency Rear-Admiral Richard Peirse, C. B., M. V. O., Commander-in-Chief of H. M.'s Naval Forces in the East Indies.

Vice-President :—The Hon'ble Mr. J. P. Orr, C.S.I., I.C.S.

SECOND CONCERT
Season 1913-14

at which His Excellency the Governor and Her Excellency Lady Willingdon have expressed their intention of being present.

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FAUST — Mr. G. W. Johnson.
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WAGNER — Mr. Edwin Gellett.
MEPHISTOPHELES — M. EUGEN OSSIPOFF.
(From the Grand Opera House, Moscow).

Orchestra .. H. E. the Governor's Band.
Conductor .. Edward Behr.

Reserved Seats—Rs. 4.
Unreserved Seats—Rs. 2.
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Theatre of Varieties

GAIETY THEATRE

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LA SCALA
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Commence your New Year with a good resolution.

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What a Game it is Wow Wow.

Plan of the Theatre is now open
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AN INDIAN PATRIOT
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WITH AN INTRODUCTION
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GUIDE TO THE FORMATION OF COMPANIES UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT VII OF 1913.
INCLUDING THE
Formalities to be observed by such Companies prior to the Allotment of Shares or Debentures, and the Commencement of Business;
also
The Conversion of a Public Company into a Private Company.
By
VERNON B. F. BAYLEY.
Solicitor and Notary Public Bombay, Joint Author of Russell and Bayley's "Indian Railways' Act, 1890" and Russell, Bayley and Bayley's "Indian Companies' Act, 1882."
Rs. 3.

The Guide will undoubtedly prove invaluable to the legal and commercial communities, and the author is to be congratulated upon the brevity and clearness of the Guide and the extreme simplicity of its arrangement: the Guide is as clear to the layman as it is to the lawyer, and probably no higher commendation could be accorded to a work upon a legal subject."

"Times of India."

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Exceptional opportunities offered to energetic men with spare time.

Full particulars on application to—

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The Bombay Chronicle.

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Address:—GRAHAM'S BUILDING,
PARSI BAZAR STREET,
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and at CALCUTTA, MADRAS and KARACHI.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

◆

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 13th December 1913, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The air is damper than usual. Day temperature is generally in defect.

The United Provinces.—Skies are moderately clouded at Allahabad and Cawnpore and clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in excess. Temperature has fallen but is still above normal at Mainpuri and Allahabad at night.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are generally clear. The air is damper than usual in lower Sind and east Rajputana. Day temperature is in slight defect in Rajputana; night temperature is in excess in upper Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Minimum temperature is in excess at Surat, Rajkot and Dwarka.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Temperature has fallen slightly but is still in excess in the southern and extreme eastern districts.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear at Bombay and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in excess. Maximum temperature is in defect at Ratnagiri and Mormugao.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear or very lightly clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Day temperature is in excess; night temperature is also above normal in the southern half of the division.

General Remarks.—No rainfall of importance has been reported.

A few showers are possible in the extreme south.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN
at 8 a. m. ON SATURDAY, the
13th of December 1913.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade.		Humidity.	Rainfall.		
	Maximum of past 24 hours.	Minimum of past 24 hours.	8 A.M.	Past 24 hours.	Total 1st Dec. to date.	Variation 1st Dec. to date.
PERSIAN-AREA—						
Bushire ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (12th) ..	67.3	51.5	75	..	3.59	1.13
Jask ..	82.8	67.3	69	..	0.77	—0.03
Do. (12th) ..	80.8	66.3	61	..	0.77	0.01
Muskat ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (12th) ..	83.3	73.1	74	..	0.00	—0.70
PUNJAB—						
Multan ..	70.3	48.5	86	..	0.08	—0.09
Rawalpindi ..	58.9	38.6	96	..	1.29	0.82
Lahore ..	64.1	44.2	97	..	0.28	0.14
Sirsa ..	68.3	44.0	84	..	0.65	0.55
Ambala ..	68.5	45.9	96	..	0.72	0.30
Delhi ..	66.0	47.3	96	..	0.48	0.23
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra ..	73.5	51.0	84	..	0.09	—0.05
Mainpuri ..	72.8	54.6	97	..	0.26	—0.01
Jhansi ..	78.6	52.5	76	..	0.37	0.16
Cawnpore ..	74.1	55.5	100	..	0.02	—0.35
Allahabad ..	77.1	57.0	88	0.06	0.68	0.26
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad ..	77.6	49.8	62	..	1.30	1.20
Karachi ..	82.5	60.5	78	..	0.17	0.09
Ajmer ..	71.1	49.0	93	..	2.34	2.03
Jaipore ..	74.2	48.1	77	..	0.86	0.64
Kotah ..	78.1	56.6	68	..	1.03	0.87
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj ..	85.0	55.5	63	..	0.03	—0.07
Dwarka ..	81.3	71.7	67	..	0.00	—0.03
Veraval ..	79.1	64.3	87	..	0.00	—0.34
Rajkot ..	84.1	61.8	96	..	0.00	—0.25
Bhavnagar Para ..	88.0	59.3	74	..	0.00	—0.20
Surat ..	84.4	64.1	90	..	0.00	—0.13
Ahmedabad ..	84.6	60.2	52	..	0.00	—0.19
Deesa ..	84.3	50.4	59	..	0.01	—0.14
Neemuch ..	76.9	47.0	76	..	0.04	—0.17
Indore ..	80.1	51.1	54	..	0.20	—0.20
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore ..	79.3	56.3	84	0.02	0.94	0.45
Saugor ..	76.8	53.1	76	0.06	0.81	0.29
Hoshangabad ..	83.6	51.9	69	..	0.77	0.25
Khandwa ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Akola ..	86.2	58.0	59	..	0.49	—0.07
Amraoti ..	84.8	61.3	62	..	1.31	0.66
Nagpur ..	85.6	59.3	57	..	0.85	0.00
Chanda ..	87.5	59.5	80	..	0.37	—0.44
Raipur ..	82.7	62.6	81	..	1.26	0.74
KONKAN—						
Bombay ..	82.7	71.3	83	..	..	—0.38
Ratnagiri ..	83.3	69.9	75	..	..	—0.47
Mormugao ..	82.0	70.7	92	..	..	—1.05
Karwar ..	86.2	65.5	97	..	..	—1.71
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon ..	88.9	55.6	65	..	0.08	—0.35
Ahmednagar ..	88.1	53.0	64	..	0.16	—0.68
Poona ..	88.0	56.3	85	..	..	—0.88
Sholapur ..	89.3	60.1	53	..	0.01	—1.12
Bijapur ..	88.2	63.8	49	..	0.24	—0.77
Belgaum ..	84.3	56.5	58	..	0.82	—0.78
Aurangabad ..	86.9	55.5	60	..	0.00	—0.66
Nizamabad (Indur).	89.4	59.7	59	..	0.02	—0.64
Hyderabad ..	88.3	65.2	68	..	0.00	—0.93
MALABAR COAST AND CEYLON—						
Mangalore ..	89.3	68.3	67	..	0.93	—2.04
Calicut ..	87.3	68.1	76	..	4.67	—0.46
Cochin ..	88.7	69.7	77	..	4.41	—2.81
Colombo ..	79.5	72.5	86	0.22	21.71	7.05
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masilpatam ..	77.3	65.2	80	..	..	—5.62
Bellary ..	90.0	63.3	51	..	0.04	—2.03
Cuddapah ..	85.5	62.5	84	..	3.09	—0.58
Madras ..	83.5	69.3	81	..	25.80	9.96
Bangalore ..	82.3	56.8	74	..	0.30	—2.77
Coimbator ..	84.4	58.8	75	..	4.50	0.82
Trichinopoly ..	83.6	69.3	80	..	8.27	2.36
Negapatam ..	80.7	70.7	84	..	49.21	29.02

After the stress and worry of a busy day at the office take a dose of Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Extract. It in fuses a new strength and energy.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

◆

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA,
BOMBAY 12th December 1913.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m. 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr	inches.	29.900
Temperature of Air	degrees.	76.8
Wet Bulb Thermometer	„ ..	71.7
Dew Point	„ ..	69.5
Relative humidity of Air	„ ..	0.786
Extent of couldy sky (the whole sky cloudy10)		1.0
Maximum temperature of Air ..	.. degrees.	82.7
Manimum do. do. ..	„	71.3
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight		NNW, N, ENE, NW, NNW
Movement of Wind ..	do.	155

STANDARD BAROMETER READING

◆

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may, by comparison with a standard instrument, ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F., and to the level of the tide at 8 45 a.m., Standard Time on the 13th December, was 30.119 inches For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometers of ships the reading of the ship's barometer as to be increased or decreased by .013 inch for every 5 degrees, according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80° F. all aneroid readings should be increased by 138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid, for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the streaw at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of to height, to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

SUN, MOON & TIDES AT BOMBAY.

◆

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Meantime. Depth of water is at Prince's Dock Sill.

1913	High Water		
Day of week	Day of month	Bombay Mean Time	Depth on sill.
	December	h m.	ft. in.
Mon.	15	m 11 58	26 5
		m 1 1	29 6
Tues.	16	0 41 a	26 4
		m 1 40	29 3
Wed.	17	1 29 a	26 1
		m 2 21	28 10
Thurs.	18	2 23 a	25 9
		m 3 5	28 3
Fri.	19	3 24 a	25 4

1913	Low Water		
Day of week.	Day of month.	Bombay Mean Time	Depth on sill
	December	h. m.	ft. in.
Mon	15	m 7 2	19 8
		6 34 a	15 0
Tues.	16	m 7 43	19 6
		7 17 a	15 4
Wed.	17	m 8 28	19 5
		8 4 a	16 0
Thurs.	18	m 4 20	19 4
		4 3 a	17 0
Fri	19	m 9 21	19 1
		8 57 a	18 3

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuin week:—

December.	Sunrise.	Sunset
15. (Mon.)	7h. 4m.	6h. 4m.
16. (Tues.)	7h. 4m.	6h. 4m.
17 (Wed.)	7h. 5 m.	6h. 5m.
18. (Thurs.)	7h. 5 m.	6h. 5m.
19. (Fri.)	7h. 6m.	6h. 5.

PHASES OF THE MOON :—

Full Moon.	Dec.	13th	8h 30.3m.	P.M.
Last Quarter.	Do.	20th	9h 45.6m	P.M.
New Moon.	Do.	27th	8h 28.7m	P.M.
First Quarter	Jan.	4th	6h 39.1m	P.M.

One Jogesh Chandra Das Gupta clerk in the Goalundo mixed steamer of I. G. S. N. and Co. stands charged of trespassing into the waiting room of the native females at the Narayanganj Railway Station, when a Sub-Inspector's wife and a daughter of a Brahmin were in that room. The allegation against him is that the accused in the disguise of a woman entered the room stealthily, and dimmed the light. The wife of the Sub-Inspector interrogated him in various ways, but the accused maintained perfect silence all along, this roused her suspicion, and she raised a cry of alarm, which drew the attention of some people and the Railway constables. The accused at an opportunity made good his escape and afterwards was arrested and identified by both the females who were the only occupants of the room. The accused was put up bef re the Sub-Divisional Officer, who has remanded him to Hajat.

SHIPPING.

◆

ARRIVALS.

December 13th.

S.S. Konig	Coltzan	Darasalam Nov. 30
S.S. Lhasa	Cutbush	Karachi Dec. 11
S.S. Barala	Milne	Busreh Dec. 2

DEPARTURES.

December 13th.

S.S. Inaba Maru	Tominaga	Kobe etc.
S.S. Hild	Salvasen	Bangkok
S.S. Caledonia	Dowell	London
S.S. Homayun	Hannah	Jeddah
S.S. Olympia	Kinnard	Marseilles and Liverpool
S.S. Nairung	Nicoll	Calcutta
S.S. Stephnotis	Goodridge	do.
S.S. Lindula	Handcock	Zanzibar

The following vessels began to load on Saturday.

Steamer	•Dumra	for Persian Gulf
„	Persia	for London
„	Konig	for Zanzibar

• To Arrive

S. S. Konig.—The German East Africa Line steamer Konig, 3072 tons, Captain J. Coltzan, arrived in harbour on Saturday, from Darasalam, which port she had left on November 30, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Lhasa.—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Lhasa, 949 tons, Captain H. M. Cutbush, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Karachi, which port she had left on December 11, with mail, a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Barala.—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Barala, 1899 tons, Captain R. A. Milne, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Busreh, which port she had left on December 2, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Inaba Maru.—The Japan Line steamer Inaba Maru, 3837 tons, Captain S. Tominaga, sailed on Saturday for Kobe etc., with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Hild.—The steamer Hild, 719 tons, Captain J. Salvasen, sailed on Saturday for Bangkok, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Caledonia.—The P. and O. S. N. Company's steamer Caledonia, 3429 tons, Captain E. R. Dowell, sailed on Saturday for London, with mail, general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Homayun.—The B. and P. S. N. Company's steamer Homayun, 2154 tons, Captain J. Hannah, sailed on Saturday for Jeddah, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Olympia.—The Anchor Line steamer Olympia, 3269 tons, Captain J. Kinnard, sailed on Saturday for Marseilles and Liverpool, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Nairung.—The Asiatic Company's steamer Nairung, 2861 tons, Captain A. Nicoll, sailed on Saturday for Calcutta, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Stephnotis.—The steamer Stephnotis, 2589 tons, Captain R. A. Goodridge, sailed on Saturday for Calcutta, with ballast.

S. S. Lindula.—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Lindula, 2183 tons, Captain R. W. Handcock, sailed on Saturday for Zanzibar, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Penang Maru.—The Penang Maru left Singapore for Hongkong on the 12th instant.

SATURDAY December 13th, 1913.

P. DOCK.

Shed Steamer	Capt	Agents
A Rinalds	Chilton	J. F. & Co.
B. City of Norwich	McMillan	K. N. & Co
C. & R. Ockenfels	Kneppe	W. & A. G. & Co.
D. & E. Attila	Bestoll	A. L. S. N & Co
D. & E. Seistan	Forbes	M. M. & Co
F. Norfolk	Bulkey	W. & A. G. & Co
G. Mansuri	Gore	T. M. & Co
M. India	Talbot	P. & C. S. N. Co
M. Salsetta	Vine	P. & O. S. N. & Co
N. Saint Feelans	Sutherland	D. N & Sons
P. Braunfels	Oltmann	W. & A. G. & Co

V. DOCK.

1. Zoarastrian	Osborne	C. B. & Co
3. Imani	Lyons	T. M. & Co
4. Persepolis	Sachir	D. N. & Sons
5 Firenze	Merts	Rubattino Line
6. Subadar	Crebbin	T. M. & Co.
7. Cliftonian	Jones	W. & A. G. & Co
8. Habsburg	Seberich	A. L. S. N. & Co
9. Trafford Hall	ain	K. N. & Co.
13 Egypt	Summers	P & O, S. & Co
14 Lhasa	Cutbush	M. M. & Co.
16. Lawoe	Coates	Arab Steame

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Athamas	Zarbles	F. N. & Co
Alberto Treves	Questo	T. M. & Co
Alfeld	Fisher	T. M. & Co
Baron Fairlie	Foley	W. & A. G & Co
Birkenfels	Marliar	[illegible] & Ca
Barala	Milne	M. M. & Co.
Gymeric	Osborn	W. & O. Z. & Co
Hoseinee	F[illegible]	T. M. & Co
Homayun	Hannah	T. M. & Co
Inverness	Venus	W. & A. G. & Co
Indo Maru	Komiya	N. Y. K.
Kanzler	Smith	D. M. Khandwant
Khosrou	Hannan	T. M. & Co
Kankuk	Hallinstead	S. G. & Co
Konig	Coltzan	A. Strandes & Co
Linga	Manley	M. M. & Co.
Orangemoor	Moffett	W & A. G. & Co
Onda	Pittam	M. M. & Co
Ormidala	Thomson	W. & A. G. & Co
Pundra	Handcock	M. M. & Co
Trantenfels	Metz	W. & A. G. & Co

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

◆

Regimental Orders By The Hon. Colonel R.W.L. Dunlop, C.I.E., V.D. Commanding.
15th December 1913.

1369. The 5th Class of Instruction in First Aid will be held at Head-Quarters to-day Monday the 15th Instant at 7 p.m.

1370. *Bugle Practice.*—There will be a bugle practice to-day Monday the 15th Instant at the Bombay Education Society's School, Byculla at 6 p.m.

1371. *Machine Gun.*—The "A" Company Machine Gun Squad will parade on Tuesday the 16th Instant at 7-30 a.m. at Head-Quarters.

II.—The 2nd Machine Gun Section of "G" Company will parade under Sergt. A.R.S. Hayne, at Head-Quarters on Tuesday the 16th Instant at 6-45 p.m.

1372. *Parade.*—Wednesday the 17th Inst.- Commanding Officer's Parade. Fall in at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 6 p.m. Dress.-Drill Order, Uniform, Shorts with Caps.

Subject.—Fire Discipline and Control.

1374. *Proficiency Class.*—A Proficiency Class will commence shortly. Those wishing to appear this season should submit their names to the Adjutant as early as possible.

1374. *Camp of Instruction.*—It is notified for information that the Annual Training Camp will be held at Santa Cruz from 31st January to 7th February 1914.

1375. *Musketry.*—The Range at Ghat Koppar is allotted for Class Firing as follows:—Members firing Parts I & II must bring their boyonets.

"A" Coy. on 16th Inst.
"D" Coy. on 18th Inst.
"E" Coy. on 21st Inst.

(Sd.) F. H. James, Captain,
Adjutant Bombay Vol. Rifles.

COMMERCIAL.

◆

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

THE MONEY MARKET.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Dec. 12.

Consols 2½ %	71 15-16—1-16
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs	25·32plus½
Rentes 3 %	86½plus1-4
Berlin Cheques on London ..	20·48½unchgd.
Bar Silver Spot	26 13-16plus1-16
„ 2 months hence ..	26 7-8plus1-16

Closing Tone of silver:—Rise caused by India and China buying

Rupee Paper 3½ % ..	63 13-16unchgd.
Exchange on India 30 d-st. (Bank buying Rate)	1-3 7-8 unchgd.
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 % since 2nd Oct.1913.	
Amount Withdrawn from the Bank of England about £ ...	175,000
3½ % India Stock (Sterling Loan)	86 unchgd.
Discount Bank Bills 3 m-st ..	4 13-16 unchgd.
„ Indian Bank Bills 6m-st.	4 7-16unchgd.
„ Fine Trade Bills 3 months	5 3-8unchgd
„ Fine Trade Bills 6 months	5 3-8 „
Bar Gold (per oz.)	77—9.
Interest day to day loans	4 3-8 unchgd.
Interest 7 day market loans	4⅜ plus⅛

Council Bills—Extra allotments—

Transfers on Bombay Rs. 7,50,000 @ ¼ ⅛.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

◆

LONDON Dec. 12

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports ..	49,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain ..	9,000
Day's Exports to Continent.. ..	56,000
Futures at New York March.	13-11plus14
Futures at New York May. ..	13-05plus15

Declined early owing to Longs unloading and Advanced later on Bullish Government condition Report.

Spot Cotton at New York	13-40 unchgd.
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	13 1-8 unchgd.
Tone of Spot Cotton :—Quiet.	
Futures at New Orleans March. (received mutilated) 13-38 plus 19	
Futures atNew Orleans May. (received mutilated) 13.45 plus 20	
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	9 5-8 —1-8
Demand Bills	4·85½plus⅛
Silver Commercial Bars ..	58plus⅛

	Bales.
Week's Receipts of Cotton at U. S. Ports	293,000
Week's Exports to Great Britain ..	92,000
Week's Exports to France and Continent	202,000
Week's Exports to Japan	17,000
Stock of Cotton at U.S. Ports ..	997,000
Stock of Cotton at Interior Ports ..	871,000

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

◆

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON Dec. 12.

	£
Silver to Bombay	10,000
Gold Bar to Bombay	180,000
Gold Coin to Bombay	20,000

BUREAN REPORT.

Washington December 12

The United States Department of Agriculture in its monthly Report states the Estimated Crop at 13,677,000 Bales, Excluding Linters.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

◆

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 12.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	14,000
Total Day's Sales on Spec. & for Exp	3,000
Total Day's Sales of East Indian	100
Total Day's Imports	53,000

Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot:—Good business done. Steady

Tone of Liverpool Cotton Futures:—Firm.

Tone of Manchester Market:—More Business doing

Mid. Americans	7.26 plus 2
Egyptian F.G.F.	10.05 unchgd.

New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time). March 12.95—2
May 12.87—3
New York Official noon call March12.91—6
May 12.84—6
New Orleans 10 a.m. March 13.16—3
May 13.23—2

CLOSING PRICES.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 12

Months.			
D. J.	..	7.02	plus 10
J. F.	..	7.01	„ 9
F. M.	..	7.02	„ 10
M. A.	..	7.03	„ 10
A. M.	..	7.02	„ 9
M. J.	..	7.02	„ 10
J. J.	..	6.99	„ 10
J. A.	..	6.96	„ 9
A. S.	..	6.82	„ 8
S. O.	..	6.58	„ 6

LIVERPOOL COTTON GOODS.

◆

(Reuter's Telegram.)

Grey Shirtings 39" by 37½-38 yards 16 by 12—8lbs. Red Heading.	7-8½
Grey Shirtings 44" by 39 yards 14 by 13—8lbs.	8-5
White Nainsooks 28" by 18 yards 16 by 13 to 16—15 Range	2-11
„ Mulls 28" by 18 yards 14 by 12 Green Ends	2-1½
White Shirtings 32-33" by 42 yards Liepmans No. 1500	
Cloth Gunnis's 36" G. 20 cif	13-7½
40's Bannermills Twist	11¾
Geo. Mayalls Yarns	11⅛
F.G.F. Tinnivelly cif Liverpool ..	65-16
Buye rsor sellers..	value.
Months..	December.
Water Twist American 30's	10⅝
„ „ „ 40's	11¾
Mule „ „ 40's	11¼
„ „ „ 50's	13
„ „ „ 60's	15¼
„ „ Egyptian 40's	17⅛
„ „ „ 50's	17⅝
„ „ „ 60's	18⅝

Tone "Dhooties" and "Shirthings". Steadier and biz doing	
Tone "Cloths". Steady Moderate biz	
Weft American 54's	12
„ Egyptian 80's	18⅜
„ "Yarns"	Quiet
Tone Egyptian 32's	13
Weft. 32's W.T.C.	10½
Twist 32's B.	10⅝
„ 36's W.T.C.	10¾
„ 36's B.	10⅞
„ 42's	11⅞
„ American 60's	16½
„ Egyptian 60's	17½
„ „ 80's	21½

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS.

◆

London, Dec 12.

	Bales.
Total Actual Export	10,000
Total Forwarded	98,000
Total Imports..	145,000
Total Stock	808,000
Stock of Cotton in London :—	7,240
Coconada Fair Red 5 21-32	Cif London
Coconada Ginned unquoted	„
Western Good 5 29-32	„

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

◆

Good Bengal M. G.	5 9-16d.
F. G. „ „	5 11.16d.
Fine „ „	5 13-16d.
Good Bhownuggur	6 3-16d.
F. G. „	6 5-16d.
Fine „	6 7-16d.
Fine M. G. Bhownuggur	6 7-16d.
Good Oomra M. G.	6 5-16d.
F. G. „ „	6 3-8d.
Fine „ „	6 1-2d.
Good M. G. Oomra	6 1-4d.
Fine M. G. Oomra	6 1-2d.
Good Broach	6 9-16d.
F. G. „	6 23-32d.
Fine „	6 7-8d.
Stock of Cotton in London	——
Good Khandeish	6 1-8d
F. G. „	6 1-4d

THE MONEY MARKET.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON Dec. 13

Consols 2½ %	71⅞—1.16
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs unchanged	25.32
Rentes 3 %	86—¼
Berlin Cheques on London ..	20.49plus ½
Bar Silver Spot unchanged	26 13.16
„ 2 months hence unchanged	26⅞
Closing Tone of silver :—	Quiet steady
Rupee Paper 3½ % unchanged ..	63 13.16
Exchange on India 30 d-st. (Bank buying Rate) unchanged	1.3⅞
Discount, Bank of England Rate . ..	5
3½ % India Stock (Sterling Loan) unchgd	86
Discount Bank Bills 3 m-st unchanged	4 13.16
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m-st. unchgd	47-16
Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 months unchgd	5⅜
Discount Fine Trade Bills 6 months unchgd	5⅜
Bar Gold (per oz.)	77.9
Interest day to day loans unchanged	4⅜
Interest 7 day market loans unchanged % since 2nd Oct. 1913.	4⅜

On 21st November, The Bank of England issued the following notice :—"£30,000 has been set aside on account Crown Agents for the Colonies and Straits Settlements Note Guarantee Fund (Gold portion)"

AMERICAN MARKETS.

◆

(Reuter's Telegram.)

NEW YORK Dec. 13th

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports ..	56,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain ..	33,000
Day's Exports to Continent . ..	35,000
Futures at New York March ..	12.88—23
Futures at New York May	12.84—21

Declined owing to unfavourable cables and southern selling of Futures in the Local Market.

Sopt Cotton at New York	13.25—15
„ „ „ Orleans unchanged	13 1.8
Tone of Spot Cotton :—	Quiet
Futures at New Orleans March ..	13.17—21
Futures at New Orleans May ..	13.24—21
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) unchgd	9⅝
Demand Bills	4.85¼plus ⅛
Silver Commercial Bars unchanged	58

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

◆

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LIVERPOOL Dec, 13

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ..	5,000
„ „ Sales on Spec. & for Exp	500
„ „ Imports..	30,000

Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot :—Quiet steady

Tone of Liverpool Cotton Futures Barely steady

Mid. Americans	7.33plus 7d
Egyptian F.G.F. unchanged ..	10.05d

CLOSING PRICES.

D. J.	..	6.99—3
J. F.	..	6.99—2
F. M.	..	7.00—2
M. A.	..	7.01—2
A. M.	..	7.00—2
M. J.	..	6.99—3
J. J.	..	6.96—3
J. A.	..	6.93—3
A. S.	..	6.78—4

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

◆

LONDON Dec. 13th

	Bales.
Total in Sight	8,450,000
Egyptain Visable Supply	505,000
East Indian „ „	182,000
American „ „	4,185,000
Other „ „	153,000
Total Sales	71,000
East Indian Sales	400
Total Speculation	10,000
Total Export	1,000
East Indian Stock	12,000
„ „ Forwarded ..	400
„ „ Speculation ..	200
American Afloat mutilated	90,000
East Indian Afloat mutilated ..	49,000
Total Afloat mutilated	419,000

MANCHESTER.

LONDON Dec. 13.

Grey Shirtings 41-42-in. 38 yards, 16 by 15	8.11
Grey Shirtings 44-in. 38-38½ yards 9lbs.	9.4½
White Shirtings 40-41-in 40 yards 18 square	10.7½
White Nainsooks 43-in. 19 yards, 22 by 21	6.11

MISCELLANEOUS MARKET REPORT.

◆

(Reuter's Telegram.)

DECEMBER 12

WHEAT.

Australian Wheat unchanged.	
Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F Dec.-Jan. ; London, Done and sellers	37⅝plus⅛
F.A.Q. Red Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F. Nominal. Quiet.	

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore 416lbs. 85 % ex-Ship Dec.-Jan. ; Antwerp sellers unchanged	53
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, 416lbs. ex-Ship. Nominal.	
Rapeseed, Brown, 416lbs. ex-Ship Dec. Jan. ; Antwerp sellers firm	48½—¼
Linseed Bombay per 416lbs. ex-Ship Jan.-Feb. ; Dunkirk, Done, Quiet	48¼—¼
Linseed Calcutta Dec.-Jan. ; London, Done, Quiet	47—3d
Linseed Argentine (La Plata) Jan.-Feb. Dunkirk, Done, Quiet	44⅝—⅜
Bombay Cottonseed Dec.-Jan. ; Hull Done Easier	6-13-6—6d

METALS.

Standard Copper G.M.B.	£ 65⅜—⅜
Copper Braziers unchanged	£ 81¼
Yellow Metal unchanged	7
Bar Iron, Belgian No. 2 ordinary Sizes F.O.B. Antwerp	4-12-6
Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4 % F.O.B. Liverpool	11- 0-0
Basic Steel Bars, Belgian C.I.F. India	5- 7-9

FREIGHT.

Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay Canal. value	12

SUGAR.

German granulated Sugar C. & F. India (Double bags) sellers Jan.-March ; Easier little doing	12-6—¾
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C. & F. India sellers Jan.-March ; neglected	11-9— ¾
German Beet-root 88 % sellers December unchanged	9-0½
German Beet-root 88 % sellers May. ;	9-5¼—¼
Opened quiet, Closed steady.	
E.A.R. & Similar Crystals C. & F. India sellers Jan.-March ; Quiet, Prices rather lower	13-2¼—¾
Mauritius Crystals C. & F. Calcutta December value	11-1½—2¼
Mauritius Crystals C. & F. Bombay December value dull	10-10½—3d
Raw Java Nos. 16.18 C. & F. Calcutta Dec. ; value unchanged.	11-3
Raw Java Nos. 16.18 C. & F. Calcutta Jan.-March ; value unchanged	11-6
Raw Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi Dec. ; value unchanged	11-4½
Raw Java, C. &F Bombay and Karachi Jan.-March ; value unchanged.	11-7½
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Dec. value unchanged	12-3
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Jan. March ; value	12-3—3d
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi Dec.-value unchanged	12-4 ½
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi Jan.-March ; value	12-4½
Market remains idle.	

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Dec.-Jan. ; sellers quiet but steady	3-0¼ plus ¼

DECEMBER 13

WHEAT.

Australian Wheat Jan.-Feb. ; sellers	35¾
Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs.C.I.F. Dec.-Jan. ; London value unchanged	37⅛
F.A.Q. Red Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F. Nominal Quiet.	

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore 416lbs. 85 % ex-Ship Dec.-Jan. ; Antwerp sellers unchanged	53
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, 416lbs. ex-Ship nominal.	
Rapeseed, Brown, 416lbs. ex-Ship Dec. Jan. ; Antwerp sellers steady unchgd	48½
Linseed Bombay per 416lbs. ex-Ship Jan.-Feb. ; Dunkirk Done and Buyers. Unchanged firm	48¼
Calcutta Linseed Dec.-Jan. ; London, value-firm	47-1½plus 1½
Linseed Argentine (La Plata) Jan.-Feb. Antwerp done firm	44⅝plus ⅛
Bombay Cottonseed Dec.-Jan. ; Hull nearest value Quiet unchanged	6-13-6

SUGAR.

German granulated Sugar C. & F. India (Double bags) sellers Jan.-March ; Steady but not much doing unchangd	12-3
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C. & F. India sellers Jan.-March ; very quiet unch.	11-9
German Beet-root 88 % sellers December unchanged	9-0½
German Beet-root 88 % sellers May. ;	9-5¾pl. ½
Steady moderate Biz.	
E.A.R. & Similar Crystals C. & F. India sellers Jan.-March ; Quiet at previous quotations unchanged	13-2¼
Mauritius Crystals C. & F. Calcutta December value unchanged	11-1½
Mauritius Crystals C. & F. Bombay December value unchanged	10-10½
Java Sugar unchanged.	

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Dec.-Jan. ; sellers unchanged	3-0¼

BOMBAY MARKETS.

◆

(From our Correspondents.)

Dec. 13.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	*Rs.*	*From*	*Bank.*
78 bars Siloer	1,50,000	London	International
38	75,000	.,	Hong Kong

EXCHANGE.

The Market continues steady and rates are almost unchanged. Being mail day there has been little fresh business doing.

We quote:—

	s.	d.
Banks selling—		
T. T. ready ..	1-4	1-16
D. D mail	1-4	3-32
T. T. forward, Jan ...	1-4	3-32
Banks buying—		
Private D. D. ready ...	1-4	5·32
Credits 3 m-s ready ...	1-4	3-8
„ „ forward, Mar.	1-4	5-16
.. „ 6 m-s ready ...	1-4	9·16
Francs 3 m-s ready ...		172
Marks „ „ ...		140
60 dys Hongkong ...		142¾
„ „ Shanghai ...		193
„ „ Japan		147 ¾

BULLION.

Bar Silver in London was quoted 1/16 higher both for ready and forward, the rates being 26 13/16 and 26 7/8, respectively Locally the Market has been easier during the day and declined 3 annas from the opening rate for the settlement. Closing prices are as under.

We quote :—	Rs.	a.	p.
English bar gold	23	15	6
Australian bar gold	23	15	0
Sovereigns	15	0	0
Silver (cum duty) ready...........	77	3	0
„ „ 1st Settlement ..	77	3	0
„ „ 2nd „ ..	77	4	0

Exports of Bar Silver from Bombay by Rail on 10th December 1913.

	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway	86	93,065
B. . & C. I. Railway......	51	61,096

COTTON.

The Agricultural Bureau estimate of the American crop to hand this morning is decidedly bullish, and has caused an advance of 14 to 15 points in New York, 19 to 20 points in New Orleans and 9 to 10 points in Liverpool. The figures are 13,677,000 bales against 13,820,000 bales last year, or 143,000 bales; less than last year. Presumably the figures given are for bales of 500 lbs. gross weight, as is usual in these reports. Private cables to hand state that taking the actual weight of bales the Bureau Report indicates a crop or about 13,300,000 bales exclusive of linters, or say a commercial crop of slightly under four teen million bales including linters. As all late estimates have been 14¼ million bales to 14½ million bales, the Bureau estimate is well below those current, and should set at rest the enormous estimates of 15,000,000 bales and over which have been thrown on the market by "bear" estimates with a view to depress prices.

That they succeed in throughly mistifying the trade is shown by the weekly circulars of leading Commission Houses. The Market should now have a steadier tone, and, with occasional fluctuations, a gradual advance may be looked for as the season progresses.

The Local Market opened firmer on the above Bureau Report, and good Broach was quoted Rs. 316. The rise however checked business and during the afternoon good Broach was done at Rs. 314. Export houses are again in the Market as sellers, and the bazaar is not absorbing offerings so freely. At the close the tone of the Market is easier, and Liverpool being reported 3 points down in private cables after the opener good Broach closes at Rs. 312½. The following are the chief bazaar rates at the close.

Good M. G. Broach, Rs. 312½ March.
Fine M. G. Khamgaon, Rs. 276, January.
Fine M. G. Bengal, Rs. 235 January.
F. G. Bengal, Rs. 229 January.

LIVERPOOL OPENER.

Opening Tone	Strong
Estimated Sales	7,000
Total Imports	30,000

Months.		
D. J.	7.03	plus 1
J. F.	7.02	„ 1
F. M.	7.03	„ 1
M. A.	7.04	„ 1
A. M.	7.03	„ 1
M. J.	7.02	Ungd.
J. J.	6.99	„
J. A.	6.98	..
A. S.	6.82	„

The following Statement comprises the Shipments of Goods for the Month of Nov. 1913.

TO CALCUTTA.

Cotton piece Goods (in Yards)		
Bleached and White		21,300,000
Unbleached and Grey ..		98,800,000
Dyed and Colored ..		6,400,000
Printed		5,700,000
Twist and yarns (in lbs.)		
Dyed and Bleached		380,000
Unbleached and Grey ..		270,000
Total Shipments of Salt ..	tons.	1,000

TO RANGOON.

Bleached and White	Yds.	3,400,000
Unbleached and Grey ..	Yds.	1,200,000
Dyed and Colored ..	Yds.	2,600,000
Printed	Yds.	3,300,000
Dyed and Bleached	lbs.	280,000

TO MADRAS.

Cotton piece Goods (in Yds.)		
Bleached and White		4,800,000
Unbleached and Grey ..		10,900,000
Dyed and Colored ..		1,600,000
Printed		4,300,000
Twist and Yarns (in lbs.)		
Dyed and Bleached		130,000
Unbleached and Grey ..		180,000

TO BOMBAY.

Bleached and White		23,000,000
Unbleached and Grey ..		18,100,000
Dyed and Colored ..		12,700,000
Printed		17,800,000
Dyed and Bleached		430,000
Unbleached and Grey ..		600,000

TO KARACHI.

Bleached and White	Yds.	20,400,000
Unbleached and Grey ..	Yds.	3,100,000
Dyed and Colored ..	Yds.	5,000,000
Printed	Yds.	9,000,000
Dyed and Bleached	lbs.	70,000
Unbleached and Grey ..	..	70,000

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

◆

Wheat :—The Market is quiet

Quotations :—

	Rs.	a.	p.	
Ready White, Pessi 85 %	5	7	0	R. T
White Pessi 75 %	5	6	0	„
White Delhi, May	5	12	6	R. T

Linseed :—The Market is steady.

Quotations :—

	Rs.	a.	p.	
Bold Brown, Ready	7	14	0	B. T.
Bold Brown December	8	7	0	R. T.
Bold Brown May	9	2	6	„

Rapeseed :—The Market is steady

Quotations :—

	Rs.	a.	p.	
Brown Cawnpore	7	12	0	B. T.
Yellow Cawnpore	9	0	0	„
Brown Delhi, May	9	0	0	R. T.

Teelseed :—The Market is quiet

Quatations :—

	Rs.	a.	p.
85 % Bold White............	57	8	0
Mimbara	60	0	0
Black Kutni J.F.	48	8	0

Groundnuts :—The Market is steady

Quotations :—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Bold	48	8	0
Small	47	8	0

Mowraseed :—The Market is steady.

Quotations :—

	Rs	a.	p.	
Ready.......................	8	7	0	B. T.

Peoppyseed :—The Market is quiet.

Quotations :—

	Rs	a.	p.	
Ready	10.	12	0	B.T

RECEIPTS.

The following are the Receipts of Cotton produce and principal Food Grains into Bombay for the 24hours ending yesterday at 6 p.m.

Cotton	13,270	Bales
Wheat	5,496	Cwts.
Linseed	6,634	„
Rape, Rai, etc,.	231	„
Gingedyseed	11,904	„
Poppyseed..................	89	„
Groundnuts.................	12,624	„
Castorseed	5,998	„
Rice	3,744	„
Myrabollams	1,036	„
Cotton Seed	25,419	„
Mowraseed	49	„
Gram	2,342	„
Jowar......................	1,082	„
Maize	nil	„
Barley	464	„

TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER SUPPLY COMPANY, LD.

◆

DIRECTOR'S ANNUAL REPORT.

The Fourth Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company was held on Thursday, when the Director's Report and Audited Balance Sheet made up to 30th June 1913 was adopted and a resolution was passed authorising payment of interest during construction, to the shareholders upto 31st December 1913, when due, at 4 per cent per annum.

The Directors' Report stated that in March last, the Directors after very careful consideration and on the advice of expert advisers resolved to increase the available supply of power by the Company to meet the additional demand from Mill Companies and other consumers. To provide additional capital for these extensions the Directors since disposed of during the current year 2,500 Ordinary Shares being the balance of the authorised issue of Ordinary Shares of the nominal value of Rs. 1,000 each at a premium of Rs. 200 per share they have also disposed of 2,500 Debentures of the nominal value of Rs. 1,000 each at par without option for conversion into Preference shares.

PROGRESS OF WORK.

The General Manager's report is as follows:—

The Lonavala Dam has been raised to level 2,051, while the West Waste Weir is at level 2,050, and the Lake is now full of water at this level.

The Walwhan Lake is full of water up to level 2,048.

Both Dams are holding water well.

The Shirawta Tunnel.—The total length of the Shirawta Tunnel will be 5,127 feet, of which 3,190 feet had been completed by the middle of September 1913. Work from the Walwhan side has been carried on for several months with compressed air drills, and similar equipment will shortly be placed at the Shirawta end. Our Resident Engineer is of opinion that this tunnel will be completed by April 15th, 1915.

Ducts.—In connection with this work, there is still some delay over finding suitable arch stones for various Viaducts, but generally speaking the position seems to be such that water can be got through from Lonavla by January, so that, the starting of the Works should not be delayed on this account.

Forebay.—This work is not so far ahead as it should have been, but with sharp work, arrangements can be made to supply our needs for power service and the main work completed afterwards.

Pipe Line.—This work is the most backward of all. It is being pushed vigorously in excavation in the section down the faces of the cliffs between the Reversing Station and the Khopoli Power House, and we are making every effort to arrange with our Engineers and Contractors in such a manner as to ensure completion of this work in time to enable us to make a start in February next.

Power House.—The work here is sufficiently well in hand to leave no doubt as to our ability to generate power in February, if the water can be brought to the Turbines by that time.

The four turbine bases and one generator base have been permanently set. The bucket wheel and rotor have been placed in No. 1 set. The switch control board has been erected and the main generator switch compartments have been built up. The 100,000 volt transformers have been kept under steam heat for the last two months to prevent mildewing and general deterioration of insulation during the damp rainy weather. We are now starting to assemble these transformers and to prepare them for service.

Transmission Line.—All of the land towers have been erected and are ready to receive the cables. In fact, ten miles of line from Bombay would now be completed if the Contractors had supplied the strain insulators.

We are now nearly finished with the erection of the special Creek Crossing Towers, some of which are nearly 200 feet high standing on 50 feet foundations, and we hope to start putting up the copper cable early in November, in which case we will be able to complete the transmission lines in time.

Receiving Station.—The work here stands just about the same as described at the Power Station and is in such a position that we shall readily be prepared to receive and distribute electrical power as soon as the water can be brought to the turbines.

Mill Equipments.—At nearly half the number of the Mills including those which come early in the list of priority, the Transformer Houses are ready to receive our transformers when the same arrive from England, and structural work which will from the motor loadings is now being put in hand by Mr. Preece, the Company's Mill Expert, and his Assistants.

Under Article 109 of the Articles of Association, Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey and Mr. Narottam Morarji Goculdas retire, but are eligible for re-election.

You are also requested to pass a Resolution for payment of interest at 4 per cent. per annum on capital during construction, when due, upto 31st December, 1913.

The Shareholders will be requested to appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

Mr. G. S. Hart, has been confirmed as Inspector-General of Forests, and Mr. M. Hill, as Chief Conservator in the Central Provinces.

ALLEGED GURKHA OUTRAGES.

◆

ENGLISHMAN'S ELABORATE CONTRADICTIONS.

BENGALEE'S REJOINDER.

We have published several telegrams recently in regard to alleged outrages by Gurkhas stationed in Eeastern Bengal. A few days ago there was a telegram from Calcutta containing elaborate contradictory stories which had appeared in the "Englishman." The "Bengalee" now replies to this in the following article:—

The "Englishman" publishers a long contradiction to the allegations of Gurkha ontrages which recently appeared in several Bengal newspapers, including our own columns. It does not appear that the "Englishman" actually sent a reporter, but made what it calls "an inquiry into the serious allegations" and the results are published elsewhere. The "Englishman" may be well satisfied with them. We are not. There are four cases given. We will consider each in *seriatim*. As regards the first case headed "Occurence on the 11th November," it is admitted by the "Englishman" as the result of its enquiry "that four men buying towels in the Bazaar offered 2 annas less than the shop-keeper demanded. As the shop-keeper would not come down in his price, the towels were taken and the money handed over." The "Englishman" says in the course of its observations under this head that "it is not the custom of Gurkhas to steal." We are glad of the certificate, but though it may not be their custom to steal, in this case they took forcible possession of goods belonging to another. In the English language it is called robbery. Our contemporary may make his choice between stealth and robbery and consult his lawyers and perhaps his own self to find out which is the graver crime. Any how accepting in full the version of the "Englishman" which indeed we are not prepared to do, it is clear that it is the Gurkhas who threw the first stone in the fight and must be held responsible for what followed. They had no business to take possession of the towels at their own price. We are curious to know if they have been punished. With reference to the "Occurrence on the 12th November," it is not denied that there was a row in the Bazaar between the Gurkhas and the shop-keepers. The "Englishman" tells us that it is not known how the disturbance was started. We may be certain that the peace-loving-shop-keepers who have everything to lose when there is a row did not begin it. It is admitted that "the Gurkhas gave back what they received." We may be quite sure that they gave back much more. With regard to the occurrence on the 13th November, it is admitted by the "Englishman" that the Gurkhas snatched away two guns from the people and that a charge was made against the Gurkhas of forcibly taking guns from the shop. We should like to know what has become of the charge? The "Englishman" is silent. Discretion is the better part of valour; and the "Englishman' practises the Shakespearean precept. Then we have the case of the Munsiff. The Commanding Officer has expressed his regret but the Munsiff is not satisfied and has appealed to higher anthority. As regards the reports from Munshingung the "Englishman" admits that the Gurkha sentry pushed the crowd and demanded room; but we are told that no one was hurt." But what about the following report which appeared in our columns on the 6th December:—

On last Monday morning some of the Gurkha soldiers stationed here, suddenly took into their head to visit houses, even the inner apartments in certain cases, of many respectable persons of this town, which they did of course to the great annoyance and inconvenience of the ladies and indiganation of all concerned. Another batch of the Gurkhas went to Kotgaon and visited many houses there. The ladies were highly agiated at their sudden appearance, and out of fear woman and children were compelled to remain within closed doors.

We find no reference to this report in the elaborate contradiction of the "Englishman." Apart from the incidents to which the "Englishman" refers how is he to explain away the cumulative effect of reports coming from so many different quarters, from Dacca, Munshigunge and Naraingunge, as to the lawless proceedings of the Gurkha soldiers. Have the people from so many different parts entered into a vast conspiracy to malign the Gurkha soldiers? The Gurkhas are not their enemis. What interest have they in the propagation of mendacious stories? The prompt action of the Government is urgently needed to restrain the Gurkhas and allay the public excitement.

A BARRISTER AND HIS CLOTHES.

◆

CLAIM FOR DAMAGES DISMISSED.

Judgment in the case brought by Mr. Noel W. Freeman, a member of the English Bar practising at Nagpur in the Central Provinces, against the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, Ltd., was delivered at the High Court on Thursday by Mr. Justice Chitty. The facts have already appeared in the "Chronicle'.'

Mr. Langford James, instructed by Mr. S Hodson, of Messrs. Sanderson and Co., appeared for Mr. Freeman. Mr. Buckland and Mr. Camell, instructed by Mr. J. V. Watkins, of Messrs. Watkins and Co., represented the P. and O. Company.

His Lordship said that this was a suit brought by the plaintiff against the P. and O. Company to recover the sum of Rs. 2,242 as damages for the loss to him of wearing apparel contained in a case delivered to one Nigel W. Freeman.

After setting out the facts which appeared, his lordship remarked that the only question was whether the defendant Company were liable to the plaintiff. In his lordship's opinion he was unable to hold that the defendant Company could be held liable. The suit was accordingly dismissed with costs on scale No. 2.

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but with a woman it is likewise an index to her internal organism, the healthy or diseased condition of which is at once betrayed in her facial expression. While the freshness of complexion, sparkle of the eye and light and lively movements go to denote a healthy condition, the sallow face, the dragging step and the look of pain and misery are evident signs of a disordered state. Any functional disorder will promptly yield to UTRODINE the most harmless vegetable tonic and sedative for the organic diseases of women. Of all Chemists in India.

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SOUTH AFRICAN STRUGGLE.

◆

"BOMBAY CHRONICLE" FUND,

TOTAL TO DATE: RS. 26,692-5-0.

All contributions should be addressed to the Manager, "Bombay Chronicle," Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. Cheques and money orders should be made payable simply to "The Bombay Chronicle."

Amount already acknowledged	26,626	5	0
Mrs. Anandibai K. through Mr. S. Jagonnath	21	0	0
Ten United	13	8	0
J. M. D. K.	5	0	0
Through the Y. M. C. A. Students' Branch :—			
Mr. T. R. P.	5	0	0
Mr. D. M.	5	0	0
Mr. J.	3	0	0
Mr. D. B. Updegraff	2	0	0
Mr. T. Samuel	1	0	0
Mr. F. Bachelor	1	0	0
Mr. Frank Hart	1	0	0
Mr. S. B. Syed	1	0	0
Mr. A. N. W.	1	0	0
Mr. T. H.	1	0	0
Mr. R.	1	0	0
3 Sympathisers	1	8	0
Mr. N. S. Bagde	1	0	0
Mr. R. M. D.	2	0	0
Total ...	26,692	5	0

CENTRAL FUND.

◆

	Rs.	a.	p.
Amount previously acknowledged.	1,03,277	15	0
A. P. Sen Esq., (Secy. African Indian Fund Oudh, (through Mr. K. Natrajan) 2nd Instalment	4,000	0	0
Part-payment of Rs. 5,000 promised annonymously	3,000	0	0
S. M. Pandit Esq., (of Rajkote) through Mr. K. Natrajan........	3,000	0	0
Sir Cowasjee Jehangir, Bart	2,500	0	0
Through Mr. Krishnalal N. Desai (2nd Instalment of Ahmedabad collection.)	2,500	0	0
Benares collection (through Babu Shivprasad Gupla Saheb).	2,000	0	0
Mr. S. M. Pandit (Rajkote) through Mr. K. Natrajan.	1,950	0	0
The "Bombay Chronicle," being the amount of subscriptions collected by the paper (4th Instalment)	1,500	0	0
The "Bombay Chronicle," being the amount of subscriptions collected by the paper (5th Instalment)	1,000	0	0
Mrs. Joshi	150	0	0
Mr. M. V. Joshi	150	0	0
Rao Bahadur R. N. Mudholkar...	100	0	0
Dr. T. W. Joshi	50	0	0
Mr. B. W. Joshi	50	0	0
Mr. M. G. Damle	40	0	0
Mr. K. V. Brahma	25	0	0
Mr. R. A. Deshpande	25	0	0
Mr. R. M. Khare	5	0	0
Mr. Mubarak Nuja	5	0	0
Mr. S. D. Bapat	5	0	0
A "Sympathiser"	150	0	0
Through Mr. Sukhia	700	0	0
The "Gujarati" being the 2nd instalment of contributions collected from the subscribers and readers of the "Gujarati"..	645	0	0
The "Gujarati" being the 1st Instalment of contributions collected from the subscribers and readers of the "Gujarati"..	625	10	0
Messrs. Pragjee Surjee and Co. (through Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas Dharumsey)	501	0	0
Messrs. Jivanchand Lalubhai and Co. (through Seth Narotum Morarjee Goculdas	400	0	0
Messrs. Malvi, Hiralal, Mody and Ranchoddas Solicitors, High Court	300	0	0
Mrs. P. D. Pattani, being her 1st instalment, through Lady Dhunbai Cowasjee Jehangir ...	201	0	0
Through Mr. A. V. Patwardhan (1st instalment of South Africa Daju Prakash Press Fund.) ...	200	0	0
Through Mr. Bhaurao R. Rangs, Dhulia, (2nd instalment).	200	0	0
Through Mr. Kaikobad Adenwalla, as follows:—Mrs. H. C. D. Adenwalla	100	0	0
Mrs. Cooverbai R. Adenwalla....	51	0	0
Miss Mehra R. Adenwalla........	10	0	0
Mrs. Kaikobad R. Wallace........	15	0	0
Messrs. Jetha Muljee and Co. (through Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas Dharumsy)	101	0	0
Rao Bahadur Sunderdas Narandas (through Mr. M. Natrajan.)	100	0	0
Messrs. Haridas Jeebraj and Co. (through Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas Dharumsey)	100	0	0
Through Mr. R. G. Pradhan (1st instalment).	100	0	0
Messrs. Merwanjee and Sons. ...	100	0	0
The staff of Messrs. Morarjee Goculdas and Co........	77	8	0
Messrs. Ratilal Vrajlal and Co. (through Rao Saheb Manajee Rajujee and Mr. Madhavrao Khandrao).	51	0	0
Messrs. Parmanand Promjee and Co. (through Mr. G. B. Trivadi, Bandra)	50	0	0
Messrs. Harjivan Dharsey and Co. (through Mr. G. B. Trivedi, Bandra).	50	0	0
Messrs. Luxmidas Mahomedally and Co. (through Mr. G. B. Trivedi, Bandra).	50	0	0
Messrs. Heptoolally Abdulally and Co. (through Mr. G. B. Trivedi, Bandra).	50	0	0
Messrs. Fazulbhoy Mahomedhally and Co. (through Mr. G. B. Trivedi, Bandra).	50	0	0
Through Mr. V. C. Setl wad.....	50	0	0
Messrs. Parbhudas Jeevandas and Sons........	50	0	0
Messrs. Chaganlal and Co. (through Mr. G. B. Trivedi, Bandra)	50	0	0
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Messrs. Hajee Cassum Hajee Issac and Co. (through Mr. G. B. Trivedi, Bandra)	50	0	0
Messrs. Narbadassankar Dayal and Co. (through Mr. G. B. Trivedi, Bandra)	50	0	0
Mr. Purshotam Dhanjee	50	0	0
Messrs. Ardesar Hormusjee Dinshaw and Co.	50	0	0
Messrs. H. M. Mehta and Co......	50	0	0
The students, "The Sthanak Wasi Jain Boarding School," (through Mr. Ratilal M. Ghandhy	44	2	3
Through Mr. U. S. Desai	32	14	0
Mr. Krishnalal M. Javeri	30	0	0
Mr. Ardeshir R. Bilimoria, Secy. Novelty Theatre, being the balance left with him of a charity performance in aid of the Famine Fund at the Empire Theatre last year........	30	0	0
Through Messrs. Javeri and Co. being the amount of subscriptions collected by them........	25	12	0
Messrs. Babajee Bhimjee and Co. (through Rao Saheb Manajee Rajujee and Mr. Madhavrao Khandrao.)	25	0	0
"D. D. C."	25	0	0
Through Mrs. Dinbai N. Patuck, as follows:—Mrs. Shereenbai N. Patuck	15	0	0
Bai Dinbai F. S. Patuck	10	0	0
Through M. K. Vithalrao	23	0	0
The staff of Messrs. Ardesar Hormusjee Dinshaw and Co.	23	0	0
The staff of Messrs. Malvi, Hiralal, Mody and Ranchoddas Solicitors, High Court	22	8	0
Through Mr. V. P. Areskar	20	0	0
Messrs. Varjivan Babu and Co. (through Rao Saheb Manajee Rajujee and Mr. Madhavrao Khandrao.)	15	0	0
Mr. R. Furugori	15	0	0
Through Mr. H. H. Maniar	11	0	0
Mr. H. M. Mehta	10	0	0
Dr. R. V. Bapat, Kolahpur........	10	0	0
Through Mr. W. Bhat	10	0	0
Mr. Damodar Chintaman Virkar.	10	0	0
Mr. M. S. Gajdhar (through Mr. K. Vithalrao.)	10	0	0
"R. C. D."	10	0	0
Sums under Rupees Ten	156	8	0
	Rs.	a.	p.
"Annonymous," through the Hon. Mr. G. K. Gokhale, C.I.E., balance of a contribution of Rs. 5,000	2,000	0	0
The "Bombay Chronicle" collection, (6th instalment)	1,500	0	0
Through Mr. C. Raja Gopalchari, Pleader (Salem collections)	1,000	0	0
Through Rao Bahadur R. G. Mundle (Yeotmal colections)	500	0	0
V. V. Jogiah, Esq., First Grade Pleader and President, Ganjam District Association, Berhampore, Ganjam	380	0	0
The Staff of Messrs. Tata, Sons and Co. (through Mr. Ichharam B. Pathal)	356	12	0
"A Sympathiser" (Bandra) through Mr. K. Natrajan	100	0	0
The Prabhu Pathare Progressive Association Society (through Mr. A. S. Padalkar)	60	0	0
Through Mr. Jagjivan Narayan Mehta	55	4	0
Mr. Madhavram Raghumal (Iron Merchant) through Mr. G. B. Trivedi	50	0	0
Mr. Moti Laxmidas (in memory of Bai Rukshamani Motibai)	50	0	0
The Staff of the Sirdar Carbonic Gas Co., Ltd.	48	9	9
Through Mr. Tuljaram D. Vaidya.	48	0	0
The workmen of the Indian Bleaching, Dyeing and Printing Works, Ltd., through Mr. Ismail Kassumbhai, Manager	40	0	0
Through Mr. R. G. Pradhan, (Nasik collections)	30	0	0
Mr. M. L. Khambete, Pleader, Jalgaon	25	0	0
Mr. M. R. Tarkunde, Saswad	25	0	0
Messrs. R. Hatimbhoy and Co. ...	25	0	0
Mr. Chhaganlal Hemraj (Iron Merchant)	25	0	0
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Mr. Akbarally Mossabhoy Raja ...	25	0	0
Mr. Narbadashankar Harjivan Joshi (in memory of Bai Kunta Harishankar Gavri Shankar)	25	0	0
The Office Staff of the Bombay Port Trust Revenue Audit Dept. (through Mr. N. R. Gidha)	18	8	0
Through Mr. Vandrawandas Bhagvan Goodhi)	18	4	0
Through Mr. Vaikunthlal S. Thakore	17	14	0
Through Mr. D. M. Vandrekar.	17	0	0
Through Mr. Vaikunthlal S. Thakore	16	14	0
Through Mr. D. N. Sukhla	16	0	0
Through Mr. T. C. Parekha	15	0	0
Through Mr. Parbhudas D. Baniya.	13	0	0
Through Mr. Shankar Hari Namjoshi	13	0	0
Through Mr. R. R. Nabar	12	0	0
Through Mr. Tulsidas Narayandas	10	0	0
Mr. K. T. Dongre	10	0	0
Sums under Rupees Ten	58	1	0
Total Rs.	1,37,973	15	3

DISTRESS IN U. P.

◆

TEST WORKS OPENED.

(From Our Correspondent.)

DELHI, Dec. 12.

Crop telegrams, dated December 6th, do not report any change in the agricultural prospects. On the contrary owing to the continued absence of rains, test-works have been started.

The Government of the United Provinces report that one test work has been opened at Bara, in the Allahabad District, and two in Banda and one will be opened in Hamirpur on the 12th December. The numbers employed on test works are: Bara 217, and Banda 369; total 586.

The scarcity of fodder is increasing and Government hay is being distributed freely for agricultural stock, which is in a fairly good condition. Water is running short in the Bundelkhand and Unao districts. Prices are high and fluctuating in the Punjab.

The condition of standing spring crops is generally average to good, but crops on unirrigated lands in the south-east are suffering from drought. Harvesting of Toria has commenced in some districts with average outturn. Cattle are generally healthy, but fodder is getting scarce in the south-east. Prices of wheat are generally close to normal and of other grains a little above normal. Test reliefs have been opened in Merwoon. There are 72 persons on the works. The rainfall in the Central Provinces has considerably improved.

The condition of the spring crop reports from Bombay indicate that prospects in Ahmednagar, Poona, and Sholapur, are not encouraging.

CALCUTTA THEATRE ASSAULT.

◆

DEFENCE EVIDENCE OF PROVOCATION.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 12.

The case in which Mr. Melbourne, of the Gaiety Theatre is charged with assaulting Mr. Moller, in the theatre, under circumstances already reported, was continued yesterday before Mr. Keays.

Witnesses were called for the defence.

Mr. Seehase, proprietor of the Continental Hotel, said he heard Mr. Melbourne tell Mr. Moller he ought to be ashamed of his conduct. Mr. Moller grabbed Melbourne and the latter lost the sleeve of his shirt. Mr. Major told Mr. Moller he had better get out and not create a disturbance.

Mr. Warren said, he witnessed the affair. Melbourne did not strike Moller until the latter tore his shirt sleeves away. Witness said that in his opinion the attack was justified as Moller had given provocation from the box.

Mr. Gow gave corroborative evidence and the case was again adjourned.

TROOPING SEASON.

◆

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, Dec. 12.

The hired transport Dongola arrived at Karachi from Southampton on the 12th instant, with the 8th Brigade Royal Horse Artillery; 21st Brigade Royal Field Artillery and details on board.

ARMED AEROPLANES.

◆

THE NEW MARKSMANSHIP AT BISLEY.

TESTING THE LEWIS MACHINE-GUN.

The aeronautical correspondent of the "Pall Mall Gazette" writes:—

Trial was made on November 27, at Bisley of the Lewis automatic machine gun. This weapon was carried on a Grahame-White biplane piloted by Mr. M. D. Manton. The operator of the gun, a Belgian officer, who is practised in aerial marksmanship, occupied a seat below the bottom, plane of the biplane, from which position he has an extensive field of fire.

The new gun is the invention of Colonel I. N. Lewis, of the United States Army, and it has already been tried in many European countries, where it has created such a favourable impression that many Governments have placed orders with the makers. In this country the Birmingham Small Arms Company hold the manufacturing rights, and it was under their auspices that to-day's trial took place.

Although this weapon weighs only 26½lb., and is capable therefore of being fired from the shoulder, its normal rate of firing is 500 rounds per minute. This rate may be increased or decreased at will, and shots may be fired, either singly or in bursts of any number. The recoil is very slight, and the gun can be fired in any position, preferably from a tripod or any suitable rest, and it is adapted for firing from motor-cycles or motor-cars.

HOW THE GUN IS COOLED.

A striking feature of the Lewis gun is the method by which the barrel is kept cool, even when firing at the gun's utmost capacity. The barrel is in the centre of a tube of larger diameter. This outer tube is reduced in size at the muzzle of the gun, and projects slightly beyond it. The space between the barrel and the outer tube is divided by a series of aluminium fins converging from the outer tube towards the barrel. Each bullet as it passes from the gun through the narrow end of the outer tube carries in its wake such a rush of air and gas that air is drawn along the passages between the metal plates in the outer tube, flowing over the gun barrel, and keeping it from getting overheated.

In trials in Belgium, firing from a range of 3,000 feet and travelling at the rate of over fifty miles per hour, 22 per cent. of hits was registered on a target on the ground of the diameter of about 25 feet. This is considered remarkably good practice under the circumstances.

NOT THE FIRST EXPERIMENTS.

Aerial marksmanship is, in fact, in its infancy, and the value of any weapon must not be estimated by the degree of accuracy attained. Before completely satisfactory shooting is done the aeroplane must provide better accommodation for the marksman and his weapon, and the marksman must have learned how to fire accurately in a craft that is not only travelling swiftly, but is almost incessantly making ascending or descending movements.

These are not the first experiments of the kind in England. Officers of the Royal Flying Corps have made experiments with aeroplane guns, more especially with a .303 Maxim weighing, with its triped, about 110lb., a water-cooled gun.

Although so far experiments have been with a ground target, it is considered that the chief use of a gun on an aeroplane will be against the enemy's aircraft.

THE PEARL NECKLACE.

◆

UNDERWRITERS TO PAY MR. MAYER £14,000.

It is announced that a definite settlement has been reached between Mr. Max Mayer and the underwriters of the claim arising out of the famous pearl necklace. The sum is about £14,000, says the "Times."

The claim takes into consideration the fact that of the 61 pearls of the necklace two are still missing—one being the fine of the set—and that the two drop pear enclosed in the package and the diamond clasp of the necklace have also not been recovered. The claim also includes a certain amount as interest on the capital tied up since the theft was perpetrated on July 16—over four months ago.

The complete necklace was valued originally at about £115,000, and it is considered that, in spite of the two missing pearls, the value of the piece, in view of the enormous amount of publicity given to it, has considerably increased.

The "Times" understands that the prisoners sentenced on Monday will appeal, and that if so, the rewards to be paid to the witnesses Quadrastein and Brandstatter will certainly not be handed over until the result of the appeal is known.

The question of the actual division of the £8,000 reward remains unsettled. The point at issue depends on the nature of the understanding between Quadrastein and Brandstatter when they entered upon the task of recovering the stolen pearls. Brandstatter is understood to contend that the mutual arrangement was that he should receive 75 per cent. of the reward; Quadrastein, on the other hand, strenuously holds that the understanding was that they should go halves.

The attitude of Messrs. Price and Gibbs, the underwriters' agents, is that, in the absence of an agreement between the two claimants as to the apportionment of the money, the matter will have to be referred to the Courts.

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OPINIONS OF THE DAY.

◆

Turkey and the Powers.

"Madras Mail".—The appointment of a German General to the command of the First Army Corps of the Turkish Army, in other words to the protests from France and Russia. As we briefly explained in a note to a recent telegram on the subject, the objection is due to the exceptional position and authority given to General Sanders, and not the employment of foreign military advisers, for which, of course, there are very many, precedents. . . . Where other Powers are affected is in the position given to General Sanders, who is to have far more authority than General von der Goltz had or than any British Officer, still belonging to his country's service has had in Turkey, or any French Officer in Greece. The German General is to be, not an adviser merely, but to nearly all intents and purposes head of the Turkish Army. In these circumstances it is far from surprising that France and Russia have protested. They fear, naturally enough, that in such an exceptional position the German General may have more influence over Turkish foreign policy than the Ambassadors of other Powers can ever hope to exercise. For Turkish action, however, there is a special reason. Turkey has very painfully realised that the training given by General Von der Goltz and his staff was superficial, largely because that instructor had no great measure of executive authority. She is determined to remedy that by giving her new German teachers ample authority to enforce the practical application of the military principles they inculcate. It is to be expected, therefore, that Turkey will be very reluctant to modify her decision in response to French and Russian representations.

Opposition for opposition's Sake.

"Bengalee":—In noticing the admonition addressed by His Excellency the Governor to the non-official members of the Bengal Council at its last meeting, the "Patrika" very pertinently observes that both the official and non-official members should lay to heart the gubernatorial advice of giving up opposititon for opposition's sake. If the non-official members are to serve their country according to their lights they must bring forward at times well-thought-out resolutions and amendments. But what has hitherto been the fate of these resolutions and amendments? In connection with the City Improvement Trust Act all the 173 amendments were rejected. The public of Bengal not even excepting the "Englishman" feels that Babu Surendranath Banerjea's resolution on Dacoity Commission should have been accepted. But at the very meeting in which His Excellency the Governor in his opening speech dwelt on the harmfulness of opposition for opposition's sake this very important resolution had to be withdrawn. We think the "Patrika" voices the feeling of the country when it says:—

The slaughter of non-official resolutions and motions in the Council is now a by-word in the country. If His Excellency's wise observations are needed in any direction, it is in that of restraining the official members from trampling them down without rhyme or reason. Why was Babu Surendra Nath Banerjee's resolution on the Dacoity Mixed Commission, to cite the most recent instance, not accepted? Is there any doubt that such a Commission would have enabled the Government to learn many things which it does not know? But official opposition stood in the way and did unmitigated mischief.

The £ 3 Tax.

"Madras Times."—The position, then, is clear that the tax is a hated impost and it has been, as repeatedly remarked in these columns, opposed even by respectable Natalians themselves. The Attorney-General of the Colony, in 1894, Mr. Escombe, summed up the case against it in no friendly spirit, and petitions to the Secretary of State and the Viceroy in India have attacked it mercilessly. The alleged promise made about its abolition is recent history, and it shows how far the Indians have stood out against it. The impost it not only an unjust one; it is also a useless one, from the revenue point of view. What benefits it can confer on the Union Government we cannot see. That it has fairly damaged them, there is no reason to doubt from the materials before us. The whole history of this miserable tax shows that it is an iniquitous impost, and the Union Government cannot do better than acquiesce in its abolition. They stand to gain and not lose by a change of policy in regard to it. To defend such a tax at this present moment seems like commencing the work of inquisitorial inquiry at the wrong end.

The "Times" Apology.

"Bengalee."—A certain philosopher on board a ship in which Napoleon happened to be present could not argue a common soldier into belief in God. Napoleon was watching the controversy with great impatience and ultimately intervened with his cat. The effects of the cat were remarkable and all on a sudden it dawned on the consciousness of the sailor that there is such a thing as God. A transformation of this order seems to have been brought about in the attitude of the London "Times" towards the three Indian professors whose connection with sedition it declared to be incontestable. But what was incontestable in our great contemporary's mind only a few days back has suddenly vanished into thin air. The "Times" has thus eaten the humble pie:—

In a leading, article on "political crime in India," published on October 6th last, we cited among indications of unrest in Bengal the "outcry against the removal of three newly-appointed professors at Calcutta, whose connection with sedition was incontestable." We, afterwards received a letter from Mr. C. C. Ghose which we published on November 1st, disputing the correctness of our statements, and denying that there was any evidence connecting any of the professors in question with sedition. Since the publication of that letter, we have been assured by correspondents in India in whom we have every confidence that our statement did a serious injustice to the professors who have never been associated with sedition. We, therefore, hasten to withdraw it, and to express our regret at having made it."

We think the Napoleonic cat which one of the libelled parties was going to wield in the shape of seeking redress in the courts has had this remarkable effect.

ALL INDIA NEWS IN BRIEF.

◆

The Report of the Prices Enquiry Committee has been submitted to the Government of India, and is now under consideration.

It is stated that within a couple of days after the announcement of the Nobel Prize six thousand copies of the English translation of the "Gitanjali" were sold in England.

Mr. Gokhale, who left Delhi for Calcutta on Monday night, has, we understand, during the past six weeks, remitted **Rs. 2** lakhs for the support and assistance of the passive resisters in South Africa.

Mr. Alan G. Harper, of Magdalen College, Oxford, demonstrator to the Sibthorpian Professor of Rural Economy, has been appointed to the Indian Education Service as Professor of Botany at the Presidency College, Madras, during the absence on leave of Professor Fyson.

Lee Boon Tee, a Chinaman, a member of the Hossein Society, was deported in 1910, under the Foreigners Act, of 1864 by the order of the Burma Government. He recently returned to Burma without the permission of either the Government of India or the Local Government. Information was received that he was in Bassein and Sub-inspector Maung Po Myat was sent to arrest him. He was put aboard a Straits steamer.

The statistics of the Civil Courts in the Madras Presidency for the year 1912 reveals a very disquieting state of affairs, writes a Madras paper. Litigation is increasing by leaps and bounds and the satisfaction derived therein is in no way encouraging. The total number of suits instituted in the Presidency in 1912 was 484, 662, against the highest number so far reached and 33,815 more than in the previous year. The increase among suits for money or moveable property alone was 27,292.

Last Monday, while goods were being removed from a train at Lalgolah Ghat some of the coolies noticed a wooden box floating in the river and being curious to know what it contained they pulled it out. On opening the lid they were horrified to find the crumpled-up dead body of a Mohamedan youth in a highly decomposed state. The authorities at the station had the body sent in to Murshidabad for post mortem examination and Police enquiry. The identity of the body has not yet been ascertained but foul play is suspected.

The Government of India have decided to make certain reduction in the permanent rates which are charged for telephones to the public on the Government systems from the 1st January next The revised rates will shortly be published. The telephone tariff was recently discussed at a Conference at Simla organised by Mr. Maxwell, who is very anxious to popularise the telephone throughout India. At present Government charge the telephone companies Rs. 150 per annum for lines up to two miles in length, and Rs. 20 a half mile for extensions.

A correspondent writes from Joynagore (24-Parganas):—A huge snake of the Bora Cheta or "moli" type was seen gliding through a bush of undergrowths at "Khandarpar" Joynagar last week. It measured about 11 feet. The villagers on a hue and cry being raised, collected on the spot and tried to kill it with fish-spears but failed. What they did next was to angle it by means of hooks which with a goat fastened to them the monster swallowed. Clubs, spears and pelting the did the rest. It could not be ascertained how and whence it came.

"Chaplain" writes to the "Pioneer":—May I be allowed a few lines to protest as has been often done before against such a misuse of an English word as that which occurs in one of Reuter's telegrams in your issue of Saturday the 29th November? In a brief message announcing the launch of a new warship the information is conveyed that the vessel was "christened by Mr. Austen Chamberlain!" Surely there is a limit to the way in which the meanings of words become perverted, and surely that limit is reached when apparently in all sincerity it is stated that a vessel has been made a member of Christ.

At the recent International Medical Congress the following resolutions were adopted by a large majority:—(1) Beri-beri amongst natives whose staple food is rice is induced by the continued and too exclusive consumption of the grain in a highly milled form, by which treatment the cortic and subcortical layer is completely removed. (2) All authorities responsible for the health of native communities should encourage by every means in their power the restriction of rice of this character. (3) In view of the proved non-infectiousness of beri-beri, all port and sanitary authorities should abolish quarantine and other restrictive measures at present in operation.

An Ongole correspondent writes to a Madras paper:—There is a well-known story related in the Hindu Puranas that, owing to a curse, Brahma, one of the Hindu trinity, or Thrimurtees, should have no temple erected by the people for him. So. we find all over Hindu India no temple, not one for Brahma, whereas every village or group of villages has temples for Vishnu and Siva, the other two of the trinity. It will surprise your Hindu readers when I say that, in the village of Chebrole, Bapatla Taluq, Guntur District, there is a big enough temple dedicated to Brahma containing Sanskrit inscriptions in Telugu characters, not modern but antiquarian. This may be an interesting news to archaeologists, if they are not aware of it. The temple is richly endowed.

Mr. Southwell, Deputy Director of Fisheries in Bengal, read a very interesting paper on "Fisheries in Bengal" before the audience and members of the Board of Agriculture in India, at Coimbatore. In the course of his paper Mr. Southwell gave an elaborate account of fishing operations in the Bengal Coast and discussed the commercial possibilities of the enterprise in that part of India and gave many valuable suggestions for its development. He said that all the fisheries of Bengal were capable of very great development. If the fish supply was not equal to the demand certainly it need not remain so. There was room for enterprise. The education of fishermen was a matter of considerable importance. The co-operation of zemindars and fishermen in any organised attempt to improve fisheries is of the utmost importance.

DURHAM MINERS' COTTAGES.

Her Majesty, the Queen made a tour of about forty miles through typical Durham Colliery districts.
The chief reason for the tour was that Her Majesty wished to visit the homes provided for aged miners in Durham, by the joint efforts of the men themselves and private subscriptions,

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BOMBAY RACING SEASON.

◆

FIRST EXTRA MEETING.

A SPLENDID START.

RESTRICTED SPECULATION.

It is quite a customary Western India racing tradition on the opening day at Mahaluxmi or Poona to devote a good deal of space to the improvements effected on the race tracks and enclosures, and to give the Secretary an introductory pat on the official back for all the good things he has done for his numerous clientele.

On this particular occasion we have to deviate somewhat from the time-honoured practice, because the splendid work put in by the W. I. T. C. Flats Improvement Trust, in the remarkable expansion of this delightful oasis on the pestiferous Mahaluxmi desert, was most capably dealt with in an article which appeared in the "Chronicle" last Saturday, and any further comments on the subject would be superfluous.

THE NEW FIVE FURLONG STRAIGHT.

The outstanding novelty of the 1913-14 race-course development scheme is undoubtedly the new "five-furlong straight." It is a praiseworthy piece of enterprise on the part of the Turf Club's executive, but the project has obviously been rushed through without sufficient reflection as to whether the disadvantages which obtrude themselves from a spectacular point of view would not seriously out-weigh the trifling benefits gained with regard to the safety of the jockeys, and the more consistent results in the running of the race.

NOT QUITE A SUCCESS.

Judging from last Saturday's experience it is quite on the cards the experiment is doomed to failure, and after the novelty has worn off, the public will probably come to view the straight sprint events as a pure waste of valuable time or a suitable tea-drinking interval. Under any circumstances the pass-out ticket system to the new judging site should be abolished, as there is sure to be trouble some day through the loss of one of the flimsy pass-ports. A good, interesting view of the race is not obtainable from the Grand Stands, but one does see *something;* from the other position nothing is seen even at the risk of a cricked neck or a rick in the back, so that there is not likely to be anything in the shape of a public outcry if the "pass" system is suspended.

The situation may be saved by turning the race-track into a left-handed one, and removing Stands and other appointments *en bloc* behind the new judge's box. This will take a little doing and may cost something. With a liberal sporting public, and a wealthy racing club, it is however, possible to perform wonders. The suggestion may therefore be worthy of a passing thought even if it does appear to be a trifle chimerical at the first blush.

"WHERE WAS THE MONEY?"

The racing for an opening day, taken all round, was excellent, and although many of the competitors were palpably on the big side, all the events proved to be most interesting, the big crowd of sports in attendance having had a thoroughly enjoyable afternoon. But where was all the money? From the meagre patronage bestowed on the Tote one might be excused for surmising that the exciting financial debacle had something to do with this scrubby fit of parsimony on the part of punters, and that the prevailing spirit of mistrust had even invaded the domains of racing, suggesting to the restless speculative understanding the possibility of the machine suspending payment during the course of the proceedings. Considering the number of people present the investments were niggardly in the extreme.

BIGLIG'S FAILURE.

The Novice Plate introduced the business part of the proceedings, President being the only absentee a respectable field of sixteen figured on the frame when the numbers went up. Poona form, and the report of considerable improvement in the interval made Biglig a pronounced favourite in the betting. The Tetrarch, Red Wood and Ata Allah were also well supported. Ata Allah wofully disappointed his connections in Poona several times, and it became an accepted fact that this great track performer, owing to indifferent displays in races proper, was inclined to be jady. He, however, cleared his character in this respect by winning the initial event in first-class racing form, and as he is also fairly useful over a little distance he will be worth watching in the near future. Biglig was meeting Ata Allah on 15 lbs. worse terms than he did in the New Paddock Plate at the penultimate meeting in Poona, but the wretched display he put up indicates he cannot have improved a scrap. Mulberry ran a very taking second with Pratt up, he is sure to earn a bracket before the season closes. Apparently the distance was too much for Red Wood, as he collapsed to nothing in the last furlong after flattering the hopes of his backers up to the distance. He will probably do better over five, though it might be remarked *en passant* a straight five is quite as trying as a curvy six.

ZAKI PASHA NOT QUITE READY.

The Morland Plate which came nex[illegible]s generally looked upon as a match b[illegible]een Baloz and Zaki Pasha. It is di[illegible]lt to surmise on what form such a [illegible]clusion could possibly have been arrive[illegible]. Over seven furlongs Baloz accoun[illegible] for Zaki Pasha conceding 25lbs., i[illegible]his instance they were meeting at a di[illegible]ence of only 15 lbs. Baloz won very [illegible]—too easily, for this fact made it cle[illegible]at Mr. R. R. S.'s speedy little chestn[illegible]s a long way from the top of his for[illegible]d no notice whatever, should be taken [illegible]his running when future calculations a[illegible]gaged in.

THE [illegible]REIN STUD SCORES.

The D[illegible]ber Plate was probably the most [illegible] event of the day. In the absence of st[illegible] information he would have been a bo[illegible]eculator to discriminate between S[illegible]ow Hawk, Sunspot, Mysore, Harry [illegible]nson, Trustee, Ajmere, and Young [illegible]yderi at the weights, with a blank interval of two months to work all manner of unlooked for changes. Young Hyderi favoured with his feather-weight won at the finish somewhat easily, confirming a good performance he put up in Poona when he missed winning the Arab Trial Plate by stumbling badly when within a few yards of the winning post. Young Hyderi is one of Major Prideaux's own breeding from his stud at Bahrein, and over whose pedigree an agitation was raised by some of the Arab dealers, it being alleged, without an atom of foundation, there was a foreign taint on the dam's side. Hill, the jockey, is reported to have damaged his ankle badly in this race, so much so, he had to be removed in an Ambulance. The accident must hav[illegible] affected Sunspot's chance materially, [illegible]ad as Trustee, from the same stable wi[illegible] Abbas up ran third, the inference is i[illegible]sistible that Hill having the mount on S[illegible]spot, this one must have been the better [illegible] the two at the weights and barring the [illegible]ccident would have had a big say in the [illegible]ssue.

AN OLD 'U[illegible]WINS.

The Auction Plate [illegible] paper looked a real good thing for C[illegible]ditor in spite of the patriarchal stag[illegible] the whilom champion has now arrive[illegible]t. He won, but only scraped hom[illegible] a strong indication that his active turf [illegible]e is about to draw to a close. Guinea M[illegible]r with his game leg ran a good second, [illegible]d if he continues to stand up for a gal[illegible] or two, more he must win a race in [illegible]ing Plate company.

A NONDESCRIPT LOT.

The Old Year Plate was responsible for introducing a field mainly made up of good old "has-beens" and a number of "unknowns," and it was left to Mr. Goff, to spring a surprise packet by winning easily with his new importation Twa Brigs, beating the better fancied Impecunious into matchwood from start to finish. The official time returned for this race was 1min. 1 3/5secs., a meritorious performance, and when on the business it is a pity a record was not established to inaugurate the "straight" by making it one minute dead. There would have been no one to dispute the fact or raise an argument. Master Delaval was backed in some quarters because he had taken part in the Viceroy's Cup, won the Bombay City Plate, and the Byculla Club Cup. A reputation once acquired dies hard and takes a lot of killing.

The last event, a Selling Plate, was a good betting race, Iron Chest, Kokab, Golden Ducat, Thabashir, and Mootavaz, all having a following more or less. They were all practically in the hunt with the exception of Mootavaz who disappointed badly. It was a good race, Golden Ducat getting home first by three parts of a length from Kokab, Iron Chest being only a neck further away.

DISTINGUISHED VISITORS.

Lord and Lady Willingdon drove up in State, and were r[illegible]d with due ceremony by the Stewa[illegible]. Their Excellencies appeared to be mu[illegible] interested in the sport provided, mo[illegible]g about freely amongst the large number of visitors on the lawn. H. H. the Gaekwar of Baroda, the Thakore Saheb of Morvi, and many other notabilities honoured the meeting with their presence.

THE CATERINGS.

Messrs. Cornaglia & Co. are to be congratulated on the excellent arrangements they have made regarding the supply of refreshments, which they despensed in the well-known first class style. This is very much appreciated by the public, but the long trudge to their tent rather tends to minimize the value of the useful concession. There is plenty of space for them to spread a bit of canvas on the open plot opposite the Tota.

A DISCLAIMER.

Mr. Charlie Bleach, the well-known trainer, asks us to say, that the remark in Saturday's "Chronicle" suggesting his being in an indifferent state of health is not correct. He has never felt better; and his charges are not at present taking part in the Bombay fixtures, because they are in reserve for the coming Meetings up Lucknow and Meerut way.

Details:—

THE NOVICE PLATE.

Winner, Rs. 1,000; second, Rs. 300, third Rs. 200. For Maiden Arab Ponies 14 hands and under. 14 hands to carry 9st. 3lbs. W. I.

Distance:—6 furlongs.

Mr. N. Jehangir's ATA ALLAH, 8st. 11lbs., Zammil ......

Messrs. A. A. Mahomed and A. R. Dakeel's MULBERRY, 8st. 5lbs., Pratt ......

Mr. Ali bin Talib's AMEER, 9st. Duller 3

Mr. R. R. S.'s RED WOOD, 7st. 10lbs., Kaikhosroo 4

Also ran:—The Tetrach (Mr. Crawford, 9st. 3lbs.); Turkish Spot (Fahad, 8st. 3lbs.); Biglig (Hill, 9st.); Alwar (Keese, 9st.); Dundan ([illegible]st. 11lbs.); American Spot (Abas, 8st. 11lbs.); Jehangir Shah (Native, 8st. 8lbs.); Smatt[illegible]mond (Mujeed, 8st. 8lbs.); Malabar (Bowley, 8st. 8lbs.); Prem (Native, 8st. 5lbs.).

The Race:—A good start, from which Turkish Spot seemed to show up first, followed by Red Wood, Ameer and Malabar. At the three furlongs Ameer improved, running up second. Rounding the turn Red Wood appeared to be going easy with Ameer, and it looked like a race between the two. At the distance Ata Allah and Mulberry put in a strong run passing the leaders opposite the stand. Won by ½ length, 1 length 2nd and 3rd, 3 lengths between 3rd and 4th.

Time:—1 min. 24 1/5 secs.

Investments on Totalisators:—Win Rs. 6,250, Places Rs. 7,430.

Dividends Paid:—Win Rs. 86-8, Places Rs. 33, Rs. 56, Rs. 64.

THE MORLAND PLATE.

Winner, Rs. 1,000; second, Rs. 300; third, Rs. 200. For Arab Ponies 14 hands and under, which have not won flat race value Rs. 2,000 or over since 31st March 1911. 14 hands to carry 9st. 12lbs. W. I. Allowances—Ponies which have not won since 31st March 1911, flat race value Rs. 1,000 or over, 7lbs.; Rs. 500 or over, 12lbs.; Maidens, 16lbs. (not accumulative).

Distance:—6 furlongs.

Messrs. Goculdas and Mathuradass's BALOZ, 9st. 9lbs., Pratt 1

Mr. A. S. Oomer's ZUHEIR, 9st. 2lbs., Hill, 2

Mr. R. R. S.'s ZAKI PASHA, 8st. 8lbs., Kaikhorsoo 3

Mr. Ali bin Talib's LORD ROSEBERRY, 8st. 13lbs., Duller 4

Also ran:—Occident (Mr. J. H. Crawford, 8st. 2lbs.), Reminder (Purtoosing, 7st. 1lb.).

The Race:—Reminder got the best of a fairly level start, but was soon passed by Zaki Pasha Baloz and Roseberry close up. At the bend Baloz ran up to Zaki Pasha and won easily down the straight by ¾ length, head 2nd and 3rd, head between 3rd and 4th.

Time:—1 min. 22 3/5 secs.

Investments on Totalisators:—Win Rs. 6,250, Place Rs. 4,460.

Dividends Paid:—Win Rs. 18-8, Places Rs. 17-8, Rs. 36-8.

THE DECEMBER PLATE.

Winner, Rs. 1,000; second, Rs. 300; third, Rs. 200. For Arabs which have not won flat race value Rs. 1,500 or over since 31st March 1911. W. A. reduced 10lbs. Penalties—Winners since 31st March 1911, of flat race; once, 5lbs.; twice, 10lbs.; oftener, 16lbs.; winners since the above date of flat races of the aggregate value of Rs. 3,000 or over 7lbs., in addition to above penalties. Allowances—Ponies 14 hands and under, 4lbs.; Maidens, 5lbs.

Distance:—About 7 furlongs (1 mile scale).

Major F. B. Prideaux's YOUNG HYDERI, 6st. 7lbs., Kaikhosroo 1

Mr. Esmail Gussoo's AJMERE, 8st. 2lbs., Zammil 2

Messrs. Heath and Oomer's TRUSTEE, 8st. 12lbs., Abbas 3

Messrs. Goculdas and Mathuradass's SPARROW HAWK, 9st. 6lbs., Pratt 4

Also ran:—Sun Spot (Hill 9st. 3lbs.), Mysore (Bowley 9st. 3lbs.), Harry Johnson (Fahad 9st. 3lbs.), Guinea Merchant (Native 8st. 12lbs.), Malster (Mr. F. H. Crawford 8st. 8lbs.), Seaman (Clarke 8st.), Mahakoom (Duller 7st. 9lbs.), Nafa (Purtoosingh 7st. 9lbs.), Muter (Mujeed 7st. 5lbs.).

The Race:—Nafa ran prominently for the first part of the journey with Mahakoom, Sparrow Hawk, Ajmere and Trustee close together. Malster put in a run at two furlongs running into the lead, but was done with when the field raced round the turn. Down the straight Young Hyderi came along with a great rattle and won comfortably by a length, ½ length 2nd and 3rd, 1 length 3rd and 4th.

Time:—1 min. 40 secs.

Investments on Totalisators:—Win Rs. 9,100, Place Rs. 9,620.

Dividends Paid:—Win Rs. 70, Places Rs. 21-8, Rs. 42, Rs. 20.

AN AUCTION PLATE.

Winner, Rs. 1,000; second, Rs. 300; third, Rs. 200. For Arab Ponies 14 hands and under which have not won flat race value Rs. 1,500 or over since 31st March, 1911. 14 hands entered to be sold for Rs. 1,200 to carry 10st. 10lbs. W. I. 3lbs. allowed for each Rs. 100 down to Rs. 500. Allowance—Maidens, 5lbs.

Distance:—5 furlongs.

Mr. N. Beg Mahomed's CREDITOR, 8st. 2lbs., Bowley 1

Mr. F. R. Raja's GUINEA MOHUR, 9st. 3lbs., Mr. Crawford 2

Capt. S. J. Donovan's MERCY, 7st. 18lbs., Duller 3

Mr. Nasar Abdoola's FLYING MACHINE, 9st., Ahmed 4

Also ran:—Aga Pasha (Zammil 9st.), Ghalib (Pratt 8st. 9lbs.), Kader Beg (Kaikhosroo 8st. 6lbs.), Safi (Mujead 8st. 3lbs.), Pretender II (McGlone 8st.), Startler (Purtoosingh 7st. 5lbs.), Papa (Yussuf 7st. 5lbs.).

The Race:—This was run off down the new five furlong straight, and it was quite impossible to give any idea of how the field was placed. Creditor and Guinea Mohur were seen to be in the van, the former winning by 2 lengths, ½ length 2nd and 3rd, 1½ lengths 3rd and 4th.

Time:—1 min. 8 2/5 secs.

Investments on Totalisators:—Win Rs. 8,550, Place Rs. 9,120.

Dividends Paid:—Win Rs. 29, Place Rs. 14-8 Rs. 21-8, Rs. 19.

THE OLD YEAR PLATE.

Winner, Rs. 1,000; second, Rs. 300; third, Rs. 200. For horses which have not won flat race value Rs. 2,000 or over since 31st March 1911. W. A. and C. reduced 10lbs. Penalties—Winners since 31st March 1911, of flat race value Rs. 700 or over; once, 6lbs., twice, 12lbs., oftener 11lbs. Allowances—Ponies 14-2 and under, 5lbs., Maidens 10lbs.

Distance:—5 furlongs.

Mr. Goff's TWA BRIGS, 8st. 13lbs., Clarke. 1

Mr. Pitt's IMPECUNIOUS, 8st. 11lbs., Duller 2

Mr. L. K. Kapadia's LADY DOUGLAS, 8st. 13lbs., Bombay 3

Mr. Kelso's LORD ROBERT, 8st. 13lbs., Kaikhosroo 4

Also ran:—Lord Reay (McGlone 9st. 11lbs.), Master Delaval (Pratt 8st. 7lbs.), Devereux (Meah Jan 8st. 7lbs.), Lady R. (Native 7st. 10lbs.), Wild Bird (Purtoosingh 7st. 9lbs.).

The Race:—This was also run on the new sprint course, and so far as could be judged Twa Brigs had the measure of his field from the start and had the race won all the way, 3 lengths, 2 lengths between 2nd and 3rd, 3 lengths 3rd and 4th.

Time:—1 min. 1 3/5 secs.

Investments on Totalisators:—Win Rs. 9,370, Place Rs. 9,200.

Dividends Paid:—Win Rs. 91-8, Place Rs. 12-8, Rs. 17-8.

A SELLING PLATE.

Winer, Rs. 1,000; second, Rs. 300; third, Rs. 200. For Maiden Arabs entered to be sold and for Rs. 1,000. W. A. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under 4lbs.

Distance:—6 furlongs.

Mr. M. S. Rashid's GOLDEN DUCAT, 9st. 2lbs., Mr. Crawford 1

Mr. A. R. Dakeel's KOKAB, 9st. 2lbs. Mujeed 2

Mr. R. R. S.'s IRON CHEST, 9st. 2lb. Kaikhosroo 3

Messrs. Goculdass and Mathuradass's THABASHIR, 8st. 13lbs., Pratt 4

Also ran:—Farash (Luckman 9st. 3lbs.), Fathibeg 9st. 2lbs.), Sirmust (Clarke 9st. 2lbs.), Young Berlin (Japheth 8st. 13lbs.), Moc-a-Fig (McGlone 8st. 13lbs.), Mootavuz (Purtoosingh 7st. 13lbs.).

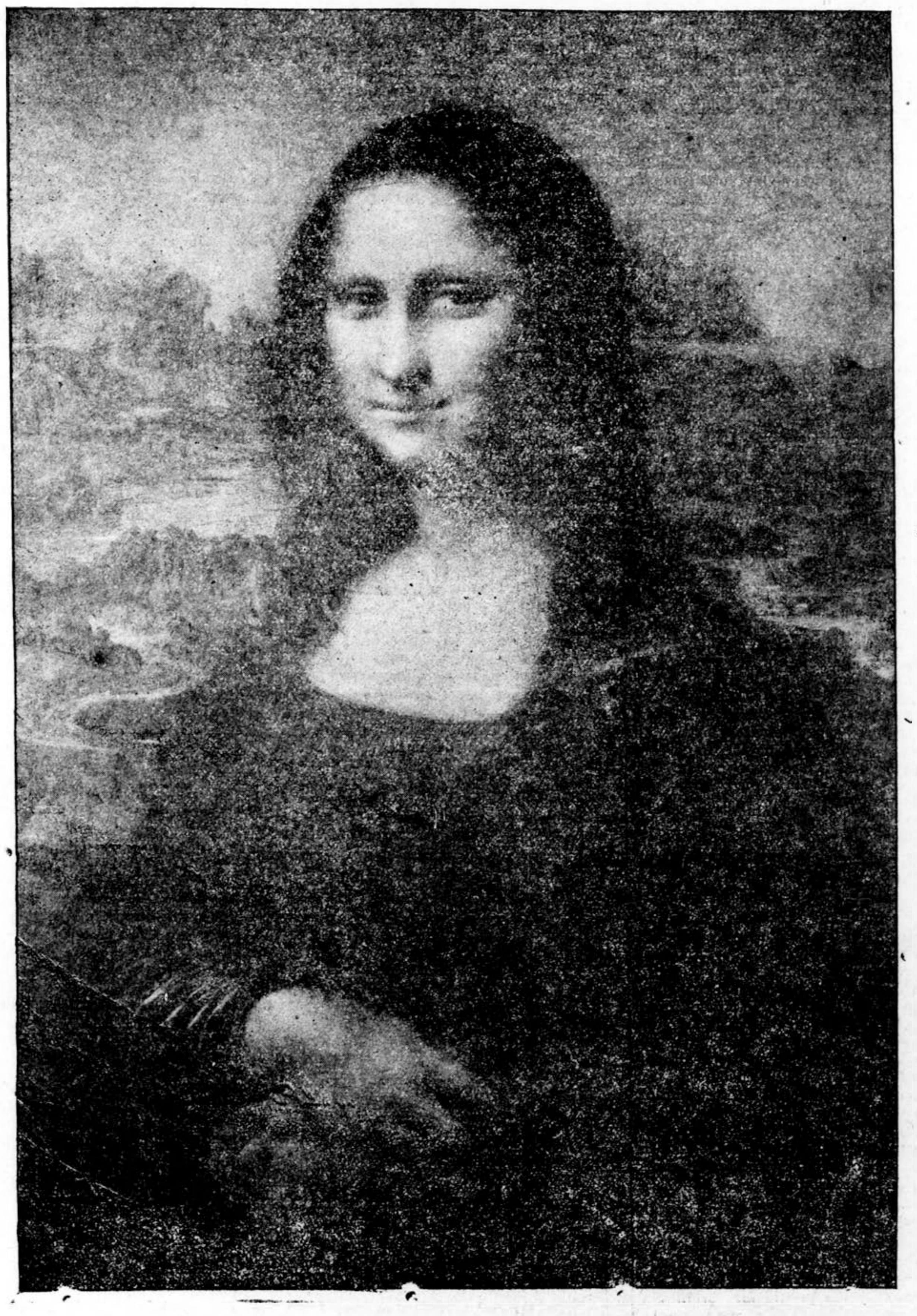
The Race:—Moo-a-Fig led out followed by Iron Chest, Golden Ducat, Kokab and Thabashir. A good race home resulted in Golden Ducat winning by ½ length from Kokab, neck 2nd and 3rd, 2 lengths 3rd and 4th.

Time:—1 min. 24 4/5 secs.

Investments on Totalisators:—Win Rs. 10,970, Place Rs. 9,020.

Dividends Paid:—Win Rs. 64-8, Places Rs. 25. Rs. 13-8, Rs. 19.

LA GIOCONDA.



The above is a reproduction of the famous "Monna Lisa" which was stolen from the Louvre in 1911 and has now been recovered in Florence. The picture disappeared on the morning of Monday, August 21st, 1911. The frame, a valuable one in carved wood, which was presented by the Comtesse de Beara in 1905—together with the glass—was found on a staircase which leads directly from the Salon Carre, where the picture was hung, to an inner courtyard. This staircase was reserved for the use of the staff of the Museum.

This being a day on which the Museum was closed to the general public it was generally believed, as has now been shown to be the case, that the theft was the work of an employee. The theft was not discovered until the next morning and consequently no enquiry was begun until 28 hours after it had been committed. Several officials were severally punished for the laxity which permitted such a daring outrage to take place.

The "Gioconda" is the portrait of Monna Lisa, a celebrated beauty, and the wife of Francisco de Gioconda, a Florentine citizen of the early 16th century, and Leonard da Vinci worked at it for four years and then without being able to finish it as he intended. Francis I. bought it for the enormous sum of 12,000 French pounds. The portrait shows a three-quarter face of Monna Lisa, who is represented seated in a chair with the face turned towards the left. The hands are crossed, and a light veil, held in place by a fine silken thread, covers the back of the head and the fall of very curly hair to the shoulder. In the background of the painting is a lake—the foreshore studded with rocks.

It is the divine magic smile on Monna Lisa's lips that has made the masterpiece immortal. Before now the fame of 'La Gioconda" has preyed upon weak minds. Monna Lisa seemed to have a morbid fascination for many men. An attendant says that he used to watch them often gazing for hours in a kind of trance at the mysteriously smiling Floretine.

EXTENSION OF THE RACE COURSE.

◆

The Committee appointed by the Corporation to report on the Commissioner's letters regarding the Western India Turf Club's application for permission to extend a portion of the Race Course over a part of the land handed over by Government to the Municipality for use as a Storm Water Reservoir, reports that after careful consideration, in consultation with the Commissioner, they see no objection to the land being rented to the Turf Club, as recommended in the Commissioner's letter, dated the 17th June 1913, on a strictly permissive tenure, namely, that the Turf Club shall remove the extension when called upon to do so and pay rent for the land actually occupied.

GOLF.

◆

THE MACDONALD CUP DRAW.

In the qualifying round of the competition for the Macdonald Cup which was played last Thursday, Johnson, Kidson, Begbie, Coombs, Hargreaves and Hollinghurst qualified for the first six places, England, Russ and Longbottom tieing for the seventh and eighth. These three competitors played off on Sunday morning to decide the matter when Russ and Longbottom were successful England not playing up to his usual form. Longbottom put in the best card as with a round of 44 and a handicap of 4 he returned a 40. He played a very good steady game with the exception of the fifth hole to which he took seven strokes. Russ was round in 47 which included two sevens at the fifth and the seventh hole. The following is the draw for the match play under handicap over nine holes, the final round being decided over eighteen holes.

FIRST ROUND.

(A) T. N. Begbie (scr.) v. F. Hollinghurst (—3).

(B) J. Longbottom (—4) v. S. A. Johnson (—5).

(C) T. Hargreaves (scr.) v. F. Kidson (—3).

(D) E. E. Coombs (scr) v. C. A. Russ (—2).

SEMI-FINALS.

(X) Winner of A. v. Winner of B.

(Y) Winner of C. v. Winner of D.

FINAL.

Winner of X v. Winner of Y.

On Wednesday and Thursday next there will be a handicap competition for the Madras Silver Medal.

RADIOGRAMS FOR THE HARDINGE.

◆

The Karachi Radio Office has been in touch with the transport Hardinge since 1 a.m. on Saturday. Radio messages will be accepted up to 6 a.m. to-morrow.

THEOSOPHICAL LECTURE.

◆

Mr. Faredum. K. Dadachanji B.A., LL.B. will lecture in Gujarati at the Hall of the Theosophical Society (21, Hornby Road, Fort) this evening at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.). Subject:—"Lines and Teachings of Babi Saints' Parts II." The lecture is open to the public, and seats will be reserved for ladies.

CALCUTTA RACES.

◆

THIRD EXTRA MEETING.

A DAY FOR FAVOURITES.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 13.

The Calcutta Third Extra Meeting proved the best of the first three. The fields were large in all the races, but there was very little money except on favourites and second favourites. Bookmakers fared rather badly, as four out of the seven events were won by favourites and the rest by well backed second favourites. Ruize was in great form and carried off three races. The attendance was large.

Details:—

PONY HURDLE HANDICAP.—2 miles over 8 flights.

Mr. Louvet's GLORY, 10-3, McNeilage 1

Col. Desraj Urs' MOLLY D, 11-1, Williamson 2

Mr. Roy Chowdhury's RULING PASSION, 12-0, Hayes 3

Also ran:—Mesalliance 11-12, Tarfoot 11-12, Ormley 8-0 (fell).

Betting:—2's on Glory, 3's on Tarfoot and Molly D, 4's Mesalliance, 10's the rest.

Totalisators paid Rs. 29 for win, Rs. 13, Rs. 14 and Rs. 33 for places.

The Race:—To a good start Tarfoot led, followed by Molly D, and Glory, then Mesalliance and Ormley, and Ruling Passion last. Ormley fell at the fourth hurdle near the five furlong post. Tarfoot fell back, Glory went to the front, followed by Molly D, and won easily by 3½ lengths. 3 lengths between 2nd and 3rd.

Time:—4 mins. and 2¼ secs.

SECOND STEEPLECHASE FOR HORSES.—2¼ miles.

Capt. Astor's SIDBROOK, 11-1, Mr. Hilliard 1

Mr. Goculdas's SOLUTION, 11-1, Hoyt ... 2

Mr. Satt's ROYAL SCOTLAND, 10-10 3

Also ran:—Acona Lad and Metal Girl.

Betting:—Evens Sidbrook, 7 to 4 Solution, 10's Metal Girl, longer odds the rest.

Totalisators paid Rs. 20 for win, Rs. 13 and Rs. 24 for places.

The Race:—Sidbrook led all through and won pulling up by half a length, 12 lengths between 2nd and 3rd.

Time:—4 mins. and 53 4/5 secs.

CHARNOCK PLATE.—5 furlongs.

Mr. Goculdas's REFRESHER, 10-1, Ruiz ... 1

Mr. Alec's VILLAGE GIRL, 7-0, Andrews ... 2

Major Holden and Mr. Scott's LADY MARCHMINT, 8-7, Mr. Evers 3

Also ran:—Box-of-Toys 8-0, Gipsy's Advice 9-11, Blue Duck 9-6, Go On 9-4, Alice 8-6, May Kenley 8-0, Mauveron 7-12, Kiora 7-7, Donald Wallace 6-10.

Betting:—2's Refresher, 4's Blue Duck and Mauveron, 8's or more the rest.

Totalisators paid Rs. 32 for win, Rs. 19, Rs. 29 and Rs. 42 for places.

The Race:—Village Girl led out of a hot pace with Mauveron at the head of the rest of the field a few lengths off. The leader seemed to be winning, but opposite the stand Refresher came and overhauled her, winning eventually by half a length, one length between 2nd and 3rd.

Time:—1 min. 4¼ secs.

FORT PLATE.—5 furlongs.

Messrs. Dass and Paris's NUNCIO' 8-7, Solomon 1

Mr. Goculdas's POLISH, 8-12, Ruiz 2

Mr. Garda's LUMINATION, 9-5, W. Southall 3

Also ran:—Watch Tower 9-5, Kempion 9-9, Harene 8-7, Watteau 8-2, Corridor 8-2, Rosa Chamberlain 8-0, Eagle Bird 8-0, Risk Royal 7-6.

Betting:—Evens Polish, 3's Nuncio, 4's Kempion, 7's Watteau, longer prices the rest.

Totalisators paid Rs. 55 for win, Rs. 15, Rs. 13 and Rs. 18 for places.

The Race:—A good start, Lumination, Polish, Nuncio and Kempion being the foremost. Opposite the stand Nuncio forged ahead, followed by Polish, and after a ding-dong finish won by ¾ length, ¾ length between 2nd and 3rd.

Time:—1 min. 2¼ secs.

CANNING PLATE.—6 furlongs.

Mr. Goculdas's ARKANGELO, 8-8, Ruiz ... 1

Mr. Scott's UP-GUARDS, 8-1, Mr. Evers ... 2

Mr. Norton's LITTLE SCOTT, 7-11, Crowden 3

Also ran:—Don Urbano 7-8, Lawn Sand 10-3, Bulldog 9-13, Lady Avice 9-12, Solticoff 9-8, Vic's Pride 8-13, Rebuilt 8-12, Decidedly 8-6, First Love 8-5, Reinstated Now 8-3, Forget-Me-Not 8-1, Sidewalk 7-12, Sunder 7-12, Affluence 7-12, Miss Drake 7-11, Black Sand 7-10, Irish Gull 7-9.

Betting:—Evens Arkangelo, 8's Miss Drake, Vic's Pride, longer prices the rest.

Totalisators paid Rs. 24 for win, Rs. 16, Rs. 50 and Rs. 63 for places.

The Race:—The start was a beautiful one. Arkangelo from the very beginning held the lead and, stalling off a hot challenge from Up-Guards, won by ¾ length, half a length between 2nd and 3rd.

Time:1 min. 18½ secs.

WOLSELEY PLATE.—1¼ mile.

Mr. Raichaudhuri's MILLINER, 7-13, Ames. 1

Mr. Desoyzas's METAMAC, 7-13, Trenoweth 2

Mr. Heather's BLACK BUCK, 9-9, Gardy. 3

Also ran:—Mayfowl 9-9, Gunboat 9-9, Saxonite 9-9, Valerius 9-9, Jemina 9-9, Shining Way 9-5, Jacamar 9-3, Matchlock 8-12, Franconi 8-11, Sea Lad 8-6.

Betting:—Evens Black Buck, 4's Milliner, 16's Metamac, longer prices the rest.

Totalisators paid Rs. 66 for win, Rs. 16, Rs. 48 and Rs. 14 for places.

The Race.—To a good start Jemina with Black Buck took up the lead; at the distance Milliner challenged and won easily by 2½ lengths. Metamac coming with a strong run at the finish beat Black Buck by 1½ length.

Time:—2 mins. 10 3/8 secs.

CORNWALLIS PLATE.—Distance R. C.

Mr. Goculdas's PICNIC, 9-12, Ruiz 1

Mr. Gaul[illegible]san's SCOTCH PLAID, 7-7, Ferguson 2

Mr. Dass's THE WITCH, 7-9, Solomon 3

Also ran:—Ballymachema 8-8, Sosana 8-3, Double Chin 8-6, Miss Santoi 7-13, Join 6-10, Tomy Daw 7-0.

Betting:—35 Picnic, Evens Sosana, 45 The Witch, 65 Scotch Plaid, longer prices the rest.

Totalisators paid Rs. 36 for win, Rs. 172, Rs. 60 and Rs. 28 for places.

The Race:—To a lovely start Picnic shot in front and leading all through won by 1½ length, a neck between 2nd and 3rd.

Time:—2 mins. 58½ secs.

HOCKEY.

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BOMBAY GYMKHANA (2), R. G. A. (2).

One of the best games seen this season took place on Saturday when the Bombay Gymkhana and R. G. A. met on the former's ground. Twice before these teams have met, when the Artillery proved superior, but on this occasion the result was an even draw in which neither could claim an advantage on the play as the civilians were better represented than previously. With the exception of Simpson, still on the sick list, the Gymkhana had their best forward line out and they shewed better combination as well as pace. Quinn and Rigby are very sound halves with a hard worker in Kilby and in partnership with Lees at back Slade bore out the good impression made when he recently turned out for the first time. Bivar shot both their goals, one in each half; the score being one all at the interval.

About the same team as before was out for the R. G. A. and they are a hard defence to beat. The forwards also kept the opposition very busy, especially the two on the left wing. Captain Slater at centre uses sound judgment and put through one of the goals, the other going to his inside left.

As mentioned, it was a hard game, keenly contested all the way, and ending as follows:—

Bombay Gymkhana:—2 goals.

R. G. A.:—2 goals.

SPORT AT HOME.

Events of The Week.

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Nov. 28.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

It may be said that there were no surprises in the three leading Leagues on Saturday. Only one visiting club won in the First Division, and one in the Second Division, while two visiting teams were on the visiting side in the Southern League. This is a very unusual state of affairs. The winning clubs in the First Division scored 23 goals to six; in the Second Division matters were more level, the winners scoring 14 goals to eight; while in the Southern League the winning teams scored 21 to seven. The score of three goals to two by which Blackburn Rovers defeated Sheffield Wednesday hardly represents the superiority of the winners. The Rovers have now a clear lead over Manchester United, and Sunderland and they are again playing in the convincing style in which they opened the season.

Manchester United are not doing so well as their friends would like. The last two weeks have proved barren for them, nor does their play quite proclaim the championship class, good though it may be. There is no doubt, that the League Championship is a much more open affair than appeared likely a few weeks ago. Sunderland and West Bromwich Albion, who played a draw at Roker Park, are both going well. Of the two Sunderland may have the more supporters, chiefly because of the fine physique and stamina of their players, but for sheer science the Albion would be hard to beat. The latter are undoubtedly the lightest team in the League, and what they lack in weight and inches they must make up for in cleverness. It would be a fine thing if the Midlanders could win the championship, and if they do so it will be chiefly because of their wonderful defence. It is quite obvious that Pennington, Smith, and Pearson are as strong a trio as any in the country. They have only given away nine goals in 13 matches.

The best score of the day was made at Bradford, where the City Club took five goals from Bolton Wanderers, a team that up till Saturday had done uncommonly well. The next best score was made by the Hotspur, who scored four goals in the first half, and won by that score to one scored by Weston. The Spurs were without Cantrell their centre-forward who can never be adequately replaced, but Bauchop made an excellent substitute. It was a fairly good game, but Everton at the moment are not difficult to beat. It is rather odd that Chelsea, who have been playing quite well, should provide Manchester City with their first victory at Manchester. It was a very even game, and the visitors were, if anything, unlucky to lose. Preston North End had no chance at Villa Park, and have won, but one game out of 14. They seem doomed to return to the second division whence they came, but Burnley, the other promoted club, are doing well enough, although they lost to Middlesbrough by the odd goal in three.

Bradford are now making strong running in the Second Division, and if their victory at Barnsley is an earnest of what they are capable of, they must have a big chance of promotion. Notts County were pegged back at Hull, where the City Club are usually dangerous to tackle, while the win of Woolwich Arsenal over Birmingham at Highbury, brings them into the third place. Birmingham played a splendid game against the Arsenal, and were unlucky not to share the points. Woolwich are not the good team that they were thought to be at the beginning of the season. Both defence and attack leave a good deal to be desired, but when Benson their new back who has been transferred from Sheffield United, turns out—he arrived too late on Saturday—we shall doubtless see an improvement in the rear. Rutherford is the only first class man in the forward ranks. Lord Kinnaird was an interested spectator at the match. Clapton Orient did well to bring a point from Lincoln, but Fulham, after being two goals to the good at half-time could only draw with Grimsby Town.

Like other clubs Swindon seems to be feeling the strain of League football, for they could only manage to draw with Brighton at the railway town; Thus, in three successive games they have only gained two points. Crystal Palace made a pretty good second in the League, but they suffered an unexpected reverse at Park Royal, where the Rangers defeated them by 3—0. The Rangers' forwards for once were rampant. It is not often the Palace give away three goals without reply. Miller looks like making a splendid centre-forward for the Rangers. West Ham at home proved too strong for Gillingham, but the London clubs as a whole are not doing any too well. Millwall failed at Exeter, and being still in the last two will have to improve to make sure of keeping their place in the League. This is rather a sad state of affairs for the Millwall club. Watford and Portsmouth were the only two visiting clubs to win, and each did splendidly in defeating Southampton and Cardiff City respectively.

Last Saturday's Scottish League games provided several surprise results, none being more so than the defeat of Rangers at Motherwell while it was only in the last minutes that Hearts were able to divide the points with Dundee, both results being if anything against the run of the play. In Glasgow Celtic had by no means the easy task they expected against Hamilton Academicals, the only goal coming from Gallagher three minutes from time. It was Celtic's tenth successive victory. Before another 12,000 crowd Partick Thistle rather easily proved their superiority over Kilmarnock. Thistle scored through Brancombe, Hamilton, and Gardiner, another goal coming as the result of Waddell heading through his own goal, while Cunningham and Cully each netted for Kilmarnock.

Third Lanark disappointed their following by a weak display against Raith Rovers, and but for Brownlie's goal-keeping in the second half, their defeat would have been heavier. Martin, the ex-Sunderland player, scored first goal for his side the second coming as a result of **Armstrong putting the** ball through his own goal from a centre by Rattray. The defeat of Rangers at Motherwell, which was the sensation of the day, was brought about by a remarkably fine display on the part of Motherwell goal-keeper and backs—Hampton, Wilson and Kelly. Gilchrist got the only goal of the game for Motherwell just before the interval and although Rangers did three-fourths of the attacking in the second half they could not get the equaliser.

Dundee had again to bless Lyall's goal-keeping and Kelso's work at back for a division of the points against Hearts. Two goals from Hogg and Hamilton gave Dundee the lead at the interval, but in the second half Hearts equalised matters through Graham and Dawson. Falkirk had to work hard for their victory against Dumbarton, the latter being severely handicapped through having to play the whole of the second half with ten men, Miller, their smart goal-keeper, having his leg broken in collision with a Falkirk forward. Dumbarton's veteran, Speedie, opened the scoring, but before the finish, Robertson, Croal, and M'Naught counted for Falkirk, the last-named player being the best forward on the field.

Aberdeen got their second victory of the season at the expense of Queen's Park at Aberdeen, but on the play the amateurs deserved one of the points. Wyllie and Travers scored for Aberdeen, and Morton for Queen's. Clyde disappointed by their play against Ayr United, Robertson getting first goal for Ayr as the result of a mistake by a Clyde back, and the second coming from a penalty kick. Ayr, however deserved their victory, if only for the forceful work of their forwards, who combined well.

Airdrieonians took complete command of the game against Hibernians at Edinburgh, their forward work being brilliant, and they deserved all four goals scored by Paterson (2), Donaldson and Thomson. Smith got Hibernians' only point. A somewhat rough and fast game between St. Mirren and Greenock Morton ended in the Paisley team having several players injured, and the Greenock team got two goals scored by Paterson and Buchanan.

The following are the League tables up to date:—

THE LEAGUE.—DIVISION I.

	P.	W.	D.	L.	Goals For	Goals Agst	Pts
Blackburn R.	14	9	3	2	39	16	21
Manchester U.	13	9	0	4	25	12	18
Sunderland	14	7	4	3	28	17	18
W. Bromwich	13	6	5	2	15	9	17
Bolton Wand.	13	7	3	3	28	18	17
Bradford City	13	5	6	2	17	12	16
Oldham Ath.	13	7	2	4	22	18	16
Tottenham H.	14	6	3	5	25	25	15
Burnley	14	5	4	5	25	17	14
Sheffield Utd.	14	6	1	7	25	26	13
Aston Villa	13	5	2	6	15	18	12
Newcastle U.	13	5	2	6	12	15	12
Sheffield W.	14	6	0	8	19	25	12
Chelsea	13	5	1	7	20	25	11
Everton	13	4	3	6	18	27	11
Derby County	14	3	5	6	23	30	11
Middlesbro'gh	13	3	4	6	17	25	10
Liverpool	13	3	4	6	11	26	10
Manchester C.	13	2	5	6	14	20	9
Preston N.E.	14	1	3	10	7	24	5

THE LEAGUE.—DIVISION II.

	P.	W.	D.	L.	Goals For	Goals Agst	Pts
Notts County	15	8	3	4	28	15	19
Bradford City	13	9	0	4	23	20	18
Woolwich A.	13	7	3	3	19	15	17
Leeds City	12	7	2	3	25	16	16
Hull City	13	6	4	3	17	11	16
W'hampton W.	14	6	4	4	13	12	16
Bury	12	6	3	3	14	9	15
Fulham	13	6	3	4	20	14	15
Bristol City	13	5	4	4	20	16	14
Leicester F.	14	7	0	7	26	19	14
Clapton O	12	4	5	3	9	7	13
Barnsley	12	4	5	3	15	14	13
Birmingham	13	5	3	5	15	22	13
Grimsby Tn.	13	4	4	5	15	20	12
Huddersfield	13	3	5	5	15	13	11
Stockport C.	12	3	4	5	16	22	10
Lincoln City	15	3	3	9	12	23	9
Glossop	13	3	2	8	11	24	8
Blackpool	13	1	5	7	10	20	7
Notts Forest	14	2	2	10	14	26	6

SOUTHERN LEAGUE, DIVISION I.

	P.	W.	D.	L.	Goals. For	Goals. Agst	Pt
Swindon Tn	13	10	2	1	31	12	22
Crystal Pal.	14	7	5	2	24	14	19
Reading	15	8	2	5	16	14	18
Northampton	14	6	5	3	14	12	17
Brighton & H.	14	6	5	3	14	12	17
Plymouth A.	14	7	3	4	17	17	17
Portsmouth	13	6	3	4	19	14	15
Southend Utd.	15	5	4	6	20	25	14
Exeter City	13	5	3	5	15	11	13
West Ham U	13	5	3	5	24	21	13
Norwich City	14	3	7	4	14	17	13
Gillingham	15	6	1	8	21	24	13
Queen's P'k R.	13	4	4	5	14	15	12
Merthyr Tn.	14	4	4	6	13	21	12
Coventry City	15	3	6	6	19	32	12
Watford	16	4	4	8	22	19	12
Southampton	14	4	3	7	19	24	11
Bristol Rvrs.	13	3	4	6	13	17	10
Millwall	13	2	6	5	14	23	10
Cardiff City	13	3	2	8	17	19	8

SCOTTISH LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	D.	L.	Goals. For	Goals. Agst	Pts
Celtic	16	13	1	2	35	8	27
Heart of M'n.	16	10	5	1	32	9	25
Glasgow Rgrs.	16	11	1	4	34	13	23
Greenock Mtn.	14	10	1	3	28	19	21
Airdrieonians	16	7	6	3	26	18	20
Falkirk	17	7	6	4	28	24	20
Dundee	16	9	1	6	25	21	19
Clyde	14	4	6	4	20	18	14
Ayr United	15	6	2	7	23	33	14
Hibernians	16	6	2	8	23	27	14
3rd Lanark	13	5	3	5	14	18	13
Paisley St. M.	15	6	1	8	19	21	13
Raith Rovers	16	5	3	8	20	25	13
Partick This.	15	4	4	7	18	20	12
Motherwell	15	5	2	8	18	27	12
Dumbarton	13	4	3	6	16	23	11
Queen's Park	15	3	4	8	20	32	10
Aberdeen	16	2	5	9	13	28	9
Hamilton Aca.	15	2	3	10	16	23	7
Kilmarnock	15	2	3	10	19	40	7

RUGBY.

The team to represent England against the South in the International Rugby trial match at Twickenham on Saturday December 6, has been chosen as follows:—

*W. R. Johnston (Bristol).

*V. H. M. Coates (Bath), *R. W. Poulton (Liverpool), *A. J. Dingle (Durham), and *F. M. Stoop (Harlequins).

*Lieutenant F. E. Oakeley (United Services) and *Assistant Constructor W. J. A. Davies (United Services).

*J. A. King (Headingley), *G. Ward (Leicester), *C. H. Pillman (Blackheath), *S. Smart (Gloucester), C. R. Marshall (Devon Albion), *J. H. Eddison (Ilkley), L. C. Blencowe (Headingley), and G. Holford (Gloucester).

*An old International.

It was expected that the back division would to a great extent be based on the team that did duty against Scotland at Twickenham last March, and anticipations have proved correct. Of course, W. R. Johnston was a certainty for full back, provided that he kept well, but there was some doubt concerning the wing three-quarters, for Coates was said to be rather below his best form, while Lowe has been suffering from a damaged arm, and this injury kept him out of the Cambridge team on Saturday.

Lowe, like Coates, played in all England's internationals last season, but the Cantab—like other "Blues" with claims for inclusion—has not been chosen owing to the 'Varsity match on December 9. However the Bath man has again "caught the eye" of the selectors, and of course Poulton was a certainty. F. N. Tarr, who has played some fine games, appeared against Scotland last March, but he is passed over, and the three-quarter line is completed by Dingle, who played against Ireland, and the younger Stoop, whose only cap last season was gained against the South Africans.

There was little doubt concerning the selection of the half-backs, for Davies and Oakley have been getting plenty of work together in the United Services' game and they are not likely to let the side down.

Forward, a different tale has to be told. N. A. Wodehouse is away; L. G. Brown has not had much hard practice; A. L. Kewney is on the retired list; J. A. S. Ritson was recently injured, and A. E. Kitching was out of the running. Thus we had King, Ward, C. H. Pillman, and Smart left of those who were capped last season. Of the four to keep them company, two come from Yorkshire and the others from the West. All have been well spoken of, and the South will have a stiff task when they take the field at Twickenham.

The results of the Universities' matches on Saturday only tend to strengthen the opinion that Cambridge will prove victorious in the battle of the Blues on December 9, for whereas the Light Blues without three such players as Wallace, Lowe, and Symington, and with the added misfortune of losing Scott early in the game, could yet find winning form against a strong Old Merchant Taylors side, Oxford have to chronicle another reverse, Gloucester beating them by the margin of a penalty gaol.

The fact that the Dark Blues have lost a couple of their engagements, owing to infringements of the rules necessitating penalties is unfortunate, but need not be taken as a reflection on the side. Slips are made by the most rigid sticklers for the rules of the game, and Oxford's delinquencies have been brought into the limelight by defeat resulting from them.

Apart from this, there can be no doubt that, compared with the Cantabs, they are but a moderate side. Whatever happens at Queen's Club, Cambridge have proved themselves a fine scoring team, and their defence, though not so sound as could be wished, has shown signs of improvement.

Against the O. M. T.'s, the Light Blues had much the better of matters in the first half, and perhaps the fourteen points lead they established induced them to take things a little easily in the second half. This is always a dangerous thing to do against the Taylors, who are as plucky a side as can be imagined, and the 'Varsity had to make another effort before they could feel assured of success.

De Villiers was once more the outstanding figure, and the failure of Baxter to handle his passes only served to emphasise the South African's brilliance. It was he who made the tries of Will and McIntosh possible, and Lewis was the prime mover in Greenwood's try. The little Welshman also dropped a goal, and the Taylors' tries were scored by Cockell (two) and Spencer. Cambridge, like Oxford, suffered from infringements, but the penalty goal Ryan placed for the Cantabs visitors did not affect the issue.

It was an even game between the Dark Blues and Gloucester, and the 'Varsity were unlucky to lose. They are unsettled as to their back division, and on Saturday tried Loudoun-Shand on the wing, but he was not by any means a success. The visitors' forwards are a useful lot, and they made things very warm at the start. It was mainly owing to their strong work that the City scored a couple of early tries through Webb After this, however, the Dark Blues were a different side altogether and Jenkins and Christisson made matters level. Christisson's was a very fine try but luck was against the 'Varsity, for both Crole and Jenkins had the misfortune to knock down the corner flag and they could make nothing of several penalty kicks awarded to them, while Gloucester, through Cook, used to the full the opportunity that came when the order was reversed.

On recent form Blackheath seemed to have a certain win at Richmond, but events proved quite different, and they had to struggle hard to share the honours. It was an interesting game for, after Ziegler had opened Richmond's account, the club commanded the exchanges, and a couple of tries came through R. L. Pillman and Walker. Then the home team had another turn, and Bloomer, the Trojans' and Hants County three-quarter dropped a goal, and Oglethorpe scored and majorised.

The second half was in the nature of a continuous struggle by Blackheath to get on terms, and they were lucky to do so, for Kingston seemed to lose the ball when his try was scored, and before the defence recovered from the incident, Stanley Cook was over again.

A remarkable game at Honor Oak ended in the defeat of Guy's Hospital by 13 points to 6, for so far as the balance of the attack went the Hospital had a big preponderance. The Harlequins' defence must be complimented on resisting such a determined lot as the Medicos are on their own ground, and the fact that they took the full advantage of the chances which came along entitles them to all the credit.

To be Continued.

CRICKET IN BOMBAY.

◆

AN INTERESTING FIXTURE.

An interesting cricket, match was played yesterday on the Elphinstone, Club pitch between twelve-a-side teams captained respectively by Mr. J. S. Warden and Mr. D. K. Kapadia. The fixture was arranged with the object of finding out new talent from among Parsi cricket colts. One of these A. H. Wadia (jur.) played a capital innings of 97, which was unmarred by a single chance and which was knocked off against some of the best Parsi bowling. Mr. Warden's team going in to bat first were all disposed of for a poor total of 96, the batsmen failing to achieve anything against the fine bowling of Mirzan. Elchidana was the top scorer for his side with 29 to his credit, and Warden who went in last but one in order to give colts a chance of proving their mettle was not out with 7. Mr. Kapadia's side responded with a total of 291 for 9 wickets when stumps were drawn, the match thus ending in a fine victory for them. Wadia (jur.) was the chief contributor with 97 to his credit, and P. S. Warden also played a fine innings of 51. The partnership between these two realised 161. Mirza carried off the bowling honours of the day, securing the handsome analysis of 6 wickets for 47 runs. Though the wicket assisted him considerably he bowled remarkably well, maintaining an excellent length throughout. Mr. P. N. Polishwalla and Mr. J. A. Master acted as umpires.

Several well-known cricketers were invited to lunch in the pavilion of the Young Zoroastrian Cricket Club. Dr. M. E. Pavri spoke a few words on the occasion, saying great credit was due to the Young Zoroastrian Cricket Club for arranging the fixture which was likely to do immense good to Parsi Cricket by giving the colts an opportunity of playing with tried veterans. He advocated the establishment of a shield for the junior teams in addition to the Spencer Shield. Such an arrangement, he said, would considerably reduce the congestion in the Spencer Shield competition.

An interesting fixture was announced to take place next month between the Baronet C. C., the winners of the Spencer Shield, and the rest of the clubs who had participated in the competition.

The scores:—

J. S. WARDEN'S TEAM.

J. A. Nowroji, b Mirzan,	4
A. H. Wadia (snr.), c Mistry, b Mirzan,	0
H. J. Vajifdar, run out,	20
N. F. Davar, c D Pavri, b Mirza	10
S. Daruwalla, c P. Warden, b Mistry,	9
K. Kapadia, b Mirzan	2
D. Mistry, c D. Capadia, b Batliwalla,	6
D. F. Daruwalla, c J. Driver, b Mistry	4
J. D. Antia (snr.), c A. Wadia, b Mirzan	0
J. H. Elchidana, st. J. Driver, b Mirzan	29
J. S. Warden, not out	7
P. D. Chottia, c Mirzan, b Batliwalla	3
Extras	2
Total	96

D. K. KAPADIA'S TEAM.

A. H. Wadia (jnr.), b J. S. Warden	97
M. R. Adenwalla, c S. Daruwalla, b Antia	4
P. S. Warden, retired	51
D. M. Pavri, retired	17
B. H. Mistry, b Vajifdar	8
S. B. Nagporewalla, retired	27
B. H. Mirzan, c J. Nowroji, b D. Daruwalla	26
J. D. Driver, l-b-w, b J. Naoroji	11
D. K. Kapadia, not out	18
J. Batliwalla, b D. Daruwalla	0
P. S. Pochkhanawalla and M. Mulla did not bat.	
Extras	32
Total (for 9 wickets)	291

AUSTRALIANS COMING TO INDIA.

News is to hand that the Australian team visiting Ceylon will, after all, visit India; being expected to arrive in Bombay at about the end of January. If the present suggestion is carried out, they will play two matches here and one each in Calcutta and Madras.

There is every assurance that this is so, and one can only hope that nothing will occur to prevent it. The benefit and interest of such a visit are obvious, and the news will be exceptionally welcome to enthusiasts.

HOCKEY.

◆

BOMBAY GYMKHANA (4), TELEGRAPHS (2).

A fairly easy win was secured by the Bombay Gymkhana when they met the Telegraph yesterday on the Marine Lines ground. The former had by no means their best eleven out, but nevertheless were not weak, Rollo and Waterwork were at back, the latter then changing places with Rigby at centre half. Simmonds shewed up well in this line, as did James, Bivar and Asher at forward.

The Telegraph had a smart set of forward, especially on the right, and their halves worked well but the defence was not very strong.

First to score were the Gymkhana through Bivar, then Asher added another, to which D'Silva responded with one. Before half time Bivar put in another; the Gymkhana thus leading by 3-1.

In the second half Asher got through again, the goal-keeper allowing a shot from outside the circle to go by. It struck the upright, however, and he had no difficulty in scoring. Soon after, Castell sent home a good, hard drive for the Telegraph. Asher had a great chance, but his shot went straight, to the custodian, full time arriving with no addition to the score, which was as under:—

BOMBAY GYMKHANA .... 4 goals.
TELEGRAPHS .... 2 goals.

SHERWOOD FORESTERS (3), LUSITANIANS (3).

Yesterday on the Marine Lines ground there was a very fast and even game between the Sherwood Foresters and Lusitanians. Each end was visited at frequent intervals and it was an open game till the last moment when the latter's goal-keeper saved a shot as the final whistle went.

At half time the civilians led by 2-1, but in the second moiety the scoring went the other way about and the score was eventually as follows:—

SHERWOOD FORESTERS ...... 3 goals.
LUSITANIANS .... 3 goals.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS

◆

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

"Kings of the Forest" is the chief attraction this week at the Excelsior Cinematograph. Full of sensational incidents, which grip the attention of the audience from start to finish, it is a story of the life in the jungles of the Transvaal. A jealous husband doubts his wife's fidility and goes away in anger, leaving the poor woman and their little daughter in the wild forest. The wife also subsequently leaves the small cottage to go back to her parents. Here the real interest of the story commences, and sensational incidents follow one another with startling rapidity. The child has a miraculous escapes from the jaws of the lions, and in the end the husband and wife are united, and all return to the cottage, which they had only a short time ago left, with the determination of never seeing it again. "His Double" is a screamingly funny comic, and there are, besides these, two other interesting films. The variety side of the programme is represented by Mr. Arthur Canworth, whose proficiency in bango playing is really wonderful. It is a treat to hear him play a bango, and nobody should miss the opportunity of paying the Excelsior a visit this week.

SALE FRANCAISE.

◆

Mr. B. V. Dalal read a paper on "Theatre de Musset" at the Salle Francaise on Thursday last. After a brief introduction of the lecturer by Prof. Peltier to the audience Mr. Dalal was asked to read his paper. In the course of his lecture Mr. Dalal touched upon six of Musset's **most interesting and** important dramas, and explained the arguments and beauty of those plays in a short but lucid manner. The first play discussed by him was "Lorenzaccio" the lengthiest and the most stirring of all the plays of the author. The argument of the play was that the ambition of ameliorating mankind is simply useless and futile; the hero of the play undertakes to play the part of Brutus in the world. He pays a heavy price in fulfiling his object; he has to take the path of vice, he believes at first that he is sufficiently able to get rid of his vice but he discovers in the end that vicious habits, **when once** acquired, are not easily to be shaken off. The remaining five dramas had for their main argument the different aspects of love—as conceived by the author in his own imagnation and experienced by him at several stages of his romantic life. "Barberine" shows a woman's fidelity to her husband; "Il ne faut jurer de Rieu" illustrates the powerful influence of the simplicity of heart and innocence and maidenly life. "On ne Madine pas Avec L'Amour" emphasises the greatness and happiness of married life. "Chaudelier" and Les Caprices de Marianne" show the woman's ways and whims and the weakness of man to dote on her.

At frequent intervals, Prof. Peltier read some very interesting passages from several plays in his usually dramatic and instructive way. The paper lasted for about an hour. The lecture ended by a few encouraging remarks from Mr. Levy.

THE ALCAZAR.

◆

The Alcazar has a number of attractive items on its programme this week. Chief of these is the turn by the Gould Brothers, who are billed as "terrific whirewind dancers", and did not belie the description at their perfomance on Saturday **night. They** have performed before the King at the London Hippodrome, and the younger of the brothers has been for sometime with the Imperial Russian dancers. Opening with a medley chorus with banjo and mandoline accompaniment, they quite captured the audience in the Dandy dance, while the "Human Top" item, as a feat in dexterity alone will prove a draw, and well merited the enthusiastic applause accorded them. Miss Doreen Dale, the other variety turn, did not command as warm a reception as the Gould Brothers, but received quite a flattering encore for her rendering of "Come away to Canada", and responded with "Billy's First Cigaette," which may be commended for the histronic rather than the musical ability displayed.

The star film of the week is the drama "The Genoese Conspiracy", which contains much with a popular appeal; a wicked lover and a fair maid, an abduction, an attempted murder, and a wife slain by a sword thrust intended for the villian. In this as in the other films, the scenic effects were admirable. The picture study of Arabia was most attractive.

OLYMPIA.

◆

The author of the Waverly Novels is a great favourite with the cultured and crowds of enthusiasts assembled on Saturday and Sunday nights at the Olympia Cinema theatre to witness the throwing of Siir Walter Scott's "Ivanhoe" on the screen. The audience warmly welcomed this wonderful film. Another good film is "Oil and Water" and the comics are equally good.

AMERICA-INDIA.

◆

"The Daughter of the Spy" is the star film this week at the America-India cinema. The film is full of perfect photography and excellent acting. Many interesting and thrilling episodes abound in the story and Saturday's and Sunday's full houses hugely enjoyed them. A pair of fine comics and a coloured picture showing views of a shooting party in Abyssinia made up an altogether charming programme.

SUICIDE OF AN UNEMPLOYED.

◆

Mr. G. F. Chalk, the Coroner, held an inquest yesterday at the Morgue on the body of Vithal Bhikaji (25) who died of opium poisoning at the J. J. Hospital. The deceased was removed to the hospital by the police from Gilder Street, when it was found that he was suffering from opium poisoning.

The deceased, according to the evidence of his brother lived at Kamatipura, and was formerly employed in the Municipality. He had not been to work for the last two months. Witness did not suspect any foul play. He thought the deceased having no employment and other troubles had committed suicide.

The jury returned a verdict of suicide.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

◆

AN ATTRACTIVE VARIETY PROGRAMME.

The Royal Opera House re-opened on Saturday night, with a really attractive variety programme the chief attractions of which are Von Arx, an illusionist and conjuror and Captain Jack Kelly and Miss Violet Kelly, stockwhip and lasso artists. Von Arx describes himself as "The World's Premier Illusionist." This is a fairly tall order, but its actual veracity need not be argued, as he, at any rate, is a first-class illusionist and does some fairly astonishing things. One can remember the time when one box trick, or one "disappearance" illusion or one "levitation" mystery formed the star feature of a magician's programme. But Von Arx does them all and rushes from one to another without a moment's interval, except for those he fills up with equally clever conjuring and sleight-of-hand tricks. His substitution illusion is the most original of the mysteries he performs and is very ingenious and clever. The "levitation" illusion evidently completely mystified the audience, and he did the famous Box Trick that originated from the Egyptian Hall as quickly and bewilderingly as we remember to have seen it done by anyone. Von Arx promises a number of other illusions during the week and his programme will undergo frequent changes. He announced last night that on Tuesday he will present an act called "The Human Target" which is the most sensational ever performed by any illusionist. He will allow himself to be shot at by a gunner of the Royal Artillery with a .303 cartridge and will catch the bullet. Of course we have seen this sort of thing before but as Von Arx says his is the most sensational act ever performed, he is, presumably, going to do it more sensationally than other performers.

The Kellys are very wonderful performers with the Australian stock-whip. They put out candles, lighted matches, cut cigarettes in half, and cut tiny pieces of paper into sections with whips varying in length up to 40 feet, and keep up a sort of feu de joie with the cracks. Captain Kelly is extraordinary clever at all this and Miss Kelly extraordinarily cool and collected and amusing, while he whips her round the arms and neck, without inflicting a single injury or mark. It is a most original and exhilirating exhibition. But it is not so wonderful, perhaps, as Captain Kelly's really extraordinary performances with pieces of lasso rope. With one swing he will tie a length of rope into series of knots, and he performs a number of other feats that are so astonishing that one can well credit his claim that they can be performed by no one but himself.

There is a Zanczig lady called "The Woman in White," who under Von Arx's hypnotic influence answers questions written by members of the audience—which they retain in their possession—with astounding accuracy; so astounding, in fact, are her powers that one is compelled to believe that this is a genuine exhibition of a telepathic gift. Jack Owen, the "Whistling Dandy," and Louis Slicker a Yankee comedian contribute in no small degree to the brightness of the programme. There are two shows nightly at 6-15 and 10.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

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NOTE.—During the Season Von Arx will present his dare-devil act "The Human Target," when he will permit one of the Gunners of the Royal Artillery to shoot at him with his own gun and ammunition.

Prices:—Orchestra Stalls Rs. 3, Stalls Rs. 2, Dress Circle Rs. 1-8, Balcony Rs. 1, and Gallery Annas 4.

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Domestic Occurrences.

◆

BIRTHS.

McCUTCHEON—December 1st, at Matelli, Dooars, the wife of Oliver McCutcheon, M. B., of a daughter.

RAMSAY—On the 2nd Dec., at Newcastle-on-Tyne, the wife of G. Allsopp Ramsay, B. I. S. N. Co., Ltd. of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

DONALDSON—ARTHUR—November 27th, at Holy Trinity, Karachi, by the Rev. Symes, Roy Charles, second son of George Donaldson and Mrs. Donaldson, of Elsternwick Victoria, to Una Vivian, eldest daughter of Lieut. J. R. Arthur and Mrs. Arthur, Supply and Transport Corps.

DEATH.

COOPER—December 2nd, at Asansol, E. I. Railway, Andrew James, an old and respected retired servant of the Loco. Department, East Indian Railway, aged 79 years.

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PUBLIC ENGAGEMENTS.

◆

TO-DAY.

Bombay Municipal Corporation, 3-40.

Gandharva Mahavidyalaya, Annual Prize Distribution, Framji Cowasji Hall, 5-15.

Surat City Press Company, Ordinary General Meeting, 89, Apollo Street, 3.

French Room (Salle Francaise) Lecture by Prof. Louis Peltier on "Learning to Think and to Act"—6-20 p.m.

TUESDAY, December 16.

Bombay Legislative Council Meeting, Secretariat, 12.

Mails for Laurenzo Marquis and South Africa per steamer Comeric, via Tuticorin and Colombo, will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, December 17.

H. E. the Governor and Lady Willingdon's Garden Party, Government House, 4-30.

Colaba Gymnasium Concert, 9-30.

Military Medical Annual Ball, Grant Medical College Tennis Courts, 9-30.

Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, Japan and Australia per steamer Egypt will be closed at the General Post Office at 10-30 a.m. Parcel mail for China closes at the same hour.

THURSDAY, December 18.

Bombay Choral Society, "Faust," Town Hall, 9-30.

Colaba Gymnasium Concert, 9-30.

Special Lecture, "How will you spend your Christmas?" Speakers: Mr. E. W. Fritchley, Rev. G. F. Enoch, and others.

FRIDAY, December 19.

State Ball, Government House, 9-45.

DAILY.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, 7 to 8; 8-30 to 9-30; and 10 to 11-30.

America-India Cinematograph, Charni Road. 7to 8; 8-30 to 9-30; and 10 to 11 p. m.

The Alcazar, Cinema de Luxe 6 p. m. and 10 p. m.

The Gaiety Theatre, 6-30 p. m. and 7-45 p. m

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
(Monday, December 15.)

SIR H. T. PRINSEP ON INDIAN UNREST.

◆

The "Nineteenth Century" continues to lend its columns to essays on India by people whose views are of no particular importance, and if we continue to notice these efforts, it is only because the name which the journal bears is calculated to give weight to what does not possess weight. Sir Thoby Prinsep's contribution, "Indian Unrest and its Treatment by Government," in the December number is entirely disappointing. The writer, who retired from the Bench of the Calcutta High Court nearly ten years ago, cannot claim any special qualifications to speak with authority on a theme which has been fully dealt with in all its aspects and from every possible point of view by men of greater knowledge and insight, and, in fact, has been discussed almost threadbare. When Sir Thoby left this country there were no violent manifestations of the "unrest," and his acquaintance with its different phases and stages cannot, therefore, be described as first-hand. We do not, of course, imply by this that those who do not possess first-hand knowledge of a subject are not entitled to discuss it; on the contrary, as we showed the other day, one of the ablest and most illuminating books on Indian unrest has just been written by a man who has never been in India. But Mr. Edwyn Bevan approached his task in the spirit of a conscientious student, while Sir Thoby Prinsep has approached his with the temper and prejudices of the old Haileybury Civilian, who would disdain to stoop to "concessions to the educated classes," and to whom "an even and firm policy, unmistakable in its expression," was the one thing needful to keep "Orientals" in their places. Sir Thoby declares that the Government of India is mainly responsible for the birth, growth and "complexion" of the unrest by reason of the "unpractical and quasi-literary system of education introduced through Macaulay's influence about eighty years ago." In so far as unrest is the natural sequence of the opening of men's eyes to the conditions around them, we agree with Sir Thoby that education has this wholesome tendency. And indeed that should be the chief aim and end of education in all countries, and the education that does not enable the educated to realise their possibilities is simply valueless. Again, though the early educational policy of Government was in several respects defective, not being broad enough for the needs of so vast a country like India, there is no doubt that it laid the foundation of a most efficient agency for the intellectual and natural advancement of the Indian people. We are, of course, quite familiar with the view of Indian education held by the type of officials whom Sir Thoby represents,—a view the narrowness and selfishness of which have been exposed so frequently that we cannot help wondering at anyone's temerity to advance it at this time of the day in the pages of so thoughtful a periodical as the Nineteenth Century," but we certainly could not think it possible for any writer who valued his reputation to make, in explicit terms, so exaggerated, not to say inaccurate, a statement as that "the unrest still rages, with little sign of abatement," if we take "unrest" to mean, as Sir Thoby doubtless means, violent and illegal manifestations of defiance of the Government. The ex-judge must be very much behind the times if he does not know that with the introduction of a more liberal policy in India and the full, frank and free recognition of India's place as one of the most important units in the Empire by no less a personage than His Majesty the King, all the really grave forms of unrest have passed away. Sir Thoby Prinsep points to the frequent dacoities in Bengal and the Cawnpore Mosque affair as examples of seditious feeling in the country and of the weakness of the Government in handling it. With regard to dacoities, Sir Thoby should acquaint himself with the opinion of the present Governor of Bengal, Lord Carmichael, who not long ago publicly expressed the opinion that the great majority of these could not have any political meaning whatever, being merely organised robberies; and that in the few cases where young men of the respectable classes had been led away by mistaken political motives to participate in these and similar crimes there was absolutely no sympathy or encouragement for them among the vast bulk of the population, who were not only law-abiding but steadfastly devoted to the Government. It may be pointed out to Sir Thoby, as an instance of educated Bengali opinion, that only the other day, at a meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council, Mr. Surendranath Banerjee moved a resolution for "the appointment of a mixed commission of official and non-official members of the Council to inquire into and report upon the prevalence of dacoity in the Presidency and to recommend such preventive and remedial measures as may be thought necessary." The resolution was not accepted as the Government did not consider it necessary in view of the measures which had been, and are being, taken towards the diminution of such offences. Among these measures is the improvement of the river police and the land patrol in Eastern Bengal, the distribution of guns among villagers, and the offer of considerable rewards for the capture of dacoits. But these measures would doubtless seem mild to Sir Thoby, who makes it clear that he would not be satisfied with any but the most rigorous measures, the nature, of which, however, he very conveniently, or inconveniently, leaves us to guess. Commenting on the Cawnpore affair, Sir Thoby strongly condemns what he terms the Viceroy's interference with the decision of Sir James Meston, "the man on the spot." As a matter of fact, when Lord Hardinge went to Cawnpore on his mission of peace, Sir James was absent on leave and the matter had developed into one of extreme urgency, demanding immediate action, and Sir James Meston has heartily associated himself with the Viceroy's action. But Sir Thoby would have none of this clemency which, according to him, was but sheer weakness on the part of Lord Hardinge, his theory apparently being that a manly rectification of a mistake or a courteous acknowledgment of an error is something that cannot be permitted to any official of the Crown in India.

THE WOLF AND THE LAMB.

◆

When the announcement of the Natal Commission of Enquiry was first made, we suggested the wisdom of waiting to hear what the South African Indian leaders had to say about it, and we now learn that their opinion is that it is a very bad Commission. They have "no confidence in the Commissioners except Judge Solomon." Mr. Esselen, we are told, is a colour-phobe, and Colonel Wylie an anti-Indian "political." There is apparently no length to which the Union Government will not go in order to defeat any attempt to have the Indian case properly sifted before the world, and we trust we shall hear no more of all credit being due to them for General Botha's prompt and satisfactory action. It is clear,—or let us put it moderately and say it is in the highest degree probable,—that the most eminently judicial chairman will not be a sufficient counterbalance to a colour-phobe and an anti-Indian "political." The South African Indians now make a request eminently reasonable and in consonance with the moderate attitude they have all along adopted. They ask, not for the appointment of two Indians, or two representatives of the Government of India, but only for Mr. Schreiner and one other. If the Union Government do not want the parable of the elephant, the wolf and the lamb, so admirably produced in this connection by the "Indian Daily News," to become a fact, they had better hasten to add Mr. Schreiner, and, say, Mr. Merriman, to the Commission. They should be made to realise that an adverse report,—a report adverse to the Indian case,—by a body in which Indians have not, and could not have, confidence can only be the prelude to fresh trouble in South Africa and renewed agitation in India. In the meanwhile Mr. Gokhale is receiving fresh reports of outrages. Mr. West has telegraphed that a striker has died fourteen days after receiving a flogging, that doctors held a *post mortem* and that the cause of death was not disclosed, though a magisterial enquiry is to be made. For his interference in this case, says Mr. West, the Manager of the Phoenix Mine threatened to thrash him. As this matter is also to be investigated magisterially, we refrain from further comment, but would once again emphasise that the danger of an enquiry which does not command the confidence of Indians is not lessened by these fresh reports alleging a very grave state of affairs. There is one more point which may be touched to-day. Who is going to present the Indian case, and watch the interests of the Indian community before the Commission? Messrs. Ghandi and Polak, in whom there would have been confidence, are in prison. Mr. West, is only out on bail, and may yet go to prison. Would it not be possible to arrange to send some eminent Indian lawyer from this country to take charge of the Indian case?

DAY BY DAY.

◆

The Governor's Levee.

Everyone who attended the Levee on Saturday welcomed the innovation that was made from the old custom of an afternoon function at the Secretariat. There is no doubt that an evening Levee suits the convenience of everyone, and when held at Government House it becomes a very pleasant function instead of an ordeal. The arrangements on Saturday night were admirable and the persons attending,—more than a thousand, —suffered the minimum of inconvenience involved in the process of awaiting their turn. His Excellency, if one may say so, bore himself admirably and greeted each pressentee with a courtly bow and smile that never betrayed a suspicion of weariness. After the presentations were over His Excellency bestowed Orders and Sanads on various receipients, and then, accompanied by Lady Willingdon repaired to the pavailion in the grounds, where refreshments were served, and where Their Excellencies remained for some little time in conversation with various people. The serving of refreshments after the presentations makes the Bombay Levee unique among those in India. It is a distinction, however, for which those who have the entree are very grateful to the present occupants of Government House.

Lord Willingdon.

His Excellency Lord Willingdon will pay a visit to Mr. Dadabhoy Naoroji at the latter's bungalow at Vesowa, Andheri, on Thursday next. His Excellency leaves Bombay for a short tour in Guzerat on Saturday night.

The New Foreign Secretary.

The appointment of Sir Percy Cox to officiate as Foreign Secretary in place of Sir Arthur McMahon is a well-deserved reward for that excellent officer's admirable services in the Persian Gulf during the past five years. Sir Percy Zacariah Cox, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., who left for Home by the Mail with Lady Cox on Saturday to a period of leave prior to taking up his appointment, entered the Indian Political Department in 1893 as Assistant Political Resident at Aden, having previously spent nine years in military employ. He was transferred to Baroda in 1895 and in 1897, became first assistant to the Resident in Baroda. In 1889, he was appointed Political Agent at Muskat, in 1904, became officiating Political Resident in the Persian Gulf and Consul-General at Bushire, and in 1909, he was appointed President in the Gulf. Sir Percy Cox, has earned considerable credit by his handling of the many difficult problems that the Indian Government has had to deal with in his jurisdiction during the last few years, and is possessed of a genial and tactful personality which should stand him in good stead in his new capacity. He was mde a C.S.I., in 1909, and was given his K.C.I.E., at the Delhi Durbar.

Sir Edward Grey.

The "Morning Post's" assumption that Lord Lincolnshire's remark that "he looked forward to the time when Sir Edward Grey would be called by the King to one of the highest posts a subject could fill" meant that the Foreign Secretary is to be the next Liberal Premier is surely very far-fetched. Sir Edward Grey is not popular in the Liberal Party, there is nothing about him that captures the imagination of the rank and file, and his Foreign Policy and general attitude towards many questions is frankly disliked by the advanced section of the party and the Labourites. With the experience of Lord Rosebery's Premiership to remind them of the danger of confiding their fortunes to an Imperialistic Whig, without any enthusiasms in regard to the things which the Party puts in the forefront of its programme, it is hardly likely that the Liberals would accept the leadership of Sir Edward Grey. It is possible and even probable that Lord Lincolnshire was thinking of an ambassadorship or the Viceroyalty of India, and, in any case, he was only expressing his own pious opinion. The Marquess of Lincolnshire is Lord Privy Seal and is better known to the public as Earl Carrington, the title he bore until last year.

The S. Lanarkshire Election.

The Unionist press will probably make a great fuss of the Lanarkshire "victory," as they did of the one at Reading, but this new gain is not of any more importance than the loss of the seat formerly held by Sir Rufus Isaacs. The Opposition are certainly entitled to the satisfaction of having added one to their ranks in the House of Commons, counting two on a division, and to the credit of having added nearly 300 votes to the Unionist poll. But there is a clear majority for Home Rule, and against Tariff Reform, the Liberal and Labour vote combined exceeding the Conservative vote by over thirteen hundred. The only moral to be drawn, therefore, is not in favour of Ulster, but of warning to the Government not further to alienate the sympathies of the Labour Party.

Baptist Deputation to India.

Mail papers to hand contain further particulars of the Baptist Deputation to India, announced in a Reuter's telegram of the 25th ultimo. Sir George Macalpine is Chairman of the Mission's General Committee, a member of the Edinburgh Conference Continuation Committee, and has been a generous donor to the mission's work. The Rev. C. E. Wilson, who is to accompany Sir George, was a missionary in this country about ten years ago, and left to take up the duties of the secretaryship of the Baptist Mission House in London. The deputation will reach India via Colombo, after visiting the work in Ceylon, and after inspecting various missions in Madras and Orissa, will go to Bengal in order to attend the triennial conference of Baptist missionaries. A number of far-reaching questions are down for discussion, and an attempt will be made to work out a practical scheme for uniting the Zenana and Baptist Missions. Sir George Macalpine and Rev. C. E. Wilson will also visit the work in Northern India and the Punjab, returning to England in March via Bombay.

Bombay Municipal Government.

"The Times" pays a warm tribute to Mr. D. E. Wacha's moderation and impartiality as exemplified in his admirable book "Rise and Growth of Bombay Municipal Government." The London journal's reference to Sir Pherozeshah Mehta is equally happy. It says:—

> During an uninterrupted membership of 43 years Sir Pherozeshah has used his dominant influence for worthy ends, and his example has been of striking value in showing young India that the Municipal sphere provides opportunities for the worthy service of the motherland, equally with the larger arena of politics.

Everyone who knows anything of the history of the Bombay Corporation, and how closely both Mr. Wacha and Sir Pherozeshah have been identified with its growth and striking success, will endorse "The Times'" appreciation of the two Municipal veterans.

Bombay-Persia S. N. Company.

In connection with the scheme for the reorganisation of the fleet of the Bombay-Persia Steam Navigation Company which Messrs. Turner, Morrison and Company, the new agents, have partly introduced, the s.s. Hoseine, of that Company has at last been beached for breaking up. Twenty-two years ago her original master was Captain T. Hughes, who is known in Bombay shipping circles by virtue of seniority, as Commadore of the Bombay-Persia fleet. The weeding out of the older boats will make room for new and more modern ships which it is anticipated the Company will soon acquire.

NATAL COMMISSION.

PERSONNEL DISAPPROVED.

"ANTI-INDIAN" AND "COLOURPHOBE."

NARROW SCOPE OF ENQUIRY ALLEGED.

INDIAN PROTEST MEETINGS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

, LONDON, Dec. 13.

A message to the "Times" from Durban states that the Indians strongly disapprove of the Enquiry Commission and propose to hold meetings in various centres, at which resolutions will be moved expressing disappointment that the enquiry is substantially directed towards the strike and does not include the general circumstances of the Indians in South Africa and the consideration of future policy.

The resolutions will also express disapproval of the composition of the Commission, the Indians believing that each member has strong prepossessions.

REQUEST FOR TWO MORE MEMBERS.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Dec. 13.

Mr. Gokhale has received the following cablegram from Mr. Ritch, dated Johannesburg, the 12th instant:—

Personnel of Commission unsatisfactory. Esselen colourphobe. Wyllie Anti-Indian politician Community requesting Government to add Schreiner and another to counterbalance. No confidence in Commission except in Judge Solomon. Indians protest.

ALLEGED DEATH FROM FLOGGING.

MR. WEST'S MESSAGE TO MR. GOKHALE.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Dec. 13.

Mr. Gokhale has received the following cablegram from Mr. West, dated Durban the 12th instant:—

Indians entirely unrepresented on Commission. We cannot accept such Commission.

Case of flogging Phoenix man who died after fourteen days. Four doctors held post-mortem and cause of death not disclosed. Magisterial inquiry to be made. For my interference in this case manager threatened to thrash me, for which he summoned the case on Thursday. Complications involving other Natal estates.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT AT DELHI.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Dec. 14.

The following Press Communique has been issued in the Commerce and Industry Department, dated Delhi, 13th December, 1913:—

"The Government of India have been informed that the Governor-General of South Africa has appointed a Commission to hold forthwith a public judicial inquiry and to report as soon as possible as to the disturbances in connection with the recent strike of Indians in Natal, the causes and circumstances which led to that strike and to those disturbances, the amount of force used for the suppression of those disturbances and the necessity for the use of such force, and as to any acts of violence alleged to have been committed upon persons sentenced to imprisonment in connection with the strike and to make recommendations in respect to any of the above matters.

The Commission is composed of Sir Willian Solomon, K.C.M.G., Chairman, Ewald Esselen, K.C., and Lieutenant-Colonel J. S. Wylie, K.C., M.V.O.

REPLY TO PRESIDENT OF BOMBAY LADIES' MEETING.

SUBJECT RECEIVING GOVERNMENT'S MOST CAREFUL ATTENTION.

Lady Dinshaw Petit has received the following reply from the Under Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, to her telegram to the Viceroy forwarding the resolutions passed at the Ladies' Public Meeting, in Bombay, held on the 29th November, regarding the South African Question:—

Madam,—I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your telegram, dated the 1st December, 1913, regarding the treatment of Indians in South Africa and to say that the substance of it has been communicated to the Secretary of State for India.

2. I am to add that the subject is receiving the most careful attention of the Government of India.

I have etc.,
(Sd.) S. H. SLATER.

YEOTMAL'S PROTEST.

YEOTMAL, Dec. 13.

A public meeting was held at Pandharkawada district, Yeotmal, under the chairmanship of Abdulraoof Abdullasa.

Resolutions were passed expressing intense resentment against the cruel treatment of Indians by the Union Government and urging the immediate necessity of vetoing the Immigration Regulations Act and securing to Indians rights as citizens of the British Empire.

The meeting expressed gratitude to His Excellency Lord Hardinge for strong sympathy, and prayed for strong retaliatory measures against the Union Government.

HOME RULE SETTLEMENT.

PRELIMINARY CONVERSATIONS.

INFORMAL CONFERENCE OF LEADERS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Dec. 12.

It is stated in political circles that preliminaries to conversations on Home Rule have taken place with a view to definite exchange of views before Christmas.

DAILY SEIZURE OF ARMS.

LONDON, Dec. 12.

Seizures of small consignments of arms to Irish ports occur almost daily.

LONDON, Dec. 13.

It is stated that an informal exchange of views on Home Rule occurred yesterday at a meeting of two Cabinet Ministers and two prominent members of the Opposition, and that a letter was subsequently drafted and communicated to Mr. Asquith and Mr. Bonar Law.

MR. CHURCHILL AND NAVY LEAGUE.

PROTEST AGAINST PARTISAN AFTER-DINNER SPEECHES.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Dec. 13.

Mr. Winston Churchill recently declined the invitation of the Navy League to attend a lunch in honour of the officers of the warship New Zealand, on the ground that the recent speeches at the Navy League dinners to which he had been invited had been partisan in character. He mentioned particularly the speech of Lord Selborne on October 21st.

The Secretary of the League replied assuring Mr Churchill that the speeches on this occasion would contain nothing in the nature of a criticism of the Government The occasion would be wholly devoted to welcoming the officers of the Dominion ship.

Mr. Churchill thereupon accepted the invitation.

NEXT LIBERAL PREMIER.

SIR EDWARD GREY'S PROBABLE CHANCES.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Dec. 13.

Toasting Sir Edward Grey at a banquet at the National Liberal Club in honour of Mr. Bryce, last night, Lord Lincolnshire said he looked forward to the time when Sir Edward Grey would be called by the King to one of the highest posts a subject could fill.

"The Morning Post" interprets this as meaning that Sir Edward Grey will be the next Premier.

BRITISH CRUISER SQUADRONS AT TOULON.

GREAT FESTIVITIES: FOUR DAY'S FETING.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Dec. 14.

The light cruiser squadrons of the British Home Fleet arrived at Toulon yesterday. A great programme of fetes lasting four days has been arranged, and special trains have brought enormous crowds into the town which is decorated with flags and illuminated.

SINCERITY AND CORDIALITY OF "ENTENTE."

A naval banquet was held at the Prefecture, last night at which Sir Francis Bertie, the British Ambassador, was present. Vice-Admiral Cocheprat and Sir Francis Bertie exchanged most cordial toasts, dwelling on the mutual sincerity and cordiality of the "entente." The banquet was followed by a municipal ball, at which 6,000 guests were present.

MRS. PANKHURST.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Dec. 13.

Mrs. Pankhurst has returned to London.

SUFFRAGETTE ASSURANCE.

THEIR MAJESTIES HARANGUED FROM THEATRE BOX.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Dec. 14.

Mrs. Pankhurst was arrested on the train between Dover and London. Several suffragists, at Covent Garden Theatre, last night, rose in a box and addressed Their Majesties, who were present, protesting against the re-arrest of Mrs. Pankhurst and the torture of women They were promptly ejected.

A PROBLEM OF EMPIRE.

MR. BRYCE ON GROWING RACE RIVALRY.

WHY NOT STOP MIGRATION?

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Dec. 13.

Mr. Bryce in a speech at the National Liberal Club said that what impressed him most while travelling about the world was a growing keenness in race antagonisms, especially in the British Empire. He did not see a satisfactory issue.

He asked whether it might not be best to endeavour to induce each race to stay in its own country and discourage migration.

He had returned with a far stronger sense than ever of the value of the Imperial connection between independent nations of the Empire.

AMERICAN IMMIGRATION BILL.

APPEAL FOR AMENDMENT REJECTED.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Dec. 14.

The Members of the Congress representing the Pacific Coast have been trying to induce the Immigration Committee of the House of Representatives to amend the pending Immigration Bill in such a way, that the literary test compelling immigrants to be able to read and write some language does not qualify Asiatics for admission, but all their efforts have failed.

The Bill, as it stands, classifies as excluded aliens, persons unable, under the existing law, to become naturalised citizens of the United States, unless otherwise provided for by existing agreements regarding passports, or by convention that may hereafter be concluded.

FOREIGN FORCES IN CHINA.

RUSSIAN MINISTER URGES WITHDRAWAL.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

PEKING, Dec. 12.

At a meeting of the Diplomatic Corps this afternoon, the Russian Minister proposed that as order had been restored in Chihli and the Chinese Government was in a position to maintain order there and protect foreign lives and property, the foreign forces should be withdrawn.

He added that whether or not the other Powers agreed, Russia was prepared to withdraw.

The proposal completely surprised the Ministers, several of whom consider that withdrawal is entirely premature and the execution of the proposal is calculated to imperil the interests of their respective nations, and to lead to serious consequences.

PEARSONS' OIL CONTRACT.

REFUSED BY COSTA RICAN ASSEMBLY.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Dec. 13.

Messrs. Pearson and Company confirm the report in the "New York Tribune" that the Congress of Costa Rica has refused to ratify the oil contract negotiated by the Pearsons.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE'S SON ILL.

The "New York Tribune" says that Mr. Lloyd George's son David, who has been with the Pearsons as an engineer, is seriously ill at San Jose with ptomaine poisoning.

INQUEST ON LUCKNOW BARRISTER.

DEATH CAUSED BY VERONAL POISONING.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Dec. 12.

At the inquest at Paddington to-day on Reginald Gerald Jacob, a barrister, from Lucknow, who died of pneumonia following veronal poisoning, evidence was given that he came to London recently and was returning to India shortly, having been successful in a case here.

It was said that he suffered from neuritis and sleeplessness. His son deposed that he had no troubles and no reason to commit suicide.

An open verdict was returned.

M. C. C. VS.O SOUTH AFRICA

FIRST TEST MATCH OPENS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

DURBAN, Dec. 13.

The result of the first day's play in the first test match are South Africa 182, M. C. C. 94 for 3.

MEXICAN ATROCITIES.

WHOLESALE SHOOTING AND HANGING OF PRISONERS.

U. S. ADMIRAL'S PROTEST.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12

A series of cablegrams from Rear Admiral Fletcher, show that the situation at Tampico is becoming worse. Sharp skirmishing continues. Federals and Constitutionalists alike have hung or shot, prisoners numbering about 65. Three of them were hanged in Federal lines in full sight of the city and shipping. Mr. Fletcher protested in the name of humanity.

FOREIGN VESSELS FILLED WITH REFUGEES.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.

Rear-Admiral Fletcher reports that all the British, American and German vessels at Tampico are filled wish refugees, and there are still many foreigners ashore. Orders have been sent to General Bliss at Galveston to send a transport to Tampico to embark the Americans and foreigners.

U. S. ADMIRAL'S THREAT TO COMBATANTS.

MEXICO, Dec. 13.

The American Admiral Fletcher, yesterday, ordered the combatants at Tampico to cease firing and threatened to open fire from his warship if they did not obey. Both complied.

Admiral Fletcher then ordered the foreigners on board the ships or to congregate on the water front, where they are protected by his guns.

MR. TAFT URGES SUPPORT OF PRESIDENT POLICY.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.

Mr. Taft, addressing the Peace Society, urged all to support President Wilson's Mexican policy and present a solid front.

KING MANUEL IN LONDON.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Dec. 13.

King Manuel and Queen Augustina have arrived.

N. S. W. ELECTION.

LABOURITE MAJORITY.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

SYDNEY, Dec. 13.

After the second ballots, the Labourites have secured 48, and the Liberals 37 seats. Five seats are outstanding. The Labour Party has thus the working majority.

WIRELESS LONG DISTANCE MESSAGES.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Dec. 12.

Several wireless messages from the great German Central station at Nauen have been received in Togoland, a distance of 3,348 miles.

CANADIAN CONTRACTOR'S BEQUESTS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

OTTAWA, Dec. 12.

The railway contractor, Colonel Ross, left three millions sterling. He made large bequests to McGill university and charities.

SIR LIONEL PHILLIPS BETTER.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Dec. 12.

Sir Lionel Phillips' condition continues favourable.

FOREIGN SECRETARY.

SIR PERCY COX TO OFFICIATE.

(From Our Correspondent.)

DELHI, Dec. 12.

It has now been settled that Col. Sir Percy Cox, from the Persian Gulf, will officiate as Foreign Secretary to the Government of India, when Col. Sir Henry MacMahon goes on leave early next spring. This completes the pending changes in the Foreign Office.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION.

The Bombay radio office in touch with transport Hardinge since 22 hours to-day, radio messages will be accepted up to 22 hours of the 15th at the rates given in the Telegraph Guide.

FATAL ASSAULT ON A LADHU.

The Coroner yesterday concluded his enquiry touching the death of Hari Kirto Ghose (50) a Sadhu, who was alleged to have been assaulted by some people near the Bhuleswar temple a fortnight ago.

The verdict of the jury was that death was caused on account of the deceased being hurt by a crowd of people and that those people have committed an oxence punishable under the Indian Penal Code.

LONDON LETTER.

LUNCHEON TO MOSLEM ENVOYS.

INTERESTING SPEECHES.

LORD HEADLEY ON ISLAM.

(From Correspondent.)

LONDON, Nov. 28.

The complimentary luncheon to Mr. Mahomed Ali and Syed Wazir Hasan, which seemed a few weeks ago to have been jeopardized by the disagreement in the Moslem League, came off yesterday, and took the form of a farewell gathering to these two energetic emissaries of the Moslem cause. A large room at the Waldorf Hotel was filled, the English visitors including a number of men well known in letters and affairs. Mr. Zangwill was there, and Mr. J A. Hobson, Mr. A. G. Gardiner (editor of the "Daily News"), Mr. Percy, Parker (editor of "Public Opinion"), Mr. T. W. Arold, Major Grant, who in the later stages of the Boer War distinguished himself by the writings signed "Linesman." I was told that Mr. Charles Garvice was there, and I heard various inquiries after this experienced practitioner, who has made so successful a business out of the manufacture of innocently sentimental fiction. The Indian part of the gathering was extremely representative, Hindus and Mahomedans being apparently in about equal proportion, with of course the due admixture of Parsis and members of other communities. Sir Henry Cotton, in the chair, had by his side that curious member of the Irish peerage, Lord Headley, sitting thus at the high table by reason of his recent avowal of conversion to Islam.

LORD HEADLEY'S SPEECH.

There were no toasts, and the Chairman, carefully following his own precept, appealed for brevity in those who were to follow an appeal that was flagrantly disregarded by more than one speaker. **Sir Henry Cotton** confined himself to general greetings and congratulations, expressing his pleasure at the evidence afforded by the gathering that Mr. Mahomed Ali and his colleague had made so many friends during their stay in England. These few words from the chairman were a quite good beginning, and we seemed to be in the way of getting a series of appropriate little speeches, when with the announcement of the first speaker from among the visitors, we all realised that Providence (or the luncheon committee) had prepared an entertainment of an unexpected kind. For reasons perhaps understood by the reporters (who were there in a lump) but not very clear to the rest of us, the first place was given to Lord Headley, who as he stood up seemed startlingly unlike a follower of the Prophet. The quarter of an hour during which this diverting Irish peer disobeyed the injunction of the chairman will not soon be forgotten by his audience. He began with an expression of pleasure at being given the opportunity of saying good-bye to the guests of the day was this a Hibernian way of putting it?), and went on to explain with childlike simplicity that, whatever the newspapers might say, he had not transferred his allegiance from the King of England to the Sultan of Turkey. Then he held up to reprobation an abominable little book (so he described it) entitled, apparently, "The Failure of Islam." This done, he began to talk about his own change of faith, declaring his hope that he might live to see large numbers of intelligent men in England turning over to "the grandest religion in the world." It only needed, he suggested, the enormous advantages of Islam to be explained to the English people for this result to be achieved. Lord Headley was now warming to his theme. He had something to say of the Divinity of Christ; he read a defence of Islam from a written document in his hand; and he delighted his auditors by recalling the early precepts of his mother, and announcing in his last sentence that he did not remember ever to have told a lie. As an example of after-luncheon oratory on an interesting political occasion, the speech was unsurpassable; and to the Radicals present, cherishing schemes for a transformed Upper Chamber, it must have suggested an idea as to an appropriate destiny for the British peeroge. It ought to be added Mr. Waldegrave, son of Lord Redstock and a well-known supporter of the Evangelical cause, walked out of the room in the middle of the speech.

THE ZANGWILL.

Your readers will readily understand that it was a relief to hear Mr. Zangwill, who began by hailing the Indians as a race akin to his own, as was proved by their dislike of punctuality. He chaffed Lord Headley on his proselytising zeal. He had been, he said, exposed to all kinds of assaults from people who wanted to convert him, but never before had he been urged to become a Mahomedan. During lunch, however, he had enjoyed a talk with a Moslem neighbour, and what he heard had led him to see that the ideas and beliefs of his Moslem friends were no different from those held by good Jews and good Christians. He concluded therefore that the great religions were all good and all true and that the best thing to be done was to join them all together in the universal faith. Turning to the matter more immediately in hand, Mr. Zangwill confessed his belief in self-government for all races "including even so low a race as women." He touched upon the crisis in South Africa, with a word of emphatic praise for Lord Hardinge. We had blundered, he said, into India, and it was for us to see that we did not blunder out: but that when the time came, we should be prepared to leave as the result of a long, careful, diplomatic process, which should lead the Indian people to see that no severance was necessary or desirable, but that their best destiny would be equal incorporation into the British Empire. He welcomed such envoys as Mr. Mahomed Ali and Mr. Wazir Hasan: the more we had of such envoys the better.

Then came Dr. Rutherford, rejoicing in the growing unity of Moslem and Hindu in the Indian national movement; after which (another surprise) the Chairman called the name of Miss Houston Gibbs. Up rose a lady effectively dressed in black, who straightway entered upon a plea for the Turks, to whom she referred as "the only people in the world to-day who are putting in practice the precepts of Christ", and a further plea for an alliance between England, India, and Turkey for maintaining the peace of the world! The speech, quite well delivered, fell upon the meeting with a strangeness that might be felt; and one began to wonder whose turn it would be next. Would it be Mr. Nevinson with a plea for Greece and Albania, or the redoubtable Mr. Frank Hugh O'Donnell with a moral against the Jews in the Cabinet and a demand for "clean government" as understood by Mr. Belloc and the "New Witness." But no, happily for us all. After announcing that a telegram would be despatched on behalf of the gathering to the Viceroy of India. the Chairman called upon Mr. S. H. Swinny, president of the London Positivist Society, who was brief and to the point; after him came the editor of the "Comrade" in characteristic form.

MR. MAHOMED ALI'S SPEECH.

It was already late when Mr. Mahomed Ali rose, so late that many among the audience had been obliged to leave. He began, perhaps with a satirical glance at some of the preceding speeches, by doubting whether he could fill even the five minutes allotted by the Chairman; but he managed, nevertheless, to occupy a full half-hour, with a rapid and interesting discussion of some of the matters in which the Indian Mahomedans are particularly concerned. Mr. Mahomed Ali has a way of taking a long time to get up to his subject. At the Waldorf he threw away a good quarter of an hour in talking about the only too familiar ignorance of English people in regard to India, and in giving tips to English novelists, advising Mr. H. G. Well and Mr. Zangwill and the rest to go to the East for their material. They won't take the advice, of course; and perhaps on the whole it is better so, for is there any more powerful aid to the misunderstanding of the country than the novel or play which purports to present a piece of Indian life? Mr. Mahomed Ali said some excellent things when he turned to his proper subject. What was it, he asked, that the West was actually telling the East in innumerable ways? It was that the Almighty had placed the greater part of humanity under a ban, the sinister ban of colour, and that this difference of colour had to be accepted as the sign of permanent inferiority and subjection. Was it possible that the East could be contented with that view? Let them look at the position of his own people, the Moslems of India. They had been fed, forcibly fed, with Western knowledge; they had been driven into the schools and colleges provided by the British Government. At first they had been reluctant to attend the schools, and they had been taunted with neglecting their opportunities and allowing the Hindus to get ahead of them. Well, they had given in; they had begun to go to Government schools and colleges, and this was the nonsense they were taught then that the whole East had been condemned from the beginning to subordination because of a difference in the colour of the skin! Was it any wonder that the East was repudiating the assumptions of the West and that its peoples were insisting upon the right to live their own lives? This, and not a matter of a £3 tax or anything else was the real question. In connection with their particular concerns, the application of the Press Act and so forth, he and his colleague had come to England, and they acknowledged with graphwe the friendliness and sympathy with which they had been received. They had chosen the way of action least likely to put the Government into a difficulty. If they had wanted to carry the fiery cross they would not have come to England; they would have remained in India, where there were a thousand ways of working, in spite of the Criminal Intelligence Department—in which, by the bye, there was a great deal more of criminality than of intelligence. But they had preferred to come in the most open way, to appeal to the India Office and the Ministers of the Crown, to avoid platforms and to resist the invitations of newspaper editors in order that the Government might be kept from all unnecessary embarrassment. And what was their reward? They had got nothing, and they were told that when they did speak their speeches were fiery and full of attack and discontent. Suppose their speeches were sometimes a little fiery, was it disloyal to appeal in the open to the British people for the redress of grievances such as this of the Indian Press Law, under which, as the highest Court in the land had declared, no editor was able to claim any safeguard whatever? Those who agreed with him regarded the British connection as of inestimable good to India, as necessary for the existence of India, but it was absurd to suggest that in appealing to England to be true to her great trust they were in the smallest degree disloyal to the British connection. On the contrary, they were doing the greatest service to the Government by insisting upon keeping such questions as these in the light of open discussion. They or their friends would come to England again and again; they would continue to knock at the doors that remained closed. And if the doors to be passed were not seven but seventy, they were going to keep at them in the confident hope that in the end an entrance will be effected.

Mr. Mahomed Ali's speech, delivered at the high speed characteristic of him and with many pointed asides, was thoroughly appreciated, and many present regretted that it had not come at an earlier stage. When he finished the afternoon was far advanced, so that Mr. Wazir Hasan of necessity had a depleted audience. He expressed his disappointment with the result so far achieved but was hopeful of ultimate victory.

All things considered the mission of the Moslem Enroys has been notable. They have got the ear of the British public; and it may be predicted that the Indian Mahomedans will send many another deputation the years to come

SERVICES COMMISSION.

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SESSION OPENS IN CALCUTTA.

INSPECTORSHIPS AND I. C. S.

PLEA FOR THEIR LINKING UP.

INDIANS AND HIGHER SERVICE.

MR JENNINGS FAVOURS 20 PER CENT INDIANS.

(Special Reported for "The Chronicle".)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 13.

The Royal Commission on the Public Services in India opened its Calcutta Session in the Legislative Department to-day under the presidency of Lord Islington. The witnesses for the day were Mr. J. G. Jennings, Director of Public Instruction, Bihar and Orissa; G. E. Fawcuss, Indian Educational Service, Bihar and Orissa; Mr. C. Russell, Professor of Philosophy and Political Economy, Patna College, and Babu J. H. Sarkar, Provincial Educational Service, Bihar and Orissa (Collegiate Branch).

The coopted members were Mr. E. E. Biss, Principal, Secondary Training College, Dacca (Imperial), and Jogendra Nath Dass Gupta, Professor, Presidency College, Calcutta. All the members were present when the Commission opened.

The first witness examined was the Hon. Mr. Fawcuss. Replying to the Chairman's questions he said he came to India in 1909. He was attached to the Training College and in less than three months' he was appointed to fill the vacant position as Inspector. Examined with regard to the standing of Assistant Inspectors, witness said an Assistant Inspector had practically no administrative duties to perform at present, or any definite sphere of action. Administrative duties at present fell on Inspectors.

Chairman: Do you consider it substantive qualification that an Indian should have a British University training?—I should say that in the case of a first appointment, not in the case of a man who has been proved by actual work to be fit for the post. In the case of an Indian applying for an initial appointment, he should have a British University training.

Witness thought that the pay and time scale should be extended up to Rs. 1,500.

INSPECTORSHIPS AND HEADMASTERSHIPS LIKE I.C.S.

Mr. Gokhale: If your proposal is adopted, namely to make the Inspectorships and Headmasterships like the Indian Civil Service, the pay and prospects would still be less attractive than other branches of the service.—Yes, but in every University there are many who wish to devote themselves to education and they would join the Educational Service.

Witness in his memorandum had suggested that the work of an Inspector was as important as that of a District Magistrate. His view was that the maintenance of discipline in schools was one of the main factors towards preserving the peace of the district.

"Education in this country was as important as any branch of the administration," witness told Sir Valentine Chirol.

Replying to Sir Murray Hammick he said he thought the Provincial Service was discontented. This, in his opinion, was due to its comparison with the Provincial Executive Service. If promotion from the Provincial to the Imperial Service was made the reward for good work, he thought the Provincial Service would recruit a really good class of men.

METHODS OF RECRUITMENT.

The second witness examined was Mr. J. G. Jennings: Witness emphasised the importance of substantial changes in the Educational Service in order that there would be a more satisfactory standard of recruitment. He would like to see the very best men enter this Service, but he thought that under existing conditions there was a great danger, at all events in the future, of the best men not being obtainable. This would be due to the unfavourable prospects of the Service. linked up with the Indian Civil Service and He would like to see the administrative Branch of the Indian Educational Service the Provincial Education Service with the Provincial Civil Service. If that were done, a higher standard would be reached in the future.

Mr. Jennings said the Service should be made sufficiently attractive to ensure as good men entering the Educational side as the Civil Service, so far as the emoluments were concerned. And with the knowledge that they had a good career before them the best men would come and enter it. He advocated promotion from the Provincial to the Indian Service, but that should not be the sole method of recruitment into the higher service. He was not in favour of direct appointment of distinguished graduates by the Governments in India. They should be recommended and the recommendations should be referred to the Secretary of State. If the Local Government and the Secretary of State approved he would be in favour of the direct recruitment to the higher service of Indians who had exclusively Indian education.

A 20 PER CENT. PROPORTION.

Witness favoured the twenty per cent. proportion of Indians in the Educational Department. He would promote that twenty per cent. from the Provincial Service and would begin them all on the same rate of pay.

Answering a question by Sir Valentine Chirol, Mr. Jennings said the average European professor took a very great interest in the personal welfare of his students.

After the luncheon interval, the cross-examination of Mr. Jennings was continued.

Questioned by Mr. Sly, he said he thought it desirable from every point of view that the Government Colleges should not be abolished but continued in future as aided colleges. We had heard, though we had not experienced, that there had been friction between the Indian Educational Department and the Indian Civil Service.

DIRECTORSHIPS FOR SERVICE MEN.

Mr. Russell, third witness, said in his memorandum that the post of the Director of Public Instruction should be unconditionally reserved for members of the Indian Educational Service. The grounds for that view were that it was a post for which educational experience was an important qualification and that its reservation would be a very great inducement for men joining the service.

Chairman: Do you think it would be unduly checking the power of Government to lay down an arbitrary rule of that character?—No, it appears to me very desirable to have a check of that sort.

Mr. Russell in answer to Mr. Gokhale said he would reserve ten per cent. of appointments in the Indian Educational Service for promotion from the Provincial Educational Service if suitable men were available.

He would make the promotions without limiting the number; the bulk of the members of the Indian Educational Service should be born Europeans.

INDIAN PROFESSOR'S SUPERSESSION.

The last witness was Babu G. H. Sarkar who favoured the establishment of a single service with a pay scale beginning with Rs. 250 and rising to Rs. 1,200.

Questioned by Mr. Gokhale, witness said he had been a Senior Professor of History for fourteen out of fifteen and a half years' service and had written standard historical works. A new English professor was now to be placed over his head thus reducing witness's position to that of a junior. The high standard of salaries in India was not altogether a blessing as it had increased the cost of living.

The Commission adjourned until Tuesday.

REFRACTORY DURANIS.

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AMIR LENIENTLY DEALS WITH T IBESMEN.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 14.

The "Pioneer's" frontier correspondent states that matters have been smoothed out at Khandahar, the Amir being anxious to conciliate the Durani tribesmen; there has not in consequence been any serious punishment meted out to those concerned in the outbreak in last October, when two officials were killed. It has probably been recognised at Kabul that the Duranis had grave provocation.

VICEROY'S CALCUTTA VISIT.

◆

EXTENSIVE POLICE PRECAUTIONS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 14.

Extensive police arrangements are being made in connection with the Viceroy's visit to Calcutta; C. I. D. officers are being drafted in from various centres with the object of shadowing every known political suspect.

Yesterday two more accused named Kalipado Gosh and Hironmoya Bannerji were placed before the District Magistrate of Alipore in connection with the Raja Bazar Bomb Case. Both were remanded into custody.

NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS ACT.

◆

AN AMENDING BILL.

(From Our Correspondent.)

DELHI, Dec. 13.

The following statement of objects and reasons, with the clauses of the Bill to amend the Negotiable Instruments Act, has been published:—

It has long been the practice in this country to endorse Negotiable Instruments, particularly Government promissory notes, in such a way as to make them payable to two or more payees jointly, or in the alternative to one or some of several payees. Doubts have arisen as to the legal validity of such endorsements, and the present Bill is designed to place their validity beyond question.

The amending Bill will affect all the three forms of Negotiable Instruments, viz., cheques, promissory notes and bills of exchange, and will result in a close approximation of the Indian to the English law on the subject.

Whereas it is expedient further to amend the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, so as to remove doubts as to the validity of the making and endorsing of Negotiable Instruments in certain forms it is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. This Act may be called the Negotiable Instruments (Amendment), Act 1914.
2. In Section 13, of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, (hereinafter called the Void Act), after the figures "13" insert the figures and signs, (1) and to the same Section add the following sub-section, namely: (2) a Negotiable Instrument may be made payable to two or more payees jointly or it may be made payable in the alternative to one of two or one or some of several payees.
3. In Section 16, of the said Act after the figures "16" insert the figure and signs, "1" and to the same Section and the following Sub-Section namely: "2" the provisions of this Act relating to a payee shall apply with the necessary modifications to an endorsee.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

◆

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 14.

It is rumoured that Sir Henry Carnduff will succeed Sir Ashutosh Mukerjee as Vice-Chancellor of Calcutta University.

RANGOON DISSATISFIED.

◆

MR. MADANJIT'S TRENCHANT CRITICISM OF PERSONNEL OF COMMISSION.

(From our Correspondents.)

RANGOON, Dec. 14.

A crowded meeting of the public of Rangoon representing the various communities of India and Burma was held in the Surati Madressa Hall, presided over by the Hon. U. Hpay, to help South African Indians to continue the Passive Resistance Struggle. Seven resolutions were passed. Dr. Mehta read telegrams from Mr. Gokhale condemning the *personnel* of the Commission of Inquiry.

Mr. B. Cowasji proposed a resolution expressing profound disappointment at the failure of the Imperial Government to secure for Indians the elementary rights of citizenship. Mrs. Dassen supported it by an appeal to the womanhood of India and detailing the Africanders' inhumanities to colored womankind.

Dr. Mehta recounted at length and lucidly the history of the struggle from personal experience.

Mr. Arnold, editor of the "Burma Critic" who was received with enthusiastic cheers, spoke with eloquence and impressiveness. He described indentured labour as veiled slavery, the root of all evil in South Africa spoke as the countryman of the great and splendid Viceroy who condemned the barbarous treatment of sober industrious coolies as beasts of burden by the whites, counselled patience and the maintenance of strength. The former would strengthen the Viceroy's hands and latter would weld Moslem and Hindu India into a united Indian nation culminating into a self-governing India under Britain. He advocated agitation for the total abolition of indentured labour from British colonies. Mr. Arnold was listened to with rapt attention and his powerful speech was punctuated with thundering and spontaneous applause.

Messrs. Bijapurker and Azam did justice to the third resolution.

Mr. Kotval detailed his bitter personal experiences.

Mr. Madanjit was another eloquent spokesman whose ten years of South African life enabled him to dissect with minute and truthful accuracy the character of the proposed commissioners. Mr. Solomon, he said, is a retired Judge who may think impartially, but Mr. Esselin was an undisguised Indophobe. No worse selection than Colonel Wyllie was imaginable.

After several other speakers had addressed the meeting, Mr. Ginvala brought home to the crowded gathering the futility of meetings which did not result in substantial funds which alone could sustain the struggle sympathised with by the Viceroy and upheld by Mr. Gokhale.

Mr. Banerji thanked the Chairman, a Burmese gentleman honoured by the Government and respected by the governed, for espousing the cause of India which was the cause of the East.

No resolution evoked greater enthusiasm in the enthusiastic meeting than one of gratitude to Lord Hardinge, several Burmese officials and merchants were prominent on the dais nearly Rs. 30,000 were subscribed.

Mr. T. Ryan, is confirmed as Secretary to the Railway Board.

CLOSE OF COIMBATORE CONFERENCE.

◆

IMPROVEMENT OF DAIRYING.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

COIMBATORE, Dec. 13.

The Board of Agriculture closed its sittings to-day.

Sir Robert Carlyle delivered a short address in which he expressed his pleasure at the success of the eighth meeting.

The last subject discussed to-day was the dairy industry and after a short discussion the Board approved of the Sub-Committee's report in which the following recommendations were made on dairying in India:—

> Legislation to protect honest trading, cattle breeding at Government farms or at private farms under Government supervison with the object of producing an improved type of animal, the distribution of bulls to villages on the premium system or otherwise, encouragement of growth of crops which are specially fodder crops, establishment of milk record societies in the better cattle breeding districts, spread of knowledge of improved methods, the establishment of a properly equipped dairy school in each Province, organisation and, if necessary, subsidising of dairy concerns especially on co-operative lines, giving of advice to private individuals for the purpose of starting or managing a dairy business, cheapening of means of transport by rail for dairy produce and scientific investigation.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

◆

SIMLA, Dec. 14.

A little rain is reported from Assam and Eastern Bengal, elsewhere the weather has been dry.

Forecast:—No rain of importance.

LORD WILLINGDON.

Photo by Bourne and Shepherd. *Bombay Chronicle Press.*

The latest portrait of His Excellency taken in State Dress.

KARACHI SOCIAL CONFERENCE.

◆

DELEGATES FROM BOMBAY.

The Bombay Presidency Social Reform Association has elected the following gentlemen as delegates for the ensuing National Social Conference to be held at Karachi:—

The Hon. Mr. G. K. Parekh, the Hon. Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, and Messrs., K. Natarajan, Krishnalal M. Javeri, G. K. Devadhar, D. G. Dalvi, Lakmidas R. Tairsee, Liladhar Roy Sampat, Champaklal G. Laivalla, Vallabhadas Ranchordas, K. R. Mitra and A. S. Wagh.

FIRES AT BANDRA.

◆

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

Sir,

At 10 p.m. on Friday night there was an alarm of fire in the locality known as Zooge Brassoart near the town fish market, where two huts were seen ablaze. Fortunately it was not quite late and persons residing about did their best to bring the fire under control in about an hour, otherwise there would have been heavy damage to the property and lives. In this locality several huts have been erected mostly by Kathiawari labouring class people and also occupied by stables for bullocks and buffalos. The huts adjoin each other, besides there are several godown close by containing firewood, timber and other inflamable articles.

There was a fire on the night of the 25th October last in some huts near the Railway Station in the locality called Bhoiwada, but there was no Fire Brigade called out and no such assistance was given last night.

Under Section 54 (1) (d) of the Bombay District Municipal Act, it is the duty of the Municipality to protect life and property when a fire occurs.

A. TAX PAYER.

"LA GIOCONDA" RECOVERED.

◆

ITALIAN THIEF'S CURIOUS PLEA.

TO AVENGE NAPOLEAON'S ART THEFTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ROME, Dec. 12.

It is officially stated that the picture "La Gioconda," stolen from Louvre in 1911, has been found at Florence and is now in possession of the authorities.

The alleged thief, an Italian, has been arrested. The prisoner tried to sell "La Giocanda" to a picture-dealer at Florence. The latter communicated with the authorities. The Director of Fine Arts sent down and had the picture identified.

Government then notified the French Embassy. Prisoner says he stole the picture to avenge Napoleon's art thefts from Italy.

FRENCH OFFICER SENT TO TAKE OVER MASTERPIECE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Dec. 13.

The Ministry of Fine Arts is sending an official to Rome to take over the La Gioconda and to thank the Italian Government for its good offices.

The Minister of Public Instruction has telegraphed his thanks to the Italian Prime Minister.

PARIS, Dec. 14.

The man who stole "La Gioconda" is named Perugia, an employee at the Louvri, and had been previously convicted of minor offences. His finger prints correspond to those on the picture frame.

SOUTH LANARKSHIRE BY-ELECTION.

◆

A UNIONIST VICTORY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 13.

The following is the result of the South Lancashire by-election:—

Watson (Conservative)	4,257
Marton (Liberal)	4,006
Gibb (Labourite)	1,674

Unionist gain.

The following was the poll at the General Election of December, 1910:—

Sir W. Menzies (L)	5,166.
C. M. Douglas (U)	3,963.

LEEDS IN DARKNESS.

◆

WIDESPREAD STRIKE MOVEMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 13.

Three thousand municipal employees have struck in Leeds. The streets are not swept and are in darkness.

LATER.

A thousand tramway men have joined the strike at Leeds, where even the grave-diggers have struck. Clerks are acting as stokers in the gas works.

ALLIANCE POWERS.

◆

MINISTERS' PLEDGE TO DEVELOP FRIENDSHIP.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 13.

Telegrams have been exchanged between M. Doumergue, Sir Edward Grey and M. Sazonoff expressing an assurance that they will mutually endeavour to develop and maintain the friendship and Alliance respectively.

BRITISH JOURNALISTS AND CHRISTMAS.

◆

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 13

The English newspapers have unanimously decided not to publish on Christmas Day.

GULF GUN RUNNING.

◆

RELIEFS FOR GULF STATIONS.

(From Our Correspondent.)

DELHI, Dec. 13.

As regards the movements of troops in the Persian Gulf for the suppression of gun running, there will be no change except the annual reliefs. It has been arranged that 2-1/2 companies of Indian infantry will be detailed from Aurangabad to garrison Jask, Bushire and other gulf stations. The relieved troops will return to Bombay.

The Municipal Committee, Lahore, has applied to the Local Government for a loan of one lakh repayable in five annual instalments for the purpose of paving the streets and lanes within the old city walls.

BOMBAY FIRE INSURANCE.

◆

LONDON COMPANY'S FAILURE

INDIAN POLICY HOLDERS TO PAY TWICE.

For the first time in the annals of Fire Insurance in Bombay, insurers are taking a passing interest regarding the financial stability of the various companies brokers submit for the purpose of effecting fire insurance risks. This precaution is probably due to the Property Insurance Co., Ltd., having recently gone into liquidation by reason of its inability to meet its obligations.

The Company was established in London in 1898, and we understand it managed to build up quite a respectable volume of Fire Insurance business in India. The policyholders in the Bombay Presidency have received intimation by registered post from the Bombay Agents regarding the winding-up of the concern, and they have been recommended at the same time for their own security to effect, at their own expense, insurance of the property (already "insured" with the property Company) with other Insurance Companies.

A piece of information of this kind must be a trifle disconcerting to the policy-holder in the Property Insurance Company, but the gratuitous advice tendered with such seeming candour must go a long way towards allaying irritation at the prospect of having to pay up again "for their own security." This is insurance with a vengeance.

The table appended, with a synopsis of the published revenue accounts of Fire Insurance Companies transacting business in Bombay during 1912, will give a fair estimate of their strength and stability. Insurance Companies are of necessity the soundest financially of all speculative industrial enterprises, and it would be a pity if public confidence were shaken owing to the collapse of one small weak concern.

Synopsis of the published Revenue Accounts of Fire Insurance Companies transacting business in Bombay 1912.

The Companies marked with an asterisk are allied or subsidiary to those immediately preceding.

Company.	Year of Establishment.	1912 Premiums. £.	1912 Fire Fund. £.
Aachen and Munich Fire Insurance Co....	1825	884,845	1,169,563
Alliance Assurance Co.,	1824	1,325,465	2,107,193
*Imperial Fire office,			
Atlas Assurance Co., Ld., ...	1808	1,082,440	1,153,752
*Essex and Suffolk Equitable Insurance Society, Ld.			
*Manchester Assurance Co.			
British Crown Assurance Corporation, Ld.,	1907	117,596	2,865
Century Insurance Co., Ld.	1885	72,897	94,159
Commercial Union Assurance Co., Ld. ...	1861	3,238,704	3,261,959
*Palatine Insurance Co.			
*Union Assurance Society, Ld.			
*Scottish Alliance Insurance Co., Ld. ...			
General Accident Fire and Life Assurance Corporation, Ld.	1885	159,421	103,768
Guardian Assurance Co., Ld.	1821	625,690	828,350
Legal Insurance Co., Ld.	1907	156,558	30,096
Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Co., Ld., with	1836	3,063,672	1,451,469
*Central Insurance Co.,			
London Assurance Corporation	1720	681,140	700,000
London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Co., Ld., with	1862	1,645,257	658,500
*Equitable Fire and Accident Office			
Magdeburg Fire Insurance Co.	1844	793,850	1,071,867
North Western Insurance Co., Ld.	1899	118,079	51,406
Northern Assurance Co., Ld.	1836	1,244,464	1,722,232
Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Ld.	1797	1,155,064	1,215,308
Phœnix Assurance Co., Ld.	1782	1,404,907	1,850,000
Royal Insurance Co., Ld., with	1845	4,107,809	3,300,000
*Lancashire Insurance Co.			
*Queen Insurance Co., of America			
Royal Exchange Assurance Corporation	1720	839,607	385,843
Scottish Union and National Insurance Co.	1824	721,082	360,541
State Assurance Co., Ld.	1891	203,174	67,725
Sun Fire Insurance Office, with	1710	1,525,979	2,110,391
*Asiatic Fire Insurance Co.			
*Patriotic Assurance Co.			
West of Scotland Insurance Office, Ld....	1886	33,099	33,240
Yorkshire Insurance Co., Ld., with	1824	401,163	160,166
*Lion Fire Insurance Co.			
*National Insurance Co., of Ireland			

RIGHTS OF THE LAW.

◆

JUDGE'S REBUKE TO OFFICER WHO WANTED TO OBEY ORDERS.

A young lieutenant who appeared as a witness to a soldier's character at the Kent Assizes on Nov. 26, was rebuked by the judge for declining to produce certain documents, says the "Daily News." He explained that he was not allowed to produce them by the King's regulations.

His Lordship (promptly): You will either produce them or be detained; which would you rather do?

The officer replied that he had been told not to produce them.

His Lordship: In the administration of justice—and here is the seat of justice for the moment—you must show me the sheet (the regimental defaulters' sheet). If you don't show it to me I will have the adjutant here.

The officer then handed in the documents, and the judge (after perusing them) remarked; You tell your officer that what you did you had to do, otherwise we should not be able to administer justice.

It must be clearly understood, the judge added; that there was no rule which prevented any officer, of whatever rank, from giving a court of justice, sitting in the name of the King, any or all of the evidence which that court legally required.

THE CHRISTMAS SEASON

◆

WHAT TO BUY.

TOUR OF BOMBAY SHOPS.

SOME SPLENDID DISPLAYS.

(Specially written for "The Chronicle.")

Christmas is probably, without doubt, the most largely celebrated festival in the world and undoubtedly so in the British Empire. Whether those who keep it up live in the East or West or whether their homes are north or south of the Line, there is the same feeling prevalent at the Yuletide season, be the climate torrid, temperate or frigid. The custom of present-giving will continue to exist when Christmas may have lost much of its initial significance as a festival, and, in the month of December, the smallest and most remote towns are brightened up by the preparations made for the coming festivities. Bombay is neither small nor remote and the many beautiful shops which our City possesses are already showing signs of their new stock of wares suitable for presents and other outward marks of the coming festival. A representative who made a visit to some of the principal shops in Bombay found only too little time at his disposal to admire the many beautiful innovations which modern workmanship is now producing.

JEWELLERY AT MESSRS. MARCKS AND COMPANY'S.

Messrs. Marcks and Co. have recently replenished their stock with a wonderful consignment of the most modern type of jewellery in which the beauty of the stones is combined with an artistry and piquancy of workmanship which has only come into vogue recently. A first glance at their show cases dazzles one, for, amongst a galaxy of diamonds, rubies, emeralds, pearls and opals, such more recently popular stones as aquamarines, tourmalines and peridots may be seen set in a "lace-work" of platinum and arranged, not only for mere ornament, but in a utilitarian sense, in wonderful conceptions of design. Of purely ornamental designs there are pendants of quaint shapes, including the *mouchoir* or "kerchief" model pendants of three depending chains varying in length proportionately and set with scintillating brilliants and globular pendants which revolve by clockwork, all set with stones in beautiful combinations of colour. Rings of platinum "lace-work" galore grace the show cases and earrings of every shade from the palest of blue shades—or one might say *nuances*—of tourmaline to the large square-out stone of the same species known from its brilliancy as the "night emerald," are to be purchased. An interesting stone, which is hard to obtain in these days is the black opal. The prevailing shade is, paradoxically enough green, but when held to the light one obtains a rich flash of black combined with all the richness of colour to be seen in the ordinary opal. Filigree platinum plaques, behind which can be substituted, daily, to suit the colour scheme of one's dress enamelled discs of various colours, are still fashionable, and the same scheme has been carried out in regard to gentlemen's waistcoat buttons. Sets of these latter articles would form a very acceptable Christmas present. New and more beautifully elaborate wristlet watches in designs of gold and platinum have arrived in all shapes and sizes. Some of these are most dainty and have gold chainwork straps coloured in different shades by a special process. What might be termed "harlequin" bracelets of precious stones in red, green and white, arranged in three rows after the style of an abacus, are set on gold and can be converted into a necklace by connecting the two. Neck slides of black velvet with jewelled clasps on platinum and fancy pins for fastening motor-veils are among the thousand and one articles at Messrs. Marcks and Company's premises which combine ornament with utility. Hyderabad gold mohurs forming chains and other ornamental designs are presents of interest to send Home and there are also jewelled watches and watch chains, but to realise fully the effect which the general impression of the stones in their settings conveys one must make a visit to Messrs. Marcks' where besides trinkets there are silver articles of all descriptions, including cases of hair brushes manicure sets, and all silver table accessories suitable for wedding presents. One innovation is a silver mounted whisky noggin in the form of a small glass circular tube with a foot to stand upon. One of these is supposed to be placed before each guest at a dinner party and obviates the necessity for servants to worry the diner by bringing the decanter to the table. Messrs. Marcks and Company have a large number of articles of real out glass, cut from the actual block which includes punch bowls.. These bowls might be used for serving claret, hock or champagne cups or other cooling drinks which are sometimes an acceptable substitute for afternoon tea in a hot climate.

MESSRS. LEACH AND WEBORNY.

This enterprising firm which helps to maintain the sartorial prestige of the City of Bombay has just received an addition to its already up-to-date an essentially fashionable stock with the arrival from Home of the proprietor Mr. A. Sydney Smith, who has brought with him the latest news of what gentlemen are now wearing in London and the means whereby them may be equipped in a like manner in Bombay. He has under him a staff of fully experienced European assistants and his firm is already exceptionally busy executing Christmas orders. In addition to a stock of choice suitings in greys and blues, Mr. Smith has imported a beautiful material of pure wool called "Fresco" which is specially manufactured for tropical climates. It has a fine surface, is somewhat open in texture, and, while at present it can be obtained in shades for lounge or morning suits, Messrs. Leach and Weborny will shortly receive a consignment of the same material for evening dress wear. Hats, sun-helmets, shoes and other articles of the latest designs, including all departments of gentlemen's hosiery, are to be obtained at Messrs. Leach and Weborny, and in ties and socks Lady Willingdon's favourite colour, in various shades of heliotrope and lavender, are displayed prominently. The firm's dry cleaning process has been patronised by many and found to be a successful one.

MESSRS. ASQUITH AND LORD.

Messrs. Asquith and Lord have made their preparations for the Christmas season, and, in addition to a large stock of everything requisite to the wardrobe of a gentleman, including some artistic aand daintily shaded ties and socks, they are making a special feature of innovations in trunks, wardrobes, motor-car luncheon baskets and many handsome ingenuities which have been evolved from the simple travelling chest of days gone by. Dressing cases, shaving outfits wardrobes trunks, suit-cases, bungalow cabinets, trousers-presses, even neck-tie holders, are among the trim travelling appurtenances displayed. Cabinets and wardrobes on a larger scale for "palaces, bungalows, hotels or clubs" show the latest improvements and office cabinet fitted with shelves and hooks, drawers for shirts and collars, a mirror and complete arangements for changing one's clothes before leaving business ought to be an acquisition to busy men with many appointments. Travelling trunks with many mysterious apartments for the safe keeping of ladies' hats and dresses are further more provided, and, although the firm caters for gentlemen mainly there is a certain section of the shop where parasols may be obtained. Ladies' work-baskets and many other smaller articles of alike nature, all tastefully got up, are to be found described in a catalogue replete with illustrations which should be of use to anyone in search of Christmas presents.

MESSRS. BADHAM PILE & CO.

Messrs. Badham Pile and Company are extremely busy at this season of the year both in their gentlemen's tailoring department and in their dressmaking establishment not only on account of the time of year, but in view of the presence of Lord and Lady Willingdon in Bombay and the consequent number of engagements which have been made which received many orders for court evening dress and are executing many further orders for ladies' dresses. Messrs. Badham Pile and Company are well-known as a firm of long years' standing with a large mofussil *clientele* and do, not need a longer exposition of their merits, but it is sufficient to say that they are extremely busy, as are their *confreeres* in trade.

MESSRS. F. CORNAGLIA.

Messrs. Cornaglia's name as confectioners and caterers is as much of a byword in Bombay as is the name of Peliti in Calcutta, and the firm, which was originally that of Peliti, has established itself in Bombay and Poona in such a way as to ensure success to the enterprising persons who carry on the business. Messrs. Cornaglia are well known for the variety and good quality of the goods they sell, as a perusal of their catalogue—a publication illustrated profusely with photographs of the wedding cakes of which they make a speciality—will clearly show. At Christmas time Messrs. Cornaglia's have always been noted for their brilliant display of crackers, bon-bons, chocolates and all those good things which a discriminating caterer can place before the public, and this year they have already circulated a small pamphlet enumerating their "Christmas Specialities" which informs their customers in the mofussil and in Bombay that at reasonable rates they can stock their tables with the best quality of "fondants, comfits, fruits crystallized and in syrup, Christmas cakes and puddings, presentation boxes, crackers and table decorations, and a large and varied stock of wines and spirits." The display of crackers and table decorations is extremely tasteful, and boxes of really artistic floral combinations carried out in cloth and paper in every shade of delicate colouring can be sen at the firm's headquarters in Medows street.

MOTOR UNION INSURANCE.

In vigorously cold climates motoring at Christians time requires hardihood, and no little enthusiasm, but in a country like India, in which the motor-car has become so popular Christmas trips are a pleasant method whereby a party may arrange to beguile the season. We have already mentioned above such accessories to the success of a Christmas motor tour as a fully equipped basket with all the essential utensils for carrying and providing food, and the incidental comforts being assured one must remember that accidents happen to the best regulated of motor cars, especially on Indian roads, which are sometimes frequented by obstacles in the form of animals unused to the modern method of locomotion. To provide for emergencies which might possibly occur, the Motor Union Insurance Company exists and is represented in Bombay by Mr. E. F. Halliwell. The interest which the Company shows in Indian motoring is practically demonstrated by their motor map of India, Burma and Ceylon which gives all the roads over which motors can pass, marked in different manner according to their surface condition—good, bad or indixerent—the distances in mileage between important centres and all bridges, causeways, ferries and fords which may be encountered. A copy of this map is supplied to insurers in the Company and is of large enough size to hang on the wall of office or room, so that proposed routes of travel may be seen at a glance. The insurance policy covers such risks as damage to or less of one's car, including tyres, lamps and other accessories, by accident while in use or at rest; by accidental collision with any other object as a result of mechanical breakage by the malicious act of any third person; by burgalary, fire, explosion, self-ignition; and by accident during transit on land or sea. Persons injured during such accidents as are enumerated above obtain compensation and legal costs incurred in settling or defending claims are included. Ordinary breakdowns in regard to wear and tear are, of course, excluded from claims for payment by the Company. The Motor Union Insurance Company's authorised capital is £300,000 of which £ 210,000 is now subscribed and £131,000 paid up £2,000 of the latter being added from profits. The capital has been brought up to this figure by the fact that only last year the £10 preference shares were subdivided into £1 shares and a further 30,000 of these shares issued. The preference shares number 110,000 and are all fully paid, and for these a quotation has been granted by the London Stock Exchange. Persons who are interested in insuring their cars should apply to the Agent of the Company, Mr. E. F. Halliwell, 3 Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

Motor tyres do not last long on rough roads, and consequently only the best firms who supply them are able to control the supply for an ever-increasing demand. The Dunlop tyre and the Continental tyre have both stood the test of good quality and endurance and the names of these firms are too well-known to motorists to need recapitulation.

OTHER FIRMS.

If all the firms who have made special preparations for Christmas were enumerated it would take more space than it would be possible to concede in these times of unlimited subjects for news in Bombay, but several enterprising establishments deserve mention. The Premier Art Saloon have an exceptionally fine display of pictures, in oil and water colour, and engravings and sketches of all descriptions and a visit to their premises will provide anyone who goes with interest. The Myso-Chrome Boot Company, whose premises are in Hornby Road, have a large stock of boots and shoes and their speciality in Indian made goods is an example of *swadeshi* enterprise worthy of commendation; and Messrs. Sutor and Company, whose establishments are well known in various parts of the town, are supplying a large and varied stock of first class leather goods at prices reasonable for the good value received. For the next ten days people will be busy making their purchases and they have before them an innumerable number of beautiful gifts, ready to be bought, only some of which we have attempted to describe.

(To Be Continued.)

BNEIGHTED WAYFARER'S MISADVENTURES.

◆

LABOURERS' GRUESOME FIND IN A QUARRY.

A gang of labourers who were employed in a quarry at Naigaum, went to work as usual on Friday morning when they noticed a human form lying at the bottom of the pit having the legs and arms badly disfigured. The body was brought to the surface of the quarry and was found to be that of a well-built Hindu dressed in a blue-jacket, shirt and dhotar. The deceased whose body is kept in the refrigerator at the J. J. Hospital, has not yet been identified.

A narrow footpath runs along the summit of the quarry and it is surmised that the deceased must have been walking on it at night when he accidentally fell into the pit.

An inquest was held on the deceased's body by Mr. G. F. Chalk, the Coroner, when the jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

MILL FIRE AT SUPARI BAUG.

◆

RS. 10,000 DAMAGES.

A fire broke out on Saturday morning at the Jam Mill, situated at Supari Baug, which caused a damage of about Rs. 10,000 involved by the entire destruction of 400 bales of cotton, which were stocked in the mixing room of the mill. The fire, being confined to one room only, was brought under control in about half an hour, the flames being extinguished by the operations of the mill by means of the mill fire appliances. The alarm brought the Chinchpokli and Haines Road fire engines on the scene, but their services were not required. The damage done is covered by insurance. The cause of the outbreak is unknown.

FANCY GOODS MERCHANT ROBBED.

◆

A report has been made to the police by Fridaally Mahomedally, a fancy goods and silverware merchant, having his shop at Abdul Rehman Street, that a burglary took place at his shop on Friday night when valuable jewellery valued at Rs. 1,287 were stolen.

FINAL M.B., B. S. EXAMINATION NOVEMBER 1913.

◆

The following are the names of Succesful Candidates:—

Passed the whole Examination. (First Class No. 26).

Passed the Whole Examination. (Second Class) Nos. 4, 6, 8, 12, 15, 18, 19, 20, 22, 23, 28, 31, 35, 36, 38, 41, 52, 53, 55.

P,assed the whole Examination (Not Classed) No. 56.

Passed the whole Examination in all subjects but one: Nos. 2, 11, 24.

Passed in Part I: (Nos. 2, 24, 29).

Passed in Part II: (Nos. 11, 17, 21, 25, 42, 44, 49, 51).

No. 26 Wins the Charles Morehced and the Balkrishna Sudamji Prizes. No. 15 wins the Queen Empress Silver Medal, the Scholarship of the Medical Women for India Fund of 1883 the Lady Reay Silver Medal and the Bai Hirabai P. H. Cama Gold Medal.

No. 26 wins the J. C. Lisbon and the Lord Sandhurst Gold Medals.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILL ERY.

◆

Regimental Orders by Lieut-Colonel The Hon. A. Hill Trevor Commanding.

15th December 1913.

531. *Duties.*—Duties for the Week ending 21st December 1913:—
Orderly Officer Lieut. P. H. Retallack.
,, Sergt. No. 1 Company Sergt. A. A. Spilling.
,, Sergt. No. 2 Company Sergt. K. D. M. Forbes.

328. *Defence Light Manning.*—The E. E. Company will parade on Apollo Bunder at 7 p.m. on Monday the 15th instant, and proceed to Middle Ground for Defence Light Manning.

329. *Revolver Practice.*—Tuesday 16th instant. There will be Revolver Practice at 7-30 a.m. for Officers on the Arsenal Revolver Range.

(Sd.) E. P. Cudlip Captain R.A.
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

PLEA FOR A CENTRAL BANK.

◆

MADRAS EXPERT'S VIEWS ON CURRENCY.

"REMEDY FOR FINANCIAL ILLS."

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Dec. 13.

Mr. W. B. Hunter, Chairman of the Chamber of Commerce, speaking at its annual meeting yesterday, referred to the evidence elicited by the Finance Commission, before which he was himself one of the witnesses.

He said that he had little doubt that the Commission would find that the Government of India had on the whole been acting wisely in regard to financial matters and the Commission was not in the least likely to recommend either the opening of a gold mint in India or the forcing of gold into active circulation.

No doubt the Commission might recommend a few changes here and there in the Government's financial policy, but he scouted the idea that the Commission would for even a moment give ear to such irresponsible charges as that the Indian ryot was being cheated by the forcing of rupees intrinsically worthless, or that the Indian taxpayers were being ground down in order that London bankers might obtain loans cheap.

Referring to the recent notification of the Government that if funds permitted, treasury balances would be made available to finance Indian trade and industries, Mr. Hunter said that these loans would not have the effect of preventing or even reducing to any material extent the great stringency in the money market which recurred every year. The margin of Government securities for such loans was small compared with the demand and if banks increased their holdings, the stringency in the money market would occur earlier in the year.

In his opinion the remedy for the financial ills from which India suffered was the formation of a Central Bank. If a Central Bank were formed the violent fluctuation in the rates for money would cease and the Government of India treasury balance be made available for Indian trade the surplus only being utilized in London. A Central Bank would make India an important factor in the money markets of the world and with this increased prestige would come the opening of numerous new branches and the encouragement of local banks, so that fresh resources would be tapped. Last, but by no means least, a large portion of the Paper Currency Reserve which was now infructious, would be avalable for trade.

Mr. Hunter joined issue with Sir James Meston, who was opposed to a Central Bank, and asked if it were not unthinkable that because the Presidency Banks joined forces they became less efficient. Lastly Mr. Hunter emphatically asserted that the formation of a Central Bank was really taking a step forward and it would by no means crush the smaller Joint Stock Banks or compete unfairly with the Exchange Banks.

VICEEROY TO VISIT LUCKNOW.

◆

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 12.

The "Pioneer" understands that the Viceroy will pay a visit to Lucknow about the middle of January.

DURBAR DAY.

◆

OBSERVANCE IN BENGAL AND MYSORE.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 13.

Durbar Day was observed yesterday by all schools in Bengal. Celebrations consisted of speeches delivered by teachers and students on patriotism and the benefits of British rule in India, sports and distribution of sweets.

BANGALORE, Dec. 13.

Durbar Day was observed yesterday by practically all schools in Bangalore City including the Central College. In the civil and military station, no celebration took place as the students have dispersed for the Christmas vacation.

RAILWAY ITEMS.

◆

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, Dec. 13.

Mr. T. W. Davies, qualified student, Thomson Civil Engineering College, Roorkee, is appointed an Assistant Engineer from 2nd December, 1913, and posted to the North-Western Railway.

Mr. G. H. Goff, Traffic Inspector, North-Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as an Assistant Traffic Superintendent from 15th September, 1913.

ALLEGED SEDITION IN BAHAWALPUR.

◆

FOUR HINDUS ARRESTED.

(Associated Press.)

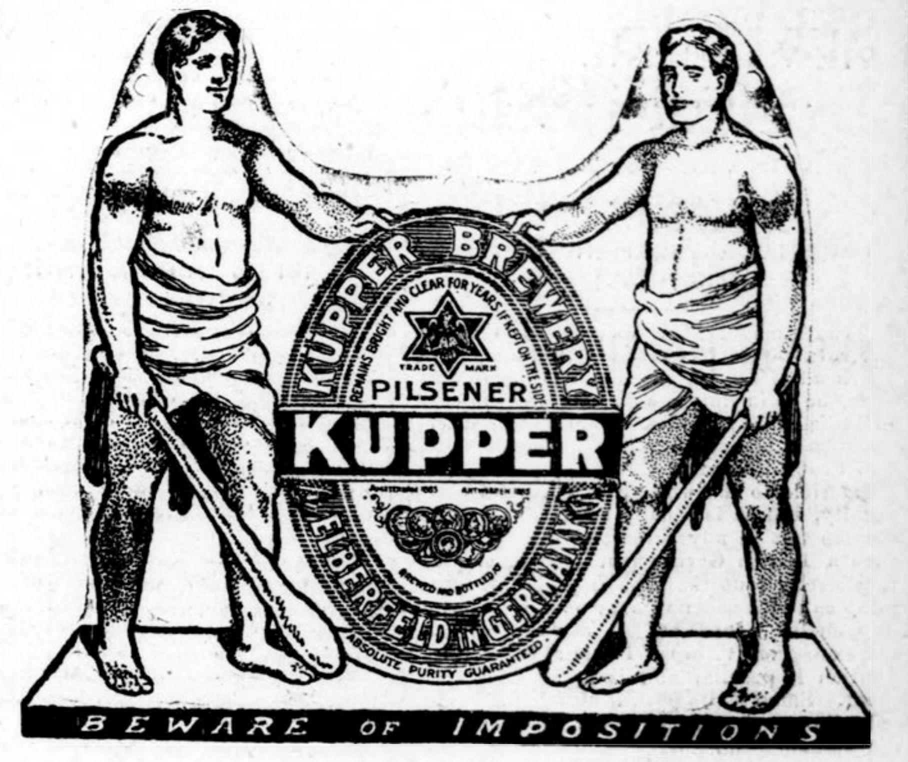
MULTAN, Dec. 13.

Four Hindu residents of the Bahawalpur State are under arrest in the State on a charge of sedition.

The particulars of the offence so far known are that they are charged with having instigated their co-religionists in the State to forego the observance of all the religious and national festivals as a mark of protest, and to make baseless representations against the Council of Regency to the Political Agent, and thereby bring the Council into disrepute and hatred.

The accused have applied for permission to be defended by counsel as the State ordinarily does not allow legal practitioners to defend such cases.

A Bangalore message says that Mr. Krishna Row, Chief Judge of Mysore, who was seized with paralysis on Tuesday, has regained consciousness and is now better able to take nourishment, rendering his case somewhat more hopeful.



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UMACHARAN BISVAS,
Secretary.

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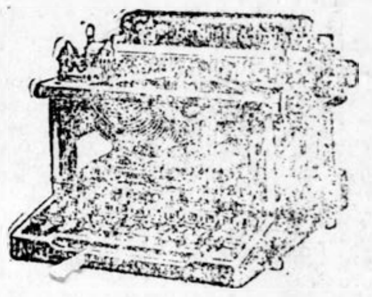
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VIEWS ON THE SOUTH AFRICAN CRISIS.

OPINIONS OF THE ENGLISH PRESS.

IMPERIAL GOVERNMENT'S INITIAL MISTAKE.

"The Times":—The Viceroy is the representative of His Majesty in India and the head of the Executive Government. As such, he is in duty bound to state the case of India in any conflict of opinion or interest with other communities under the British Crown. General Botha, on his side, is responsible to the white South African community, and he is equally bound to make its opinion felt in any subject of disagreement with a British Government elsewhere. It is perfectly true that the Imperial Government can exercise no power of interference in domestic South Afr an affairs; but in these questions of broad Imperial concern its position is peculiar and its responsibility great. Small as its powers may e, it is the only Government which can weigh contending opinions and hold the balance between conflicting interests. Any measure, therefore, which may involve such interests should have its earnest attention in every clause; for though its power is in practice only advisory and diplomatic, it will seldom, if it use its influence wisely, use it without effect. There is no question, we fear, that in this matter the Imperial Government did not employ the requisite care. It did not see, that, before the Royal Assent was given to the Emigration Law, its provisions had been adequately examined; nor, having neglected this first duty, did it make any adequate effort to avert the danger of which it was frequently warned. It has now to repair the evil thus permitted to grow, and it can do so only in one way—by pressing, as soon as order is restored, for a full investigation into the grievances of the Natal Indians both before and during the strike. Lord Hardinge's insistence upon this necessity was in no respect too strong. It will not, we are sure, be resisted by General Botha's Government or by South African opinion in general, if proper steps are taken to show that it is real.

FAILURE OF STATHSMANSHIP.

"The Nation":—The failure of statesmanship in South Africa is making a chaos in which every element of disruption seems active and real, and only the Imperial ideal is absent. The agitation in India against the ill-treatment of emigrants is attaining great proportions, and if it is not locally dangerous, that is only because it has the full sympathy of Lord Hardinge and his Government. The Viceroy's views have twice been publicly stated, once in a communication to the press and again in reply to a deputation. He denounces the laws against which the Indian labourers are striving as invidious and unjust, refers to "the courage and patience" of their movement of passive resistance, assures them of his "burning sympathy," points out that even Lord Gladstone's denial of the charges of maltreatment of the strikers contains damaging "admissions," and calls for a searching inquiry by a committee on which Indians shall be represented. This is brave and manly speech, but it ought not to have been left to the Viceroy to make it. India talks to South Africa as one foreign country to another, and there is nothing to remind us that the British is also the Imperial Government.

There is much talk about the alleged beating to death of an Indian striker, whose decease the local doctors ascribe to natural causes. But this doubtful charge is the least serious allegation. The strikers sentenced for breaking their indentures have been imprisoned, not in gaols, but in the mine compounds, and have there been set to work as prisoners for the mine-owners. This Lord Gladstone admits. A system of contract labour enforced by these methods is simply temporary slavery. The imprisonment of Mr. Gandhi and the other leaders has had the natural consequence that disorder has broken out as an incident in the sympathetic strike by which all the Natal Indians have protested against the imprisonment of the miners.

PROBLEM NOT COLONIAL BUT IMPERIAL.

"Saturday Review."—General Botha, of course, has his difficulties, and he has to be on his guard lest any action he takes in dealing with the question is seized by the Hertzog faction, and denounced. This surely is the time for the Imperial Government to offer its assistance as mediator. The problem is essentially not Indian or Colonial, but Imperial. Let us recall that Mr. Chamberlain secured peace and agreement over the question of Asiatic immigrants in Natal and Australia in 1867. With equal tact and wisdom and forbearance the present discontents could be settled. Mr. Harcourt is not Mr. Chamberlain. but his reputation as Colonial Secretary would be made if he could bring the Indian-South African question to a successful issue.

LORD HARDINGE'S ACTION.

"Manchester Guardian".—The Viceroy of India has taken what we imagine to be the very unusual course of publishing the details of his repeated request for an inquiry into the alleged ill-treatment of Indians in Natal; last Wednesday he telegraphed to Lord Crewe the Secretary for India, strongly asking for a "thorough and impartial inquiry," and the next day he repeated the request, suggesting a commission on which the Indians should be fully represented. The Viceroy's action and the way in which it is made known show how very seriously the Government of India view the outburst of indignation which has been caused by the reported ill-treatment of the Natal Indians, and also their anxiety to prove that the allegations made are unfounded, or, if they cannot do that, to show that they are determined to protest as strongly as is in their power. The South African Government will not be unwilling, it is to be hoped, to grant such an inquiry as is asked for. The repugnance which is widely felt in South Africa to the entry and free competition of Indians is a separate point altogether; what is now in question is simplp whether Natal Indians who have gone on strike have been trea d justly or unjustly. That is a question which the South African Government must be anxious to clear up in its own interests, and even if it has no doubt about the answer it should have sufficient sympathy with the feeling in India, and appreciation of its importance to secure a careful and impartial answer to the allegaitons.

THE VOICE OF INDIA.

"Daily News"—Lord Hardinge spoke with remarkable severity yesterday on the treatment to the Indians in South Africa General Botha's indignation at the accusations levelled against his Government is, as we said at the time, eminently natural; but no amount of indignation and no series of denials can conceal the broad fact that the problem presented by the presence of Indians in Natal and the Transvaal has been seriously mishandled from first to last. The chief difficulty in the earlier stages of a struggle which has been going on ever since the end of the war was the incapacity of the Natal administration to govern Indians with any sort of justice. It left the indentured Indian to the mercy of the planter protected only by an inspectorate which was a farce and a medical service which was a sham. It subjected the "free" Indian to restrictions which were the more galling and humiliating to a proud and sensitive people because they were so petty. When the Union Government was formed, it was hoped and expected that it would put an end to this state of things. It has not done so. Natal has even been allowed to increase by taxation of very doubtful legality the existing burdens of the "privileged" Indians.

It is both necessary and satisfactory that under such circumstances the voice of India should make itself heard peremptorily. Lord Hardinge is merely expressing the practically unanimous opinion of Indians, and even, to judge from their Press, of the great majority of Anglo-Indians, when he says that the Indian strikers have the deep and burning sympathy of India" o r side in their struggle against what garded in India also as "invidiou and t laws." If the reports are correct he c t be said to be over-stating the case wh he declares that the passive resistance of the Indians has been "dealt with by measures which would not be tolerated for a moment in any country claiming to be civilised." But it is clear that matters have now reached a point at which it is incumbent upon the Imperial Government to step in without further delay. Whatever may have been the case earlier Lord Hardinge's demand for "a strong impartial committee on which Indian interests are fully represented" is now the only way out. General Botha has apparently accepted it, and no time should be lost. Delay may be very dangerous.

LORD GLADSTONE'S DESPATCH.

"Manchester Guardian":—Lord Gladstone's despatch, contradicts the stories of individual cruelty to Indians in Natal, but does not throw much light on the commitments to gaol on the mining compounds. From the figures that he gives for Newcastle and Dundee, it would seem that there have been extensive commitments of unindentured as well as of indentured Indians. The indentured Indians may possibly be under special disabilities, and subject to special penalties for striking. But the unindentured Indians have presumably the same right to stop work if they want as workmen have in England. It appears that in the Newcastle district, for example, 299 Indians have been sentenced, of whom 208 were unindentured, besides another 211 who have to come up for sentence. What were these 208 unindentured Indians sentenced for? For stopping work or for acts of violence? Except in the sugar-growing districts, which are near the coast, the only violence on the part of the strikers, that has been reported here, was at Ladysmith. We are told that no compulsion to work is put on the Indians who are sentenced to confinement in the mine compounds, but that does not tell us of what offence these men were guilty that they should lose their liberty.

NEED FOR FEDERAL ORGANISATION.

"The Standard":—We are not surprised that Lord Hardinge has addressed a remonstrance to the Secretary for India, urging that a thorough inquiry should be held by a committee on which the Indians should be represented. The Government of India could do no less. It is the vindicator of the rights and liberties of 300 millions of persons who claim the protection of the Imperial Crown, and assert that they have as much title to settle and trade in South Africa as South Africans have to come to India. . . . But the Indians ask only the right to live peaceably and work honestly under the British flag; and they demand that their Emperor, the Kaisar-i-Hind, shall order his subjects in another part of his dominions to admit their claim The wole question, as we have already poined ant, points a defect in our Imperial system which may produce further and graver inconveniences. It is unsatisfactory that two portions of the Imperial realm should stand towards one another in the relation of entirely separate and independent States. India, it seems, has no more power to claim justice from South Africa than Japan or China. Indeed, she has less; for the foreign Government might, if it thought fit, enforce its demand by reprisals or hostile measures, while the British dominion or dependency has no such resource. There ought clearly to be some machinery for bringing the Imperial prerogative into play in such inter-State disputes. Nobody wants to precipitate the creation of that Federal Constitution which the Colonies are not yet ready to receive. But some kind of Federal organ or Federal tribunal of supreme appeal, in political, as well as legal, matters seems to be required, if the component populations of the Empire are really to enjoy all the benefits of the Imperial connection.

PROTESTING TOO MUCH.

"Daily News":—Lord Gladstone's dispatches make what is no doubt the best case possible for the conversion of mine compounds into "out-stations" to gaols in which to detain Indian strikers; and so far as it goes it is satisfactory. There is no reason to suppose that the Natal Government would be so foolish as deliberately to make itself a party to the ill-treatment of Indian prisoners, and we are perfectly prepared to believe that "the whole object of Ministers is the essential restoration of order." When the High Commissioner, however, goes on to say that "force will only be used to put down unprovoked violence by strikers themelves," he is protesting altogether too much. The difficulty and the danger of the situation in Natal and to a lesser extent in the Transvaal is that the Government is not strong enough to give any such pledge. On November 12, for instance, a meeting at Volksrust determined to "resist by force the efforts of the Indians to enter the Transvaal," and 400 men set off to the border to do it. They did not wait for the Government's permission, and it is highly improbable that they would have waited for "unprovoked violence" before attacking the strikers. Similarly Lord Gladstone denies that any flogging has taken place in the prison compounds, and this may very well be so. But what Mr. Ritch tells Lord Ampthill is that he has "conclusive evidence" not of ill-treatment in the compounds, but of "brutal floggings by employers of men captured." These are the "mischievous" stories which are doing such harm in India and England. The harm they do can only be permanent and serious in so far as they are true; but there is nothing in Lord Gladstone's dispatches to disprove them.

SWADESHI WORKER CONFER WITH C-IN-C.

SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CONDITIONS OF BENGAL.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 12.

Babu Krishna Kumar Mitter, a well-known Swadeshi worker, recently went to Delhi in connection with the marriage ceremony of the son of the Hon. Rai Bahadur Sultan Sing and had interviews with the Commander-in-Chief and many other high officials. His Excellency, Sir O'Moore Creagh gave three quarters of an hour to Mr. Mitter for discussing with him the economic and social conditions of Bengal.

MANŒUVRES AT DACCA.

Furthermore His Excellency desired Bengalis to attend the manœuvres at Dacca which commence on January 15th and lasts till February 15th, 1914. Such a demonstration was never before held in Bengal and would prove a healthy and interesting sight for all classes. Accommodation for visitors would be aranged for by General Sir Robert Scallon.

EUROPEAN SOLDIERS' EXCURSION.

ALLEGED THEFT AND ASSAULT.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 12.

On the afternoon of 7th instant four European soldiers stationed at Barrackpore went out of their barracks for an excursion towards the village Chandanpur near Titagarh The soldiers, it is alleged, entered the inner apartments of a house belonging to Babu Moti Lall Ghosh who was not at that time in the house. The ladies in the house shut themselves up in a room. The soldiers, it is alleged, took away a few warm cloths and wrappers that were lying in the verandah of the room. While the soldiers were going away a neighbour followed them and requested them to return the articles. Then, it is alleged, one of the soldiers fell upon him and mercilessly belaboured him with a lathi. Mr. Macpherson, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Barrackpore, is personally investigating the matter.

A CASHIER IN TROUBLE.

ALLEGED EMBEZZLEMENT OF RS. 31,000.

(Associated Press.)

BANGALORE, Dec. 12.

A charge sheet has been placed before the City Magistrate for preliminary enquiry against M. A. Srinivasiengar, late cashier of the Bangalore Woollen Cotton and Silk Mills Company who is alleged to have embezzled Rs. 31,000. The counts on which the police are proceeding relate to defalcations of Rs. 13,940, Rs. 3,185, and Rs. 2,428, committed on the 21st June, 18th September and 13th October last respectively. The accused was arrested in Madras and remanded till the 15th pending extradition warrant from Bangalore City.

SCHROTTKY'S INDIGO PASTE.

Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Dec. 12.

Mr. F. Marsden, Government tinctorial expert, deals with a variety of more or less important matters in his latest quarterly report, but the only paragraph likely to be of general interest is that relating to Schrott- good deal had been said and written of ky's natural indigo paste, about which a late. Mr. Marsden says:—"Early in September, I was requested by the Director of Agriculture to attend the dye trial with Schrottky's standard natural indigo paste at one of the large mills and as the success or failure of this product appeared to be of importance to the agricultural community, I did so. The paste, which had been made at the Indigo Factory in the north of the Presidency in the presence of officials of the Agricultural Department was tested for value against the commercial branch of the sympathetic indigo and the result of the trial was in every respect unfavourable to the Schrottky paste."

POLITICAL DACOITIES IN E. BENGAL.

TWO SUSPECTS ARRESTED.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 12.

In connection with the political dacoities at Faridpur two more houses were searched by the Criminal Investigation Department in Calcutta, on Thursday, with the result that two more political suspects were arrested. Their names have not been given out by the police.

HEARD ON THE 'PHONE.

BREACH OF PROMISE ACTION THE SEQUEL.

A curious breach of promise case was heard at Worcester on Nov. 26th, when Sarah Ann Farr, of Droitwich, was awarded £60 damages against William James Horne, house decorator, of Kirby Muxloe, near Leicester. Plaintiff was a barmaid at Worcester when defendant, acting as advance against for a company touring with "Raffles," visited the city. He was so much smitten with her that he obtained a situation in Worcester and became engaged to her.

Banns were duly published, but Horne was arrested on a charge of obtaining money by false pretences from Mrs. Kate Price, a widow, and was sentenced to six months' imprisonment. At the expiration of his sentence, instead of marrying plaintiff he married the widow whom he had defrauded, and set up in business near Leicester.

Miss Farr did not hear of his marriage, and only discovered the fact as the result of telephoning to his address, to ask for assistance in the maintenance of the child which had been born. Defendant's wife answered the telephone.

The Karachi Indian Merchants' Association in reply to Government, advocates, the legislative restriction of banking operations as a safeguard against dishonesty and incapacity, but does not think that such restriction should be applied to shroffs or personal bankers who are a class apart from banking companies.

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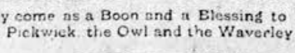

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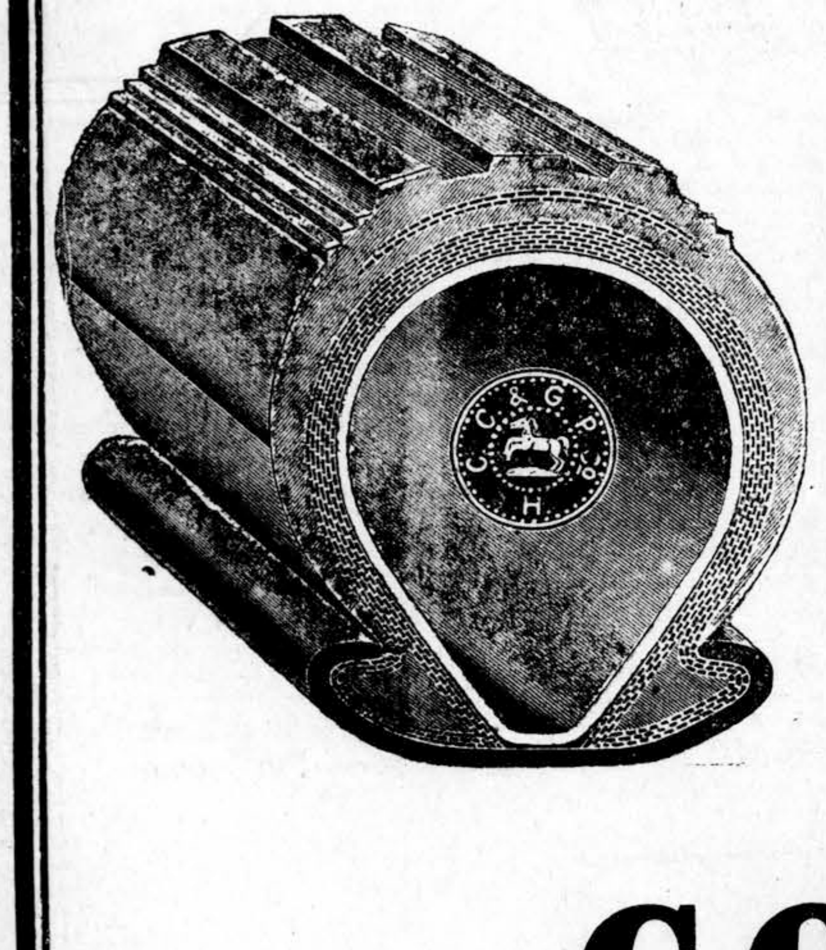

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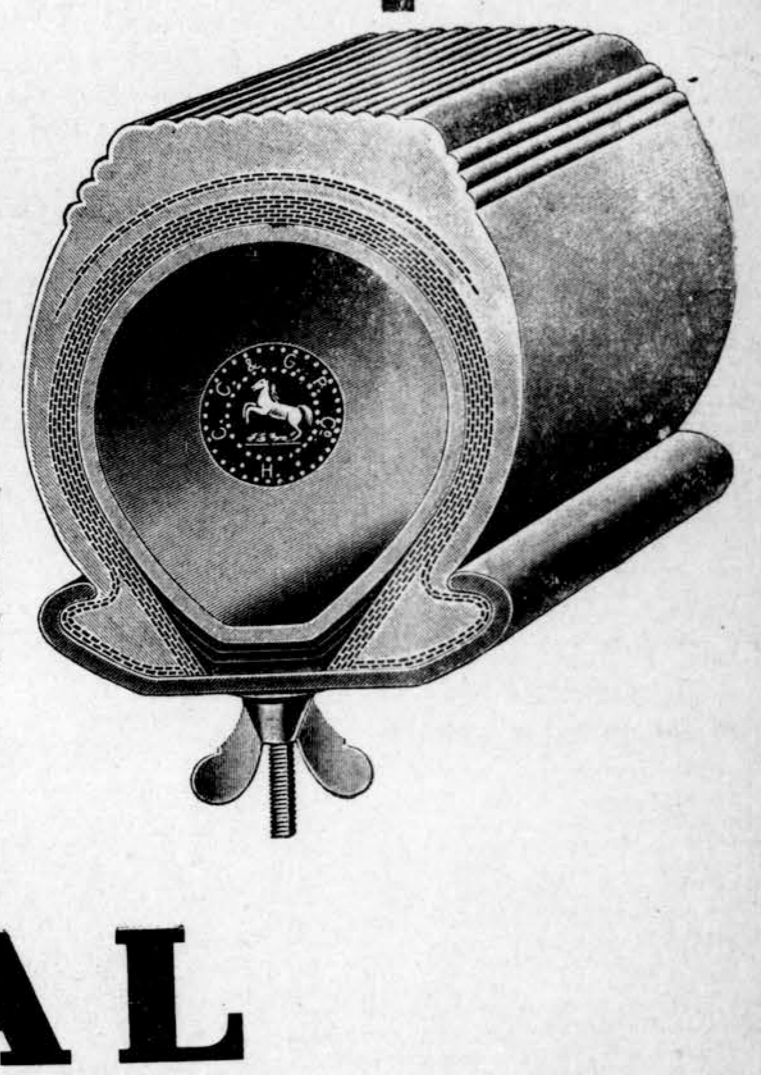

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A BRILLIANT FUNCTION·

PRESENTATION OF TITLES AND SANADS.

His Excellency Lord Willingdon, Governor of Bombay, held his first Levee at Government House, Malabar point, on Saturday evening. A welcome change was thus introduced, former Governors having always held their levees in the Secretariat buildings in the afternoon when great inconvenience was felt by everyone who attended. Government House was very tastefully decorated for the occasion with flags, buntings, chinese lanterns and etc. and His Excellency's string band was in attendance. Refreshments were also provided for the gentlemen attending the Levee.

Exactly at 9-45, His Excellency, accompanied by his Private Secretary Mr. C. C. Watson and Military Secretary, Major J. G. Greig, and staff entered the Durbar room and the gentlemen entitled to private entree were presented to him by the Military Secretary, Major Greig. Those attending the public entree were then presented the names being announced by Major Greig.

After the levee presentations were over, His Excellency invested the following gentlemen with the Sanads or Medals of their titles:—

Mr. C. C. Watson, and Major W. G. Liston, with the medal of C.I.E.

Rao Bahadur Ramchandra Narayan Joglekar, with the medal of the Imperial Service Order.

Rao Bahadur Ram Narayan Amerchand, with the Kaiser-i-Hind medal of the First Class, and Mr. R. H. Madan, and Mr. M. E. Talyarkhan, with Kaiser-in-Hind medal of the Second Class.

Rao Bahadur Narayan Trimbak Vaidya, with the Sanad of a Rao Bahadur.

PRIVATE ENTRY.

The following had the honour of being presented at the private entry:—

Abdul Husen Adamji Pirbhoy, The Hon. Mr.; Ali Akbar, Mr.; Ali Akbar Khan, Mr.; The Archdeacon of Bombay, Armstrong, Sir Charles.

B. H. Nanavatty, Dr., Khan Bahadur; B. S. Kamat, Hon. Mr.; Baker, Mr. H. D.; Batchelor, Mr. Justice; Bhalchandra Krishna, Sir; Bishop of Bombay; Browne, Major; Brigstocke, Mr.

C. H. Setalvad, the Hon. Mr.; C. A. Patwardhan, Chief of Sungli; Chrystal, Mr. J. P.; Clayton, Mr. H. B. Collier, Mr; Cawasji Jehangir, Sir; Cuvelier, Mr. M.; Czerwenka, Herr W. R.;

Daji Abaji Khare, Mr.; David, Sir Sassoon; Dinshaw Petit, Sir; D'Monte, Dr. D. A.

Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Sir; Fazulbhoy M. Chinoy, the Hon. Mr.

Gulam Hussein, Hon. Shaikh; Gibbs, M. R. T.; Gokuldas K. Parekh, the Hon. Mr.; Gorio, Chev. Dr. G.

Halil Halid Bey, Mr.; Hardcastle, Mr. F. E.; Heaton, Mr. Justice; Heyer, Dr.; Hummel, Mr. C. Hutchinson, Major F. H. G.

Ibrahim Rahimtoola, Sir; Iwasaki, Mr. K.

Jaffer Rahimtoola, Mr.; Jamsetji Jijibhoy, Sir Jardine, Mr. M. R., Jurgens, Archbishop Dr.

Kaikabad A. Noshirwan, Sirdar Dastur; Kaikhosro Edalji Modi Sirdar Davar; K. R. Godbole, Mr.

Liston, Major; Lyons, Col.

M. A. Jinnah, Mr.; Macleod, Mr. Justice; McBain, Mr.; McCormick, Major, Royal Engineers; Mulji Bhawandas Barbhaya, Mr.; Munmohandas, Ramji Mr. M. Rafiuddin Ahmed, the Hon.

N. D. Khandalavala, the Hon. Mr.; Narottam M. Goculdas, Mr.; Nicholson, Mr. E. Ferrers; Nowroji Pudumji, Sardar;

Percival, Mr.; Pike, Colonel; Phiroze Hoshung Dustur, Sardar; Phirozeshah M. Mehta, Sir; Preston, Major, E. E. Supply and Transport Corps.

Raikes, Mr. E. B.

Sams, Mr.; Sale, Mr.; Sells, Mr. A. F.; Shah, Mr. Justice; S. K. Rodda, the Hon. Rao Bahadhur; Slater, Mr. Sanders; S. M. Bhurucha Mr.; Sprott, Mr. F.; Sulliman Abdul Wahad; Syedali El Edroos.

Temulji B. Narimn, Dr.; Tod, Mr. Alex. M.; Trotter, Mr. H. M. C.

Underwood, Dr. E. F.

Venkatesh S. Naik, the Hon. Mr.; Viegas, Dr. A. G.; Vithaldas D. Thackersey, Sir; Volkart, Mr. L.

Ward, Captain, B. S.; Wardlaw Milne, Mr. J. S.; Watson, Major; Whitty, Mr. R. F. L.; Wilson, Mr. C. H.

PUBLIC ENTRY.

The following are the names of those presented at the public entry:—

Abbas S. Tyabji, Mr.; Abdeali Mehamadali Kajiji, Mr.; Abdulla Dharamsey, Mr.; Abdulla Ghulam Hussin Allana, Mr.; Abdul Kader Haj Esmail, Mr.; Aboobakher A. Begmahomed, Mr.; Abdul Kadir A. Ebrahim, Mr.; Abdul Kadir Khatkatay, Mr.; Adams, R. A. Mr.; Agerap Harold Lieut.; Alinger A. Rev.; Aitken, W. L. E. Mr.; Alexander W. Mr.; Alexander, W. P. Major; Alibhai M. Jivanji, Mr.; Ali Mahomed Khan Dehlavi, Mr.; Amann, Mav, Dr.; Ambalal Bapoobhai, Mr.; Anandjee Nanjee, Mr.; Anandrao Waman Shete, Rao Saheb; Anant Krishna Pai, Rao Saheb; Anderson, F. E. Lieut.; Anderson, John, Mr.; Anderson, W. C. Mr.; Anderson, W. H. G. Mr.; Annesley, F. C. Mr.; Appajee Ganesh Dandekar, Rao Bahadur; A. P. Pattani, Mr.; Ardeshir Hormasjee Cooper, Mr.; Ardeshir Kavasji Turner, Mr.; A. R. More, Mr.; Arnold F. G. Mr.; Aston, A. H. S. Mr; Ali Asghar H. Fyzee, Mr.; Atmaram Balkrishna Nathava Patil, Mr.; Anery T. Mr.;

B. D. Khote, Mr.; B. N. Athavle, Mr.; B. G. Turkhud, Mr.; Babington, C. Mr.; Baburao B. Onkar, Rao Bahadur; Bagshawe, E. L. Mr.; Baird, A. E. Mr.; Baker, C. D. Mr.; Baker, P. M. Mr.; Baker, P. N. H. Mr.; Balaram Gampatrao Chintoba, Mr.; Balkrishna Vinayak Wasoodev, Mr.; Balfour, J. A. Mr.; Balkrishna Mahadeo Tapre Mr.; Balkrishna Ramchandra Navalkar, Rao Saheb; Balubhai Kahandass, Mr.; Balwant Trimbuk Sahasrabudhe, Mr.; Bamanji Dorabji Padumji, Khan Bahudur; Bamansha Hormusji Sidhwa, Mr.; Baptista, Peter A. Mr.; Baptista, Thomas, Mr.; Bapuji Cawasji Divecha, Mr.; Barjorji Bomanji Jassawalla, Mr.; Barjor P. Karam, Mr.; Barker, V. F. Mr.; Barnard, R. C. H. Lieut-Colonel; Barraclough, L. Mr.; Barrow, R. L. Mr.; Behramji Nowroji Gamadia Mr.; Bell, J. W. A. Mr.; **Bezonji Nowroji** Horsedealer, Mr.; Bhagwandass Madhavdas, Mr.; Bhagwandas Chutterbhooj, Mr.; Bhagwanlal Panalal, Mr.; Bhaskarrao Vithaldass Mehta, Mr.; Bhamanishankar Balkrishna Dadarkar, Mr.; Bhirkaji Edalji Ghaswalla, Mr.; Bhogilal Virchand Dipchand, Mr.; Bigg-Wither, H. S. Mr.; Binning, D. B. Mr.; Bireh, Charles V. Mr.; Birkett, T. W. Mr.; Blunt, Leslie Mr.; Board, A. C. Mr.; Bocarro, Edward, Mr.; Bocarro, Joseph, Mr.; Boese, H. Rev.; Bonner, T. W. Lieut.-Colonel; Bowen, J. C. G. Mr.; Bowes-Lyon, C. Mr.; Boyes, J. M. Mr.; Brady, W. H. Mr.; Brent, Arthur, Mr.; Brent, H. A. W. Mr.; Breul; C. W. Mr.; Breul, F. A. Captain; Britto, A. Dr.; Britto, J. L. Mr.; Brooke, R. H. Mr.; Brooke, W. J. Buckingham, Mr.; Budrudin Lukmani, Dr.; Bunbury, E. J. Mr.; Bundeally Hajeebhoy, Mr.; Burch, A. R. Mr.; Burge J. T. Mr.; Burjor P. Banaji, Mr.; Burnett, S. H. Lieut.-Colonel; Burney, A. R. Mr.; Byramji R. B. Jeejeebhoy, Mr.; Byrne, C. H. Mr.; Byrt, A. H. Mr.

C. H. Contractor, Khan Bahadur; Calvocoressi, Mr. George; Calvocoressi, Mr. Stephen; Cameron, Mr. Alastair; Campbell, Mr. Arthur L.; Cane, Lieut. E G. T.; Curdale, Captain W. H.; Caroe, Mr. C. H.; Carter, Major R. M.; Cass, Lieut. H. L.; Cassumally J. Pirbhoy, Mr.; Cassam Dewji, Mr.; Cassie, Mr. G. J.; Catherall, Mr. G.; Cavanagh, Mr. B. F.; Chadwick, Mr. A. S.; Chalk, Mr. G. F.; Chambers, Major W. Boughton; Chandulal Dayabhai, Mr.; Chatfield, Mr. H. S.; Chatrabhuj G. Sunderdas, Mr.; Chaturbhuj Shivji, Mr.; Cherry, Mr. J. A.; Chessall, Mr. C. H. H.; Chhabildas L. Bhimji, Mr.; Chhaganlal Dayabhai, Mr.; Chunilal Kisandas, Mr.; Chunilal H. Setalvad, Mr.; Chunilal V. Mehta, Mr.; Clark, Mr. Frank J.; Clarke, Mr. A. M.; Cobban, Mr. J.; Combe, Mr. L.; Coombs, Mr. E. E.; Cordeiro, Dr. P. A.; Correa, Mr. T. G.; Coutino, Mr. C.; Continho, Dr. T. M.; Conway, Mr. W. T.; Cousens, Mr. H. J. M.; Cowasji J. Readymoney, Mr.; Cowasji G. Oomrigar, Mr.; Cranna, Mr. L. G.; Crawford, Mr. A. A.; Crawford, Mr. H.; Crowder, Mr. M. H.; Cudlip, Capt and Adj. E. P.; Cursetji M. Banaji, Mr.; Curtis, Lieut. A. D.; Currumsey Damji, Rao Bahadur.

D. A. Turkhud, Dr.; Dadabhoy Nusserwanjee Kairawalla, Mr.; Dadabhoy R. H. B. Jeejeebhoy, Mr.; Dalpatbhai Khandoobhai Desai, Rao Saheb; Dalsukhbhai Vadilal Veerchand, Mr.; D. G. Dalvi, Mr. Damodar Raghunath Purandhare, Rao Bahadur; D. N. Bahadurji, Mr.; Daunchl Hugo, Dr.; Dattatraya Lakhman Vaidya, Mr.; David, I. Mr.; Davidson, J. R. Mr.; Davies, A. L. Mr.; Dawoodbhoy Fazulbhoy Piru Muhammad, Mr.; Dayabhai Bhagubhai Javeri, Mr.; Dayabhai Surejlal Thathi, Mr.; I'Almeida, J. C. D. Mr.; De Gruchy, F. A. L. Captain; De Heredia, M. A., Dr.; Delves, R. H. A. Mr.; De Monte, B. Rev. Dr.; De Souza Geo. J., Mr.; D'Souza, J. A. Dr.; Devidas Madhavji Thakersey, Mr.; Dewjee Adhamjee Chothanee, Rao Saheb; Dhanjibhoy Bomanjee Petit, Mr.; Dhanjishah Hormasji Sedhwa, Mr.; Dharamdas Hagirdas, Mr.; Dharamsi J Thacker, Mr.; Dhondi H. Vezray, Sr. Sub. Asstt. Surgeon; Dahyabhai Hakamchand, Mr.; Dickinson, W. H. Major; Dilworth Mac, L. P. Lieut.; Dinshaw B. Gandevia, Mr.; Dinshaw H. L. Batliwalla, Mr.; Dodds Joseph, Mr.; Donald, A. K. Mr.; Dorabji Hormusjee Ashburner, Mr.; Dosabhai K. Patel, Mr.; Dosabhai Rustomji Bardi, Mr.; Dosabhai R. D. Sethna, Mr.; Dost Mahomed F. Chinoy, Mr.; Duggan, E. M. Mr.; Dunkerley, J. H. Mr.; Dunkerley, W. Mr.; Dwarkanath Rajaram Vaidya, Mr.; Dwarkadas Kaliandas, Mr.

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Fardunjee A. Cursetjee Fardunjee, Mr.; Farrell, Mr. H. E.; Fasken, 2nd Lt. K. L.; Faulkner, Mr. Edgar; Fazul Dost Mohammad Allana, Mr.; Fenton, Maj. D. A.; Fern, Mr. Ernest, R.; Firman, Lt. H. O. B., R. N.; Fisher, Mr F. J.; Forbes, Captain A., B.V.R.; Forrest, Mr. Douglas; Fowler, Mr. Cecil, C.; Framjee Jehangir Karaka, Mr.; Frewen, Lt. O. M., R. N.; Froom, Mr. A H.; Fredoon F. Tarapore, Mr.; Furdunjee Jamsetjee Parakh, Mr.; Furdoonjee Merwanjee Banajee, Mr.; Furze, Mr. Gordon; F. R. Dasai, Mr.; F. R. Parakh, Dr.; F. S. Talyarkhan, Mr.

G. K. Gotre, Mr.; Gahagan, G. A. Mr.; Ganesh Raghunath, Mr.; Ganpatrao Ghanshani Nadkarni, Mr.; Gayer, J. H. Mr.; George, W. Mr.; Gibbs, Harry P. Mr.; Gilks, H. Laughton, Mr.; Gill, H. D. Mr.; Gloster, Major; Godrej Dorabji Padamji, Mr.; Gokuldass Damodar, Mr.; Gordon, A. Lieut.; Gordon-Tucker, E. F. Major; Gordon, F. F. Mr.; Goverdhandass Khatan Makanji, Mr.; Graham, A. K., Mr.; Gray, Alexander G., Mr.; Gray, R. M. Rev.; Green, A. M. Mr.; Greyson, Thomas S. Mr.; Griffith, F. C. Mr.; Grinlinton, J. L. Captain; Gulam Hussein Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Mr.; Gulam Hussein Ladhabhoy Ibrahim, Mr.; Gulam Hussein Moloobhai, Mr.; Gulam Hussein Rahimtulla Khairaz, Mr.; Gulam Mahomed Parkar, Mr.; Gulam Nabi Faki, Mr.; Gustadji Dhanjishah Kapadia, Khan Bahadur.

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Ibrahim Hajee Haroon Nakhoda, Mr.; Indravaden N. Mehta, Mr.; Inglis D. M., Mr.; Ishwardas Jagjiwandas Store, Sardar; Ismail G. Allana, Mr.

J. K. Mehta, Mr.; J. R. B. Jeejeebhoy, Mr.; Jackson, A. H., Lieut.; Jackson, E. R. H., Mr.; Jackson, J. E., Mr. Jackson, Thos., Lieut.-Colonel; Jaffer, Hajeebhoy, Mr.; Jugmohandas Motilal Shroff, Mr.; Jamadar Ilmehlai, Mr.; James, F. H., Captain and Adjutant; Jamnadass Lakhmidass Mody, Mr.; Jamnadass Vassanji Muaji, Mr.; Jamshedji A. Dalal, Khan Bahadur; Jamshedji Bezonji Wacha, Mr.; Jamshedji Byramji Kanga, Mr.; Jamshedji Cursetji Jamshedji, Mr.; Jamshedji Maneckji Framji Patel, Mr.; Jamshedji Merwanji, Antri, Mr.; Jamshedji Nusserwanji Duggan, Dr.; Jamshedji R. Desai, Khan Bahadur; Jamshedji Temulji Cambat, Mr.; Jamasp Phirose Dastur, Mr.; Janson, V., Mr.; Jaykrishna Hiralal Majumdar, Mr.; Jehangir Dinshah Davar, Mr.; Jehangir Dossabhoy Framji, Mr.; Jehangir Edalji Davar, Mr.; Jehangir H. Kothare, the Hon. Mr.; Jehangir Jiwanji Gazdar, Mr.; Jehangir Nowroji Gamadia, Mr.; Jehangir Ruttonji Dubash, Mr.; Jennings, W. E., Lieut.-Colonel; Jessop, J. W., Mr.; Jijibhoy Edalji Mody, Mr.; Jiwanji Jamshedji Mody, Shamsul-Ulma, Dr.; Jiwaji Sorabji, Mr.; Jiwanlal Panalal, Mr.; Johnson, Horald Mr.; Jones, F. G., Mr.; Jones, A. R. Brabazon, Mr.; Jones, H. E., Mr.

K. B. Pudumji, Mr.; K. D. Cooper, Mr.; K. M. Dubash, Mr.; K. G. Divecha, Mr.; K. N. Karanjia, Dr.; K. W. Dani, Mr.; K. Subramani Aiyar, Mr.; Kaikhushru Ardeshir Bala, Mr.; Karimbhoy Adamji Peerbhoy, Mr.; Kavasji Bejanji Sethna Mr.; Kavasha Sorabji Powvala, Mr.; Kavasji Behramji Shroff, Mr.; Kavasji Dadabhoy H. Dubash, Mr.; Kazi Muhammed Alimurghay, Khan Saheb; Kazi Sayed Ishak S. Hasan, Mr.; Kelly C. R., Major; Kershaspji R. Dadachanji, Mr. Kharsedjee Nasarvanjee Wadia, Mr.; Kerr, Nigel, Mr.; Kujista Kharsedjee Seervai, Mr.; Khimji Hirji Kayani, Mr.; Kidd, Ralph, Mr.; Kindersley, A. F. Mr.; Kilkelly, P. P., Lieut.-Colonel; Kinnear, N. B., Mr., Kisandas Tribhovandas Mangaldas, Mr.; Kisandas Tikamdas, Mr.; Kissan, B. W., Mr.; Knight, T. H., Chief Engineer R. I. M. Krishnalal Mohanlal Jhaveri, Mr., Krishnarao Balwant Pradhan, Mr.; Krishnarao R. Jayakar, Mr.; Krishnaji Waman Bhat, Mr.; Kunhardt, J. C. G., Captain; Kuverji Nowroji Wadia, Mr.;

Lalji Naranji, Mr., Lane, Lieut. H. E. Lane, Mr. W. T.; Langley, Mr. G. E. D.; Lafond, Capt. H. A.; Lakhamsi H. Meisheri, Mr.; Lamb, Capt. B.; Latimer, Mr. James H., Lattey, Mr. W. A. Leao, Mr. S. A. Lee-Wilson, Rev. H. W., Lewis, Mr. T. M. L., Lilly, Lieut.-Col. A. T. J.; Lodge, Mr. H. S.; Lord, Mr. James A.; Love, Mr. D. K.; Loving, Mr. A. J.; Lowther, Lieut.-Col. H.

M. B. Kolaskar, Mr.; M. B. Nikombi, Rev.; M. F. Taqui, Khan Saheb; M. H. Taqui, Khan Saheb; M. S. R. Pandit, Mr.; M. T. Kaderbhoy, Mr.; M. V. Mehta, Mr.; McAfee, F. L. M., Mr.; McCann, J. Lieut.; McCaulis, W. J. Captain; McDonald, E. K. Mr.; McDonald, W. C., Mr.; McIntrye, J. T., Mr., McKenzie Kenneth E., Mr.; McNeill, Hector, L., Mr., Macdonald, A. Lieut.; MacIntosh, D. R., Mr.; Mackison, J. P., Major; Mackison, James W., Mr.; Mackenzie, R. T. H., Mr.; Madhusudan Rowji Shankarshett, Mr.; Maganlal Dalpatram Khakhar, Mr.; Magill, M. F. G., Sandeo, Mr., Mahadeo Appaji Dandekar, Mr.; Mahomedbhoy Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Mr.; Mahomed Hajibhoy Lalji, Mr.; Mahomedji Haji Adam Maniar, Mr.; Mahomed Syed Rogay, Mr.; Makanji Juthabhoy Mehta, Mr.; Manaji Rajooji, Rao Saheb; Manchershah Nowroji Kapadia, Dr.; Maneckji F. H. Sethna, Mr.; Mansfield, Oliver, Mr.; Marshall, W. R. Colonel; Martin, A., Rev., Mathai, P. M., Dr.; May, B., Dr.; Meade, W. L. Captain; Medley, Neville, Captain; Meghji Vasanji Tricumji, Mr.; Menzies, B. H., Mr.; Mercer, J., Mr.; Merwanji Nowroji Antia, Mr.; Messent, P. Glynn, Mr., Metcalfe, J. G. E., Mr., Michael, L. W., Mr.; Milne, G. T. Stewart, Mr.; Minocher Jamaspji, Dastur; Mirza Ali Mahomed Khan, Mr.; Mirza Ali Rezakhan, Mr.; Mirza Ibrahim Baig, Captain Sirdar Bahadur; Moberley, C. N., Captain; Moberley, R. S., Lieut.; Mohanlal Panalal, Mr.; Mohsin Badrudin Tyebji, Mr.; Molesworth, F. C., Captain; Monteath, W. F. Stuart, Mr.; Morarji Mulraj Khatao, Mr., Morarji Vassonji Munji, Mr.; Moreshuar Chintaman Javle, Dr.; Moreshwar Wishwanath Pradhan, Mr.; Morris, Dernot, Mr.; Mortimore, C. R., Major; Moses, E., Dr.; Motilal Kanji Kapadia, Mr.; Moulvie Abdulla Ahmed, Mr.; Muhammad Faridun, Khan Saheb; Muir, Frank, Mr; Mulji Narayen Khiraj, Mr.; Muller, Julius, Mr.; Munch, P., Mr., Muncherji Framji Khan, Mr. Muncherji Pallonji Contractor, Mr.; Murzban Muncherji Murzban Mr., N. D. Dadysett, Mr.; N. F. Surveyor, Dr.; N. M. Patell, Mr.

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Parks, Mr. W. Battersby; Paterson-Brown, Mr.; Payne, Mr. H. A. H.; Pearce, Mr. F. H; Pearson, Mr. A. C. McMullen; Pearson, Mr. E. G; Peel, Mr. Reginald; Penrose, Mr. J. E.; Pereira, Mr. Frederick W; Perrie, Mr. H. G.; Perry, Capt. S.; Pestonji, M. Kanga, Mr.; Pestonji, M. Modi, Mr.; Phibbs, Mr. Harry; Phiroz, C. Barucha, Dr.; Phillips, Mr. G. C.; Phillips, R. L.; Phiroze C. Sethna, Mr.; Phirozshah B. R. Mody, Mr.; Phirozsha Petit, Mr.; Pirojshaw, K. Bamji, Mr; Pinsent, Mr. Arthur E.; Plunkett, Mr. W.; P. N. Daruwala, Dr.; Poonsey H. Meisheri, Mr.; Pratt, Major E. G. W.; Premdas Khimji, Mr; Purshotam Kanji, Mr.; Purshotamdas M. Nathoobhoy, Mr.; Purshotam Odhowji, Rao Saheb; Purshotamdas Thakoredas, Mr.; Purshotam V. Mawji, Mr.; Puttick, Mr. A. W.

Puarme, A. R. Mr.; Quinn, Harold, Mr. R. D. Sethna, Mr.; R. D. Noghe, Rao Bahadur, R. K. Tarachand, Mr.; R. H. Covaji, Mr.; R. P. Hassani, Mr.; Radclieff, Captain G. H. B.; Rahimtulla C. Ebrahim, Mr.; Rahimtulla M. Chinoy, Mr.; Raichand L. Banker, Mr.; Ramchandra M. Bhat, Mr.; Ramdas Govardhandas, Mr.; Ramdatta V. Desai, Mr.; Ramkrishna S. Navalkar, Mr.; Ranchhoddas Vurjivandas, Mr.; Ranjit K. Lallubhai, Mr.; Raoji V. J. Sunkersett, Mr.; Ratansha T. Nariman, Dr.; Rayner, Mr. H. E.; Reed, Captain Stanley; Reid, Mr. R.; Reith, Mr. A. M.; Remedios, Rev. D.; Retallack, Mr. P. H.; Reynolds, Captain J. R.; Reynolds, Mr. John; Rhodes, Captain H. V.; Rich, M. C. N.; Richardson, Lieut. A.; Richardson, Mr. H. L.; Rigby, Captain C. M.; Rien, Mr. E. V.; Rivaz, Mr. C.; Robertson, Rev. W. G.; Roche, Captain L. V.; Ross, Mr. N.; Row, Mr. R.; Roston, Mr. C. C.; Ruggeberg, Mr. H.; Rumball, Mr. A. C.; Rushforth, Mr. F. V.; Russ, Mr. C. A.; Russell, Major W. K.; Rustam B. Vakil, Khan Bahadur; Rustam N. Vachhagandi, Mr.; Rustam P. Modi, Mr.; Rustamji Jivanji Modi, Mr; Rustam-Edalji Modi, Mr.; Rustamji Nowroji Motabhai, Mr.; Rustamji Jamshedji Kapadia, Khan Bahadur; Rustamji Byramji Jijibhai, M. Hirji Readymoney, Mr.; Rustamji Nanabhai Ramna, Mr.; Ruttonchand Tullockchand, Mr., Ruttonsha Kershaspji Dadachanji, Mr.

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Taherali Muhammadali Kajiji, Mr.; Talbot, G. W. Mr.; Tansukharam Mansukhram Tripathi, Mr.; Taylor, Capt. J.; Taylor, Capt. Newman; Taylor, R. Mr.; Tehmuras Kavasjee Modi, Mr.; Tejookaya, Mr.; Tennant, G. F. D. Mr.; Tranchell, Mr.; Trevor, Lieut.-Col. Hon. A. Hill; Trevor, F. Loch, Mr.; Tricumdas Gordhandas Khatav, Mr.; Troup, Lieut. F. C. A.; Tulsidas Keshavdas Modi, Mr.; Tukaram Jawaji, Mr.; Tulsidas Kilabhai Thanavala, Mr.; Turner, A. J. Mr.; Turner, C. W. A. Mr.; Turner, J. A. Dr.; Tyers, J. Dr.;

Underhill, N. Lieut.

V. S. Sanzgiri, Mr.; Valabhdas Chaturbhuj Shivji, Mr.; Vallabhdas Jamnadas, Mr.; Vallabhdas Visoondas, Mr.; Vallabhnarayen J. Dani, Mr.; Vallji Mahomed Devjee, Mr.; Vasantrao Anandrao Dabholkar, Mr.; Vinayak Sadanand Joshi, Mr.; Vinayak Sokarji Trilokekar, Mr.; Vincent, Lieut.-Col. H. O.; Vishwanath Probhuram Vaidya, Mr.; Vithal Pandurang Chavan, Rao Saheb; Vithalrao Krishnajee Vandekar, Rao Bahadur; Vrijbhukandas Manchharam Pakvasa, Mr.

Waddams, Mr. A. R.; Waite, Mr. W. E.; Waldron, Mr. E. N.; Wales, Mr. Chas. W.; Walsh, Mr. J. H.; Waman Balwant Pradhan, Mr.; Wamanrao Nana Moroba, Mr.; Warburton, Mr. W. G.; Ward, Capt. C. M.; Warden, Comdr. St. L. S.; Waterworth, Capt. and Adjt., G. F.; Watson-Smyth, Mr. F.; Watson, Mr. J. Frank; Watson, Capt. J. Freeter; Watts, Mr. Talbot H.; Webb, Major G. R.; Weber, Mr. H. G.; Weldon, Mr. W. L.; Whateley, Mr. R.; Whitaker, Mr. W.; White, Mr. G. Hanbury; White, Mr. H. H.; Wilkinson, Mr. H. R. H.; Willard, Mr. A.; Williams, Lieut. A. E.; Williams, Mr. E. Alban; Williamson, Mr.; Williamson, 2nd Lieut. C. P. F.; Williamson, Mr. D.; Willis, Mr. R. A.; Wilson, Lieut. D. W.; Wilson, Mr. F. W.; Wilson, 2nd Lieut. I. C.; Wilson, Rev. J. Aikman; Wilson, Mr. R. E.; Wise, Mr. Arthur W. S.; Wise, Mr. George M.; Wittet, Mr. G.; Woollcombe, Col. R.; Whyte, Mr. A. H.; Whyte, Mr. W.

Xydis, George E., Mr.

Y. G. Nadgir, Dr.; Yeshwant Anna Kunte, Mr.; Young Arthur, Col.; Yusuf G. Allana, Mr.; and Yeo Edwin, Mr.

"UNAVOIDABLY PREVENTED."

◆

The following gentlemen were unavoidably prevented from attending His Excellency The Governor's Levee:—Mr. Balkrishna Wasseodev Pandoorang, Mr. B. Potnis, Lieut. A. W. Benson, Mr. Kazi Sayed Azimodin, Mr. W. P. Brookes, Mr. D. D. Kapadia, Mr. Ranchhodbhai B. Petil, Mr. Jeshingbhai Bhaibabhai Patil, Mr. Allymahomed Goolamhussein, Mr. Pooramnall Goolji Singham, Mr. J. N. Cursetji, Mr. Kavasji Edalji Dadachanji, Mr. M. C. Murzban, Mr. Pirosha Rastumji Patell, Sir Vasanji Trikamji Mulji, Mr. C. H. Burt, Mr. Bamanjee Dinshaw Petit, Mr. Jagmohandas Vandavandas Bhaisett, Captain F. C. Arnold, Mr. N. Gude, Mr. J. S. Lambert, Lieut.-Col. Lloyd Jones, Mr. S. Dawson, Mr. Aga Khan, Mr. Ibrahim Khan, Mr. M. Leslie, Lieut. G. D. Mills, Mr. N. Manghan, Mr. D. F. Leao, Mr. A. M. DeSouza, Mr. Kanaiyalal Ranchhodbhai Dave, Mr. Lakhamsee Nappo, Mr. Marshall Reid, Mr. Bhawanidas Narendas Motivala, Lieut.-Col. R. O. Vincent, R.G.A., Lieut. E. V. Watson, R.G.A., Mr. Vishnu Hari Barve, Mr. Sardar Mirikar, Hon. Lalubhai Samaldas, Mr. Rustom M. Chichgary, Mr. Murtrie, Mr. Byramjee Dadabhoy, Mr. Kaji J. Nurudin, Mr. Ramchandra Bhasker Mantri, Mr. Kassambhoy Bishram, Rev. C. E. C. de Cootlogan, Mr. B C. Reade, Mr. Tribhovandas Vurjevandas, Sir Jugmohandas, Vurjeevandas, Sardar Pursharam Krishnarao Bivalker, Sardar Vinayakrao Dhundiraj Bivalkai, Mr. Bhikubhai Mulchand, Mr. Narandas Purshotamdas, Mr. John Greig, Rao Bahadur P. B. Joshi, Mr. Bhawanidas Narondas Motivala, Mr. Ahmed R. Sayani, Mr. Naranji Dwarkadas, Mr. Abdula R. Sayani, Mr. Narayen Vishvanath Mandlik, Mr. W. S. Millard, Mr. Byramji Nusserwanji Seervai, Mr. V. G. Pitale, Mr. G. B. Prabhakar, Mr. J. D. D'Almeida, Rev. W. Thomson, Lt.-Col. W. V. Scudamore, R.E., Subhedar David Moses, Mr. K. D. Wadia, Mr. Alibhoy Adamji Peerbhoy, The Hon'ble Mr. W. L. Graham, Mr. Ebrahim Adamji Peerbhoy, Mr. Gokuldas Naranji, Mr. Ismailbhoy A. Lalljee, Mr. Hooseinbhoy A. Lalljee, Mr. A. R. King, Capt. H. C. Hawtrey, R.E., Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Bart., Mr. Nassurbhoy A. Lalljee, Mr. Abdoolabhoy Lalljee, Mr. Fazulbhoy J. Lalljee, Mr. Mulraj Khatau, Mr. Jamsetji Ardaseer Wadia, Mr. Rajabally V. Patel, Dr. Sorab K. Nariman, Mr. Hakim Mahomed Dayam, Mr. Alfredo Casanova, Consul-Genl., for Portugal, Mr. Madhavji Damodher Thackersey, Mr. Harrischandra Jugganath Goregaokar, Mr. Nagindas P. Mehta, Shams-ul-Ulama Dastur Darab Dastur P. Sanjana, Mr. Jehangir Bomanji Petit, Mr. Meherali M. Fakira, Mr. Ivon Schapringer, Mr. J. G. Bendien.

ALLEGED IMPORTATION OF FIREARMS.

◆

AUTOMATIC PISTOLS FOUND IN BAGGAGE.

At the Esplanade Police Court, on Saturday, Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, adjourned the case against Gulam Hussein Haji Ali, a Persian cook, who was charged by Inspector Rutterfield, with importing two pistols and a quantity of ammunition without licence.

Mr. Kotwal, pleader, defended the accused.

It was alleged that when the pilgrim ship Nurani, arrived in Bombay on Friday, Mr. W. E. Rice, Customs Officer, asked the accused's master, who was one of the passengers, if he had any firearms in his possession. He said he had none, but when pressed to tell the truth he went up to a basket containing cooking pots and brought out from it an automatic pistol. Mr. Rice then asked him if his cook or his nephew had any firearms in their possession. He said they had not. Mr. Rice then started examining the baggage, when the accused took out a box from a bag containing tea requisites and in it were found two automatic pistols concealed under some candlesticks. He also produced four packets of ammunition.

The accused in his statement to the Court said that he intended to go to Bassara from Jeddah, but as there was no boat available there for the Persian Gulf he came to Bombay. Here as soon as he was asked whether he had any arms he himself produced the two pistols. The case was adjourned.

Five more persons, who arrived by the same steamer, have been charged with a similar offence, and the cases against them also were adjourned.

PARSI LADY'S COMPLAINT.

◆

EXEMPLARY SENTENCE ON A ROWDY.

At the Mazagon Police Court, on Saturday, before Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalvad, Inspector Stenson, charged Hassan Mia Sulleman, a Mahomedan "Mawali," or man of ill repute, with attempting to assault a Parsi Lady named Pirojbai, a married woman residing at Grant Road.

The complainant who is a respectable woman living with her husband, went over on Friday to visit her husband's sister. On returning home in the evening she noticed that she was being followed by the accused. The latter endeavoured to draw her attention by whistling and walking up quite close behind her. The complainant resented his behaviour and warned him to desist, but the accused ignoring her threats, boldly approached her and placed his hand on her. The complainant shouted for help when several people came up and arrested the accused. The latter in court, admitted having followed her but denied that he placed his hand on her.

His Worship declined to believe the accused's story, for the complainant was a respectable married woman residing in a good locality and a total stranger to the accused.

Moreover the accused who was a notorious character could impute no reason as to why the complainant should bring a false charge against him. The accused was therefore sentenced to 18 months' rigorous imprisonment.

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ORIGINAL SIDE.

ATTORNEY'S ALLEGED NEGLIGENCE.

COAL MERCHANT'S CLAIM FOR DAMAGES DISALLOWED.

(Before Mr. Justice McLeod.)

F. H. de Britto v. J. R. Patell.

In this suit, the plaintiff, who describes himself as a retired officer of the High Court and at present carrying on business as a coal merchant in Bombay, claims from the defendant Rs. 10,000 as damages under the following circumstances.

The plaintiff states that he had instructed the defendant's firm of Patell and Ezekiel to file and conduct a suit against the Bengal Coal Company in respect of breach of certain contracts. The said suit and the appeal on it were dismissed. The plaintiff alleges that they were dismissed by the High Court owing to the gross negligence and neglect of duty of the defendant's firm in not putting and proving at the proper time certain important document on which the whole suit depended. For that negligence plaintiff has already filed another suit for damages against the firm.

In the suit and appeal which were decided against the plaintiff, certain costs became payable by the plaintiff to Messrs. Craigie, Blunt and Caroe, the attorneys for the Bengal Coal Company. Aware as the defendant was, so says the plaintiff, that the said suit and appeal were lost owing to the negligence of his firm, he offered to pay the costs of Messrs. Craigie and Co., and also agreed not to charge anything for the costs due to his own firm, though the plaintiff promised to pay something to the latter. The arrangement was that the defendant should pay the costs due to Messrs. Craigie and Co., and the plaintiff would repay the amount by instalments of Rs. 100 to Rs. 200 per month. Till repayment, the defendant was to have a charge on certain immoveable properties of the plaintiff. In pursuance of the said arrangement, two instalments of Rs. 200 each were paid by the plaintiff to the defendant.

WARRANT FOR PLAINTIFF'S ARREST.

The plaintiff alleges that, notwithstanding the aforesaid arrangement, defendant did not pay the amount due to Messrs. Craigie and Co., who took out a warrant of arrest against the plaintiff, and the Sheriff's bailiff attended the plaintiff's office to arrest him. The warrant was, however, withdrawn on plaintiff paying up the amount The plaintiff says that, owing to the defendant's breach of agreement, the plaintiff was subjected to indignity and mental anguish of an attempt being made to arrest him in his own office by the bailiff and, in consequence, has suffered much in mind and reputation, claims to be entitled, therefore, to damages which he assesses at Rs. 10,000.

The defendant denies that the suit and the appeal referred to in the plaint were dismissed on account of any negligence or neglect of duty by his firm. Nor is it true that the defendant's firm did not put in and prove the letter alleged to have been written and sent by the plaintiff to Mr. Clark, the manager in Bombay of Messrs. Andrew Yule and Co., the agents of the Bengal Coal Co. Besides, the said letter was not so important that on it the whole suit depended. The letter was first brought to the knowledge of the defendant's firm shortly before the plaintiff's affidavit of documents in the said suit.

OFFER TO PAY COSTS DENIED.

The statements made as to the offer to pay costs are absolutely false. No such offer could have been made, as the suit was filed against the advice of this defendant and his partner as well as that of Mr. Raikes. The true facts are that the plaintiff requested this defendant to file the suit, promising to pay Rs. 100 to Rs. 200 per month out of his pension and the rents of his properties at Versova, as he had no cash in hand on account of all his monies being invested in land. Out of friendly feelings for the plaintiff he (the defendant) agreed to that course.

The defendant's firm at plaintiff's request also agreed to deposit Rs. 800 as security for the costs of the appeal as required by the High Court Rules. But, as they had already spent a large sum for out-of-pocket expenses in the suit, they required a substantial security, and on 8th July, 1912, the plaintiff deposited with the defendant's firm the title-deeds of a portion of the Versova property. In January 1913, the plaintiff not having money to pay the bill of Messrs. Craigie and Co., when rated requested the defendant to pay the same or get somebody to do so, promising to refund it by instalments. The defendant consented on the understanding that on such payment the plaintiff should execute a legal mortgage of the Versova property. In the meantime, the appeal was dismissed and the costs of the appeal also became payable to Messrs. Craigie and Co., and, as the plaintiff was desirous of including the charge for the costs of the appeal in the intended mortgage, he instructed the defendant's firm to write to Messrs. Craigie and Co., to send their appeal bill to the defendant's firm for taxation, so that both the bills might be paid off together. There was no reply from Messrs. Craigie and Co., to that letter, and at the end of February 1913, plaitniff informed this defendant that he had heard that Messrs. Craigie and Co., had, without the usual notice, taken out a warrant of arrest against the plaintiff.

On 3rd March, plaintiff earnestly requested the defendant to send to Messrs. Craigie and Co., Rs. 1,801-14-0 their taxed costs of the suit, promising to execute the legal mortgage as arranged.

On that day, the defendant had actually drawn a cheque for that amount to send to Craigie and Co., when he received a letter from the plaintiff proposing what he considered a most inequitable arrangement for the payment of the defandant's firm's bill, namely, that they should receive only Rs. 500 for their profit costs. The defendant having refused, the plaintiff went away saying that he would himself pay off Messrs. Craigie and Co.'s bill.

DEFENDANT'S CASE.

The defendant submits that having regard to the admission that the plaintiff was never arrested, the plaintiff has no cause of action against the defendant. He says that the suit has been filed against him in order to put pressure on him to forego the costs to which his firm are legally entitled.

Mr. Binning and Mr. Jardine appeared for the plaintiff:

Mr. Inverarity, the Advocate-General and Mr. Davar appeared for the defendant.

The second suit, referred to by the plaintiff in his plaint, was filed against the defendant and his partner, who are practising as attorneys under the name of Patell and Ezekiel, to recover damages from them for their alleged negligence in not putting in and proving a certain letter in putting in suit against the Bengal Coal Co., owing to which omission the plaintiff's suit was dismissed.

This second suit was withdrawn by counsel for the plaintiff and it was accordingly dismissed with costs.

After evidence for the plaintiff was taken, Mr. Inverarity opened the case for the defendant; but his Lordship did not think it necessary to call upon him to produce his evidence, and delivered judgment at once. In the course of the judgment, after reciting the principal facts, his Lordship said that the plaint as originally drawn was inaccurate regarding the alleged arrest. In subsequent correspondence, that story had been varied.

AN INVENTION.

Believing there was some mistake, he had allowed the plaint to be amended. From the plaintiff's evidence he felt satisfied that the whole story of Mr. Barney coming to arrest the plaintiff and the plaintiff thereupon absconding on the 26th February was an invention. The warrant of arrest had only been lodged in the Sheriff's office and nothing further had been done. The story of the plaintiff having seen Barney on that day was sought to be corroborated by the evidence of two witnesses, but his Lordship was satisfied that it was not true. Even if Barney had really appeared on the staircase, as the plaintiff alleged, the plaintiff would not have been entitled to claim damages. Even assuming that defendant had committed a breach of contract, the plaintiff had suffered no damage. But plaintiff's evidence had broken down in material particulars and the letters showed that Patell was prepared to pay Messrs. Craigie, Blunt and Caroe's costs, but was prevented from so doing by the plaintiff's letter of the 3rd March 1913.

His Lordship, therefore, dismissed the suit with costs.

Solicitors for the plaintiff: D. J. Mantri.

Solicitors for the defendant: Patell and Ezekiel.

THE CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR MONDAY, THE 15TH OF DECEMBER, 1913.

Before the Hon'ble Sir Dinsha D. Davar.
In the Division Court No. 40.

Suits for hearing and final Disposal.

Long Cause.

223-06—Payne and Co., The Advocate Genl. of Bombay v. Moosa Haji Hassam and ors., Bhaishanker K. and G., Part Heard; Matubhai J. and M.

Commercial Cause.

1039-13—Payne and Co., Fahd Khalid and Bros. a firm v. Lalbhai Kallianbhai and Co. a firm, Edgelow G. W. and Co.

Long Causes.

621-13—Jamsetji R & D Ramkissondas v. Shyanlal Mohanlal Madhowvi K & C.

336-13—Mulla & M Minocher Merwanji Pavri & anr. Pestonji Dhunjibhoy & Co. a firm & ors. Wadia G & Co.

79-13—Judah & S (for a pauper) Manaji Jaganith Bhat kar v. Laxman Bhatkar & ors. Purmanand & Co. (for a pauper.)

1180-12—Jamsetji R. & D. Rughunath Premaji Co a firm v. Shivnarayen Parbhulal Edgelow G W & Co.

783-12—Judah and S Balaji Dhondiba Dhore and anr. v. Pandooji Rowji Dhore and ors Jamsetji R and D.

51-13—Mulla and M Messrs Khimji Meghji a firm v. Jamnabai widow and anr. Dastur and Co.

509-11—Ardashir H D & Co. Esmail Molla and anr v. Haji Abdul Latiff Mahomed Habib Sufteney & ors. Pestonji R K & Co Little & Co Payne & Co.

230-13—Khunderao L & M Babulal Bhagwandas v. Alli Mahomed Gulam Husein Maneckial & T.

259-13—Dikshit and P Shejmal Maguaji v. Janardan Balkrishna Bhatodekar and anr Sabnis and G.

300-13—Dastur and Co Hathibhai Cullanji v. Versoy Poonja and anr. Madhowji K & C Motichand and D.

332-13—C P D Cunha Krishna Ramji and ors v. Essaji Moosaji Jehangir and S.

342-13—Nadirshaw and D Ahmedbhoy Habibhoy v. Rahim Jusub Shroff D & D.

982-13—Payne & Co. Damodhar Ramchandra v. Bai Nanibai Jhangir & Co.

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Beaman.
In the Division Court No. 53.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

1319-12—Edgelow G. W. and Co., Jiwabhai Wadilal and ors. v. The New Piece Goods Bazar Co., Ltd., Payne and Co., Part Heard.

43-13—Edgelow G. W. & Co. Jiwabhai Wadilal & ors. v. The New Piece Goods Bazar Co. Ltd. Payne & Co.

355-11—Payne & Co. The Advocate Genl. of Bombay v. Mirza Mahomed Shirazi Shroff D. & D.

O. S. 312-13—Motichand & D. Nemchand Nathabai v. Dayabhai Manchharam & ors. Ardeshir H. D. & Co. Patell & Ez.

441-09—Little & Co. Mathuradas Gokuldas v. Tehelram Girdharidas & anr. Jamsetji R. & D.

486-13—Wadia G. and Co., Purkha Dolla and Co., a firm v Gulam Hussein Abdulally and ors. Patel and Ez.

498-13—Dikshit and P. Maganlal Ranchhod and ors. v Maneckial Ghellabhai Maneklal and Ty.

390-13—Little and Co., Messrs. Weld and Co., a firm v Girdharilal Narayandas Tyabjee and Co.

1223-12—D. J. Mantri Moreshwar Narayen and ors. v Gajanan Narayen and ors. D. J. Mantri.

281-13—Mulla & Mulla Keshowji Deukaran v. Manaji Cooverji Raje Sherka Chitnis M. & K.

394-13—Vachha & Co. Bala Hari v. Moozmooder Damodhar Raghoba Hiralal & Co.

102-13—Mahr. H. M. & R. Tribhowandas Narotamdas v. Abdulally Hakimji Paghdivala & anr. Surajmal & Co.

307-13—Mahr. H. M. & R. Hanmanbux Fulchand v. Asharam Payne & Co.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod.
In the Division Court No. 43.

To speak to the Minutes of Order.

112-04—M. B. Chothia, Framroze Jambhadaga v. Ranchoredas Tribhowandas, Khanderao L. and M.

Suits for hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

403-13—Captain and V., Lukhamsey Hirji Mersheri v. The All India United Insurance Co., Ld., Payne and Co., Part Heard.

542-11—Payne and Co., Rustomji Dhanjibhai Sethna v. Rabiabai widow and ors., Forbes and Co., Payne and Co., Part Heard, 15-7-13.

For Hearing on exceptions to Acting Assistant Comr.'s Report.

360-11—Jehangir M. and S., Chimabai widow v. Dhulla Kuppa and ors., Mehta and D., Jam. R. and D., Ragh. N. and Co.

Long Causes.

419-13—Forbes & Co Sebastian Domingos v Quinny Pedro Domingos Quinny Southam B & Co.

346-13—Little & Co Messrs Weld & Co a firm v Kashiram Raochordas Tyabji D & Co.

425-13—Unwella P & P Jehangir Cursetji Bhapse v Gopaldas Navnitdas Harilal & Co.

316-13—Dubash & Co. Cursetji Dossabhoy Commissariatwalla v. Burjorji Framji Commissariatwalla & ors. Motichand & D Man J H & Co.

255-13—Soonderdas & Co. Thackersey Gopal v. Hardevdas Mohanlal Mehta & Dal.

41-13—Amin & Desai Chamniram Dalaji & Co. a firm v. Kunjbihari Govindrao Joshi Khand L. & M.

339-13—Crawford B. & Co. Mahomedalli Gulam Husein Miya Jan & ors. v. Rahimtulla Khalakdina & ors. Crawford B. & Co. Payne & Co.

345-13—Man. J. H. &Co. Bai Navajbai widow v. Beramji Cooverji Darukhanawalla M. B. Chothia.

362-13—Dubash & Co. Sarabai widow v. Ali Mahomed Allarakhia Vacha & Co.

371-13—Edgelow G. W. & Co. Hirachand Vanichand & anr. v. Damji Hirji & Co. a & ors. Ardeshir M. D. & Co. Maneckial & T.

O. S. 15-7-12—Judah and S., Jehangir G. and B., Sinhabai widow and ors. v. Solomon David Pezarkar. Sh. M and H., Patell and Ez., Jeh. G. and B.

BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

COMMISSION FOR BANK FAILURES SUGGESTED.

A meeting of the Bombay Legislative Council will be held in the council hall tomorrow, when the following business among other things will be transacted:—

(1) A Bill to consolidate and amend the Law relating to the formal recognition of Heirs and the appointment of Administrators of property by the Courts in the Bombay Presidency (Second Reading).

(2) A Bill further to amend the Karachi Port Trust Act, 1886, (First Reading).

(3) A Bill further to amend the Bombay Irrigation Act, 1879, (First Reading).

(4) A Bill further to amend the City of Bombay Improvement Act, 1898 (First Reading)—and a notice of motion by the Hon. Sir Pherozeshah M. Mehta:—"That the First Reading of the Bill further to amend the City of Bombay Improvement Act, 1898, for the purpose of strengthening the financial position of the Trust by a Surtax on transfers of property, be, in accordance with the request of the Municipal Corporation of Bombay, postponed until their representation in regard to the Bill has been received."

(5) A Bill to provide for the making and execution of Town Planning schemes—(First Reading) and a notice of motion by the Hon. Mr. V. J. Patell: "That the First Reading of a Bill to provide for the making and execution of town planning schemes be adjourned to the next Summer Sessions of this Council."

MATTERS OF GENERAL PUBLIC INTEREST.

Resolution by the Honourable Mr. Vithalbhai Jhaverbhai Patel.—"That this Council recommends to His Excellency the Governor in Council that, except under special and extraordinary circumstances, no important legislative measure be introduced in the Council, unless the same is announced in the Government Gazette three months prior to its introduction."

Resolution by the Honourable Mr. Shridhar Balkrishna Upasani:—"That this Council recommends that the Modi Script be retained for all Office correspondence and records."

Resolution by the Honourable Mr. Kashinath Ramchandra Godbole:—"This Council recommends that in the interests of the very large number of poor pilgrims that visit Pandharpur fairs, His Excellency the Governor in Council will be pleased to request the Government of India to retain a passenger station on the left bank of the Bhima River, after the construction of the Pandharpur Bridge by the Barsi Light Railway Company with its Pontage concession, so that the poor pilgrim can get down at this passenger station and make his own arrangements for crossing the River, thus saving about annas 9 or thereabouts in his Railway fare expenditure each time."

Resolution by the Honourable Mr. Jehangir H. Kothari:—"That His Excellency the Governor in Council may be recommended to take early steps to inquire into the necessity for a paid Municipal Commissioner for the City of Karachi."

Resolution by the Honourable Maulvie Rafiuddin Ahmad:—"That this Council recommends that in future all elections for returning members to the District Municipalities and Local Boards should be conducted by ballot."

Resolution by the Honourable Mr. Vithalbhai Jhaverbhai Patel:—"That this Council recommends to His Excellency the Governor in Council that a Commission of Official and non-official gentlemen be appointed to enquire into, and report on the causes of the recent failure of Banks and the acute financial crisis consequent on such failure, and to advise the Government as to the measures and steps necessary under the circumstances."

SPECIE BANK RECONSTRUCTION.

MR. PATWARI'S APPLICATION FOR REPORT ALLOWED.

LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS NOT GRANTED.

At the Bombay High Court on Saturday before Mr. Justice Davar (in Chambers) Mr. Jinnah, instructed by Messrs. Hiralal and Co., presented a petition on behalf of Ranchodas Vandravandas Patwari, in the matter of the Indian Specie Bank in liquidation.

Mr. Jinnah submitted that the petitioner was the Dewan of the Gondal State. He held some 40 shares of the Indian Specie Bank; besides he was a creditor of the Bank to the extent of Rs. 1,50,000. Mr. R. D. Sethna who had been appointed provisional liquidator of the Bank on 29th November had ceased to be liquidator and Mr. Sanders Slater had since then been appointed the official liquidator in his (Mr. Sethna's) place. Taking into consideration the wishes of a number of shareholders and creditors, His Highness the Thakore Saheb of Morvi, one of the largest shareholders and creditors of the Bank instructed his attorneys, Messrs. Wadia and Gandhy, to convene a public meeting of the general body of shareholders and creditors. Notices were given in the local newspapers and a meeting was held in the evening on the 11th instant. At this meeting where Mr. Patwari presided a number of resolutions were passed and carried. It was resolved at this meeting to form a committee with the object of safeguarding the interests of the shareholders and creditors. The committee was formed and it had authorised Mr Patwari to apply to the liquidator for a copy of his report regarding the assets and liabilities of the Bank, with a view to consider whether it was feasible to reconstruct the Indian Specie Bank. The petitioner therefore prayed that the Official Liquidator be directed to supply him with a copy of the auditor's report which was being prepared; also that he may be supplied a list of all the shareholders and creditors in order to enable the committee to communicate with them and ascertain their wishes regarding this matter.

As the hearing of the several petitions *re* the winding up of the Specie Bank was fixed on the 19th instant, Mr. Jinnah submitted that the official liquidators may be ordered to allow the petitioner to have immediate inspection of the register of shareholders, and to have their addresses in order that he may be able to place the shareholders' views before His Lordship on the 19th instant.

His Lordship observed that Mr. Jinnah's request to be furnished with a list of all the shareholders and creditors of the Bank, would throw a herculean task on the Liquidator; and it would take up several months in order to get it prepared. The Bank had in all 19 branches including one in England and there were 18 huge volumes containing the names of the shareholders. A large number of shares had besides remained untransferred in the scramble to secure shares of the Specie Bank. His Lordship, therefore, directed Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, Solicitors for the Liquidator, to supply Messrs. Hiralal and Co. (the attorneys for the petitioner) with a copy of the Provisional Liquidator's report by 17th December The request for a list of shareholders and creditors of the Bank was not granted by his Lordship. His Lordship made no order as to costs of this application.

Solicitors for petitioners:—Hiralal & Co.

TAZIAS FINALLY DEPOSITED.

EARLY RETURN OF NORMAL CONDITION EXPECTED.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 12.

The "Pioneer's" Agra correspondent wires:—The "Tazia" processions were carried out with all due ceremony. Owing to the firm stand taken by the local authorities, everything passed off most satisfactorily. The troops, the police and various civil officials have been constantly on duty for eight hours and there can be no possible doubt that all concerned are thankful that the "Tazias" have been finally deposited in the Kerballa. There have been no serious casualties. A debt of gratitude is due to Mr. Hose, Commissioner, for his wise decision in insisting on the removal of the "Tazias" at the hour fixed.

It was a fortunate coincidence that the Inspector-General of Police and also Mr. Bramley, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, in charge of the first range and a large collection of police officers of the United Provinces and the Central Provinces happened to be present at the Conference and were available to support Mr. Fergusson the District Magistrate, and his staff in the task they were faced with.

The Seaforths under their Colonel and officers and a detachment of gunners assisted the local authorities in keeping order.

Hindu shopkeepers persisted in their obstinate attitude of keeping their shops closed, in spite of the guarantee given to them by the authorities.

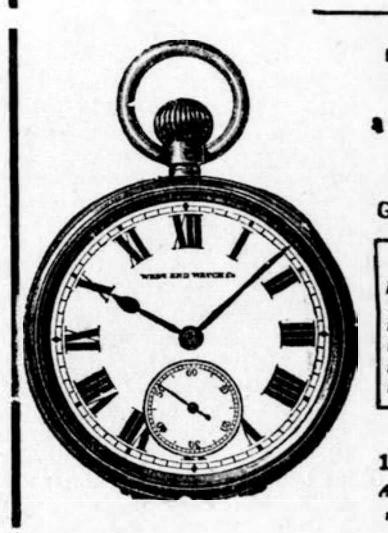
The situation is improving, the authorities consider it necessary to retain military and police pickets in the city owing to the Piala Mela. It is, however, confidently expected that normal conditions will be restored to-mororw.

POONA'S PROTEST.

(Associated Press.)

POONA, Dec. 12.

Sirdar Nowroji Dudumji, President of the Poona public meeting, has been informed, that the substance of his telegram of the 24th November, regarding the South African crisis has been communicated to His Majesty's Secretary of State after being laid before the Viceroy.



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FASHIONS OF TO-DAY.

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Nov. 28.

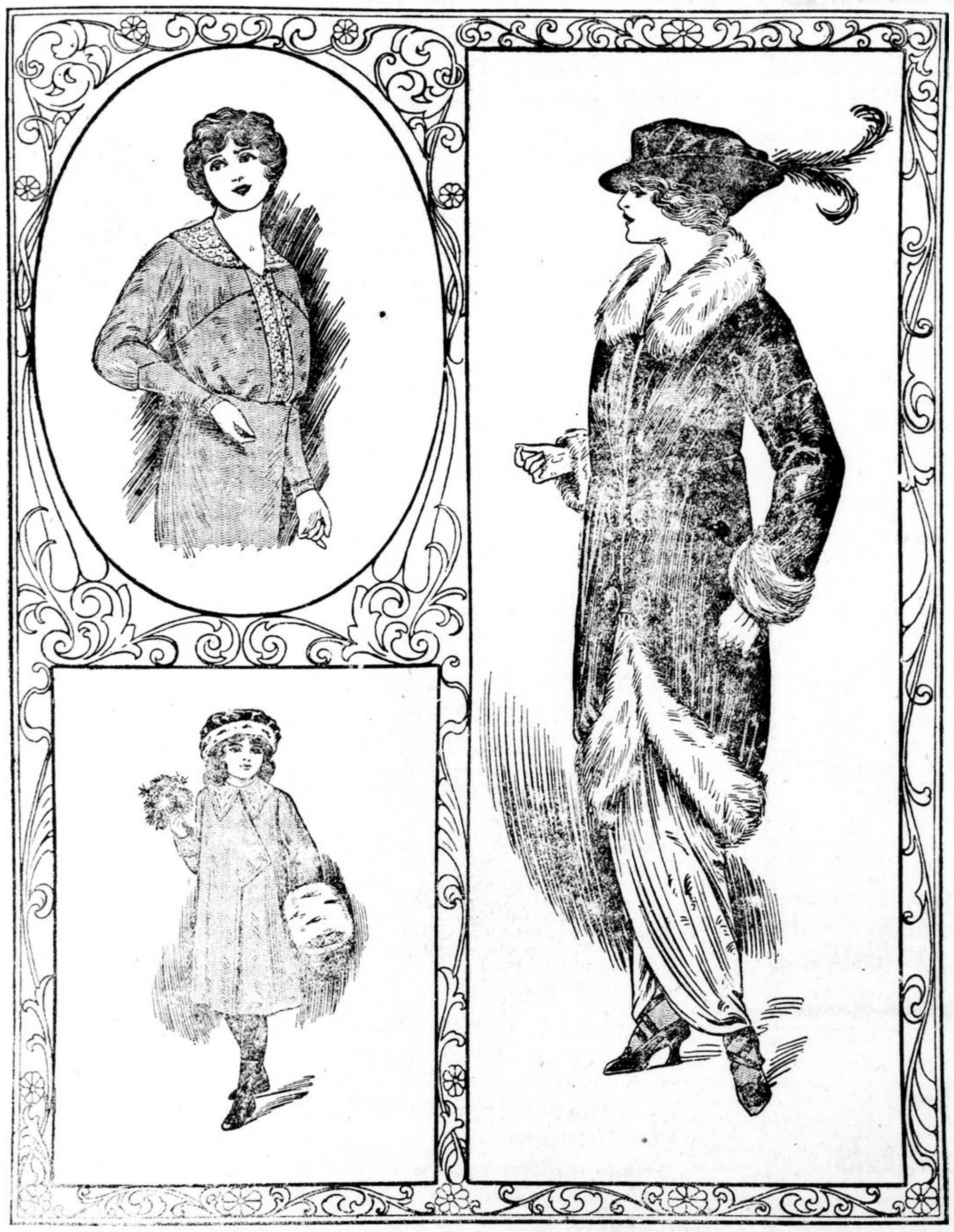
There is a great fancy at the present time for soft brocades and moires, and these beautiful materials are used freely for both day and evening gowns. They are particularly well adapted for realising the new fashion for "rest" gowns, which, though more elaborate and close-fitting than the ordinary tea-gown, are yet, as the name denotes, suitable for wear when lounging pleasantly in an easy-chair by the fireside with a cup of tea. In tailor-mades the basqued suit is getting its own way more and more, and, on the whole, this is a welcome tendency, though at times the basque is made decidedly too full for grace. And, of course, with the supremacy of the basqued coat has come the revival of the waistcoat, which has not been seen for many a long day. Some of the most effective of these are made of very rich mediæval brocade, and terminate under a wide ceinture of some harmonising silk, so that the grace of the sash is happily combined with the piquancy of the waistcoat.

A CHARMING BLOUSE.

The blouse should, as far as possible, tone closely with the colour of the skirt, and the pretty design given in our illustration is intended to be worn with a skirt of soft grey satin. The blouse itself is composed of a happy combination of grey satin and grey ninon. The lower part of the corsage and the deep, close-fitting cuffs are, of course, of satin, while the upper part with the slightly full sleeves is formed of ninon of the same shade. The buttons which appear on the front of the bodice and on the cuffs are tiny round ones covered with back velvet, while white lace is used for the collar, cuffs, and vest. A smart effect could be produced if a blouse were desired to wear with a black satin skirt by making the lower part of the corsage and the cuffs of black satin to match, while the black ninon of the upper part could be mounted on a foundation of white silk.

A CHILD'S PALETOT.

In the winter there is no more becoming wrap for outdoor wear for little girls than the paletot. As it completely hides the whole of the frock, there is no need to trouble about harmonising the colour of the coat in any special way with that of the skirt; and if the hat or cap is made to match the paletot a very smart and becoming effect is at once attained. The very pretty little coat shown in our illustration is composed of satin-faced cloth in a rather bright shade of green, and is fastened with green satin buttons and loops. The collar and cuffs are of cream lace, and give a touch of lightness to the coat. The smart little toque is of green velvet, with a border of ermine, which is also used for the muff. Green is a very becoming colour, as a rule, for fair-haired children; but such a coat and cap could be carried out equally well in almost any tint, according to taste.



A STYLISH WINTER WRAP.

Black velvet is being very largely used for stylish afternoon wraps, and has the great advantage of combining well with almost any gown. This is an important matter, as Fashion has issued an imperative decree that three-quarter-length coats are to be worn. So we have thought that many of our readers would welcome such a charming design for one of these new three-quarter-length black velvet coats as is given in our illustration. The shape will be found at once stylish and becoming. Yellow fox is the fur employed for trimming—it is all the rage just now; but skunk could be used instead by those who prefer dark-tinted furs. There are two long revers from the collar to the waist, and the large fastenings are of black velvet with satin loops. The hat is also of black velvet with a feather fantaissie at one side, which could be either black or white, or some vivid colour such as bright crimson or orange.

THE MOON'S RAYS.

◆

THEIR TENDENCY TO DECOMPOSE FOOD SUBSTANCES.

A leading medical journal points out that the scientific observations that the rays from the moon favour decay seriously detract from the romance which has long been associated with moonlight. It is an old tradition that to sleep in the moon's rays was a dangerous proceeding, and there is such a thing as "moonblink," a temporary blindness, said to be due to sleeping in the moonlight of tropical climates, while some observers have reported a devitalising action of the moon's radiations on vegetable life. There is even quoted a death, the cause of which was officially stated to be exposure to moonlight. Apparently the food most seriously affected by moonbeams is fish and trustworthy statements have been made as to the ill-effects produced in persons who had partaken of fish which had been freely exposed to moonlight. A distinguished chemist in South Africa formed the theory that these phenomena may be explained by the well-known fact that the light of the moon, being reflected light, is more or less polarised and the polarised light may create a peculiar chemical action, Experiments were made in which the light from a powerful metallic filament lamp was polarised by means of a pile of sheets of plate glass backed with silver and placed at the correct angle. The experiments showed that when two slices cut from the same fish were hung, one in the direct light and the other in the polarised beam, the latter invariably began to decompose before the former, though the temperature of the polarised beam was several degrees lower than the direct light. Other perishable food substances also showed a tendency to decompose when they were bombarded with polarised light. The question is worth further investigation, as there are so many influences ascribed to moonlight that it would be obvious interest to have some scientific evidence tracing a definite action to the rays. It would be curious to find that such terms of obloquy as "moonstruck" "mooney" and "moon-shine" are after all not entirely fanciful.

THE LATEST DREADNOUGHT.

◆

The thirty-second British Dreadnought—and the world's ninety-sixth vessel of this type to go afloat—was launched on Nov. 26, at Devonport Dockyard by Mrs. Austen Chamberlain, by whom the ship will be named Warspite.

The Warspite, which has a displacement of 27,500 tons, is a sister ship to the Queen Elizabeth, launched last month at Portsmouth, and to the Barham, Valiant, and Malaya, under construction respectively at Fairfield, Clydebank, and Elswick. These ships are the world's first armoured vessels to be exclusively oil-fired—they will carry 4,000 tons of liquid fuel in their tanks and double bottoms—and they are also the first to be armed with 15-inch guns. Of the latter there will be eight, mounted in four turrets on the centre-line, and as each projectile weighs 1950lb. the aggregate broadside will amount to 15,600lb. Her speed will be 25 knots, and her total cost will amount to £2,350,000.

COMMISSIONER SMITH!

◆

The career of "Commissioner Smith of the Boy Scouts," was cut short on Nov. 26th, says the "Daily News."

The "Commissioner," attired in Scout dress, with the ribbons of the Victoria Cross and various war medals on his breast, succeeded in imposing on the Scouts at various towns, but on Nov. 26th, he flew at higher game.

The self-styled Commissioner proceeded to the Dover Coastguard station and requested that a signal should be made to the commander of the cruiser Jason saying that "Commissioner Smith" wished to come aboard.

The signal was made, but the warship officers were dubious about their proposed visitor, and as a result of questioning the man was given in charge.

The police found by telephonic inquiries that "Commissioner Smith" was unknown to the Scout authorities.

Eventually he was released.

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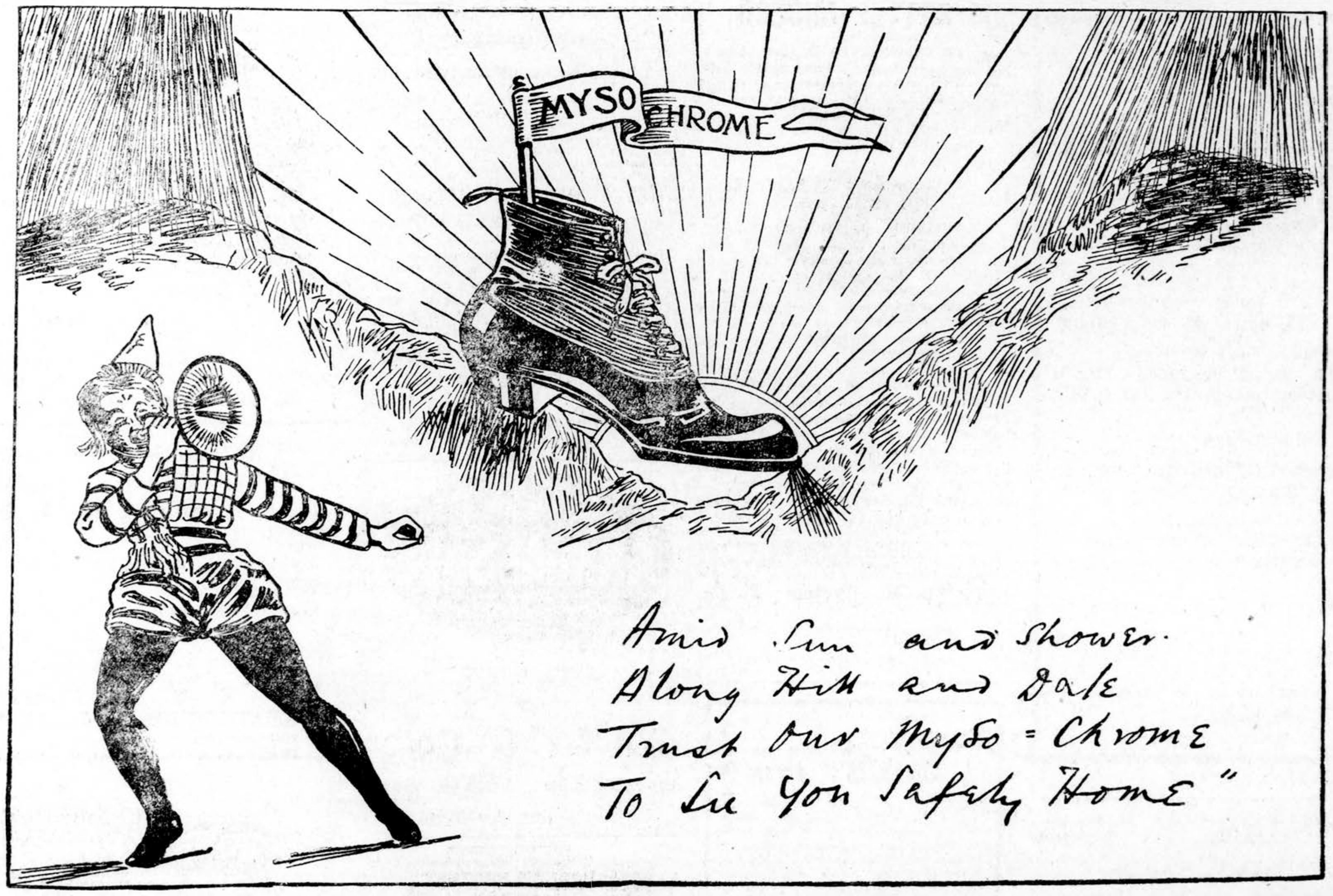

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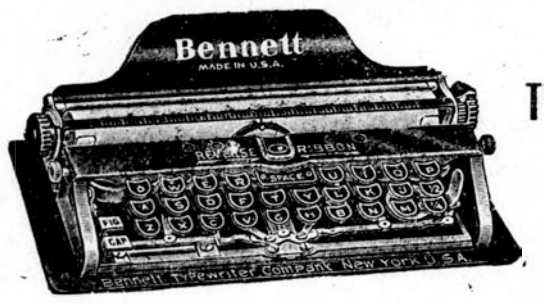

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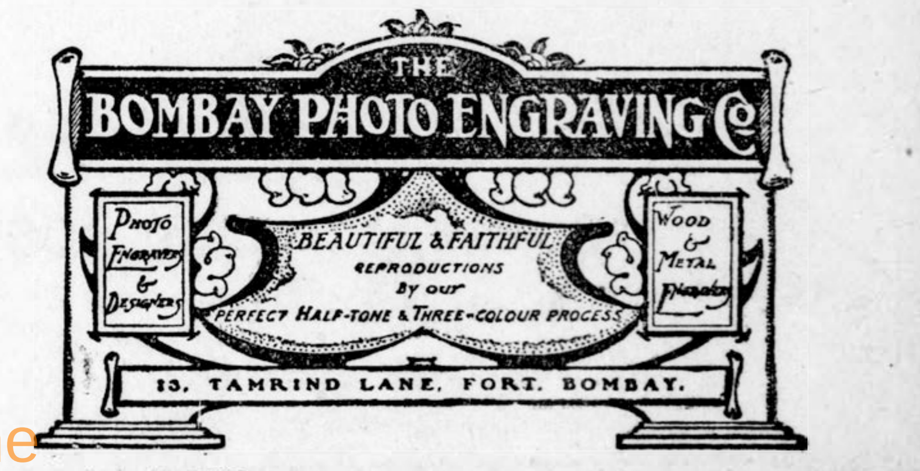

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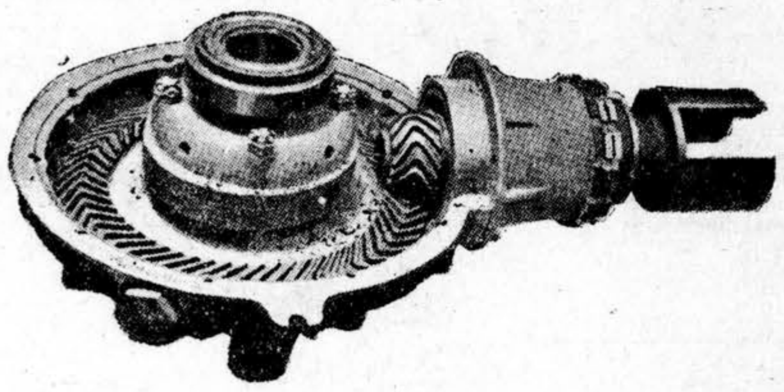

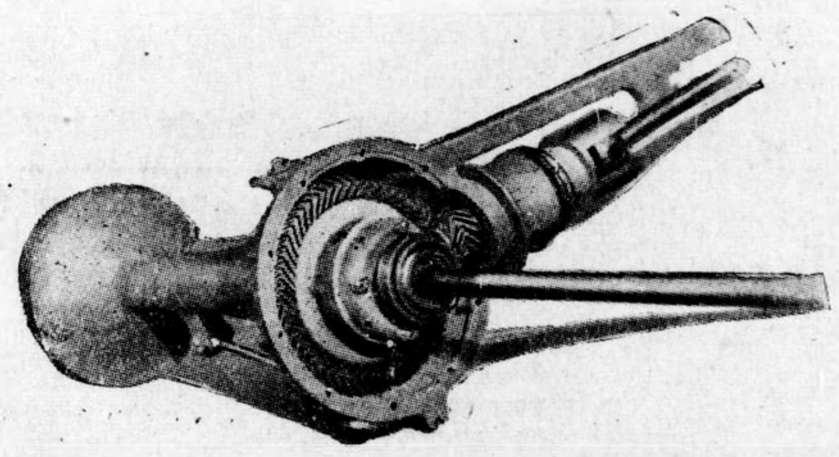

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